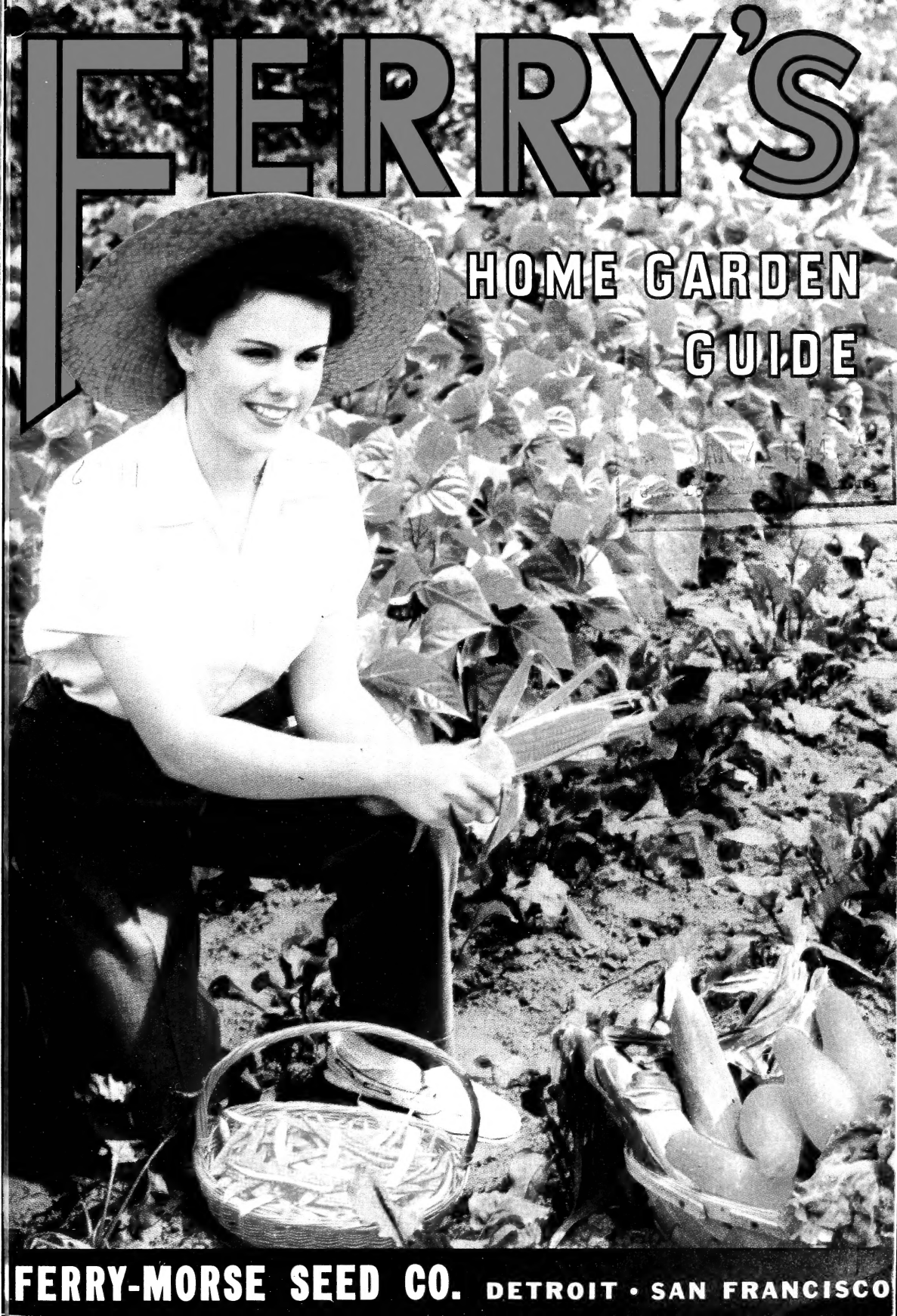


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Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.





# FERRY'S

## HOME GARDEN GUIDE

FERRY-MORSE SEED CO. DETROIT • SAN FRANCISCO



## The Ferry Gardener Says:

|| **There is no bother and no delay  
When you buy your seeds from the  
FERRY DISPLAY** ||

Ferry's Victory Garden Plan will supply a family of four or five with fresh vegetables all summer with some left over for canning and storing.

How about a border of Lilliput Zinnias, Dwarf Marigolds, or Petunias around the Victory Garden?

Start spraying the plants in the garden before the insects get a start. It's too late after the damage is done.

Plant all vine seeds in warm soil; they may rot if the soil is cold.

Be sure to thin plants to the distances given on Ferry's seed packets; both flowers and vegetables need lots of room to grow.

Mix fine soil or sand with small seeds before sowing; it saves thinning.

If weeds come up in your newly planted lawn, don't blame the grass seed; most soils contain hundreds of weed seeds waiting for a chance to grow.

Use a sharp knife or shears when you cut flowers; twisting or pulling them off may harm the plant.

Make meals more tasty and appetizing with home-grown herb seasonings.

Be sure to plant succession crops of your favorite sweet corn; then you'll enjoy corn-on-the-cob for a long season.

Many enthusiastic letters from satisfied home gardeners who have grown our new type of Sweet Pea, called "Spring Flowering," prove that this is the Sweet Pea to plant for outdoor summer bloom throughout Eastern United States. *Due to its vigorous growth it is more nearly heat resistant than any other Sweet Pea on the market!* The name "Spring Flowering" was given because the blossoms mature for greenhouse growers midway between the so-called Early or "Winter" Flowering and the Late or "Summer Flowering." You'll find exquisite colors in your dealer's Ferry display.

**BOOKLET CUPBOARD**—The following folders have been prepared for home gardeners and will be sent free upon request:

Getting the Most from Your Vegetable Garden  
Flower Gardens—Old Fashioned and New  
How Do Your Onions Grow?  
Grow Lettuce Successfully  
You, Too, Can Grow Fine Tomatoes  
Rock Garden Plants from Seed  
Grow Perennials from Seed  
Let's Have a Beautiful Lawn

If It's a Matter of Taste (A list of choice vegetable varieties selected for home gardens)  
Old-time Herbs for Modern Gardens  
Quick-growing Vines for Beauty and Use  
Ferry-Morse Sweet Peas—and How to Grow Them  
How to Store Vegetables for Winter

**FLOWER GARDEN RECIPES** (14 Groupings of Annuals for Borders)  
**FERRY'S VICTORY GARDEN PLAN**

Your dealer will be glad to get special flower or vegetable seed items for you.

We give no warranty, express or implied, as to the productiveness of any seeds or bulbs we sell and will not be in any way responsible for the crop. Our liability in all instances is limited to the purchase price of the seeds or bulbs.

**FERRY-MORSE SEED CO.**  
Detroit, Michigan • San Francisco, California



# HINTS FOR YOUR VICTORY GARDEN



## VEGETABLES

In 1941, Ferry-Morse Seed Co. was already realizing that soon many more families than usual would be wanting home vegetable gardens and asking for help in planning them.

With this in mind, a model "Defense Garden," designed for almost any average size home grounds, was planted at Oakview, the firm's Seed Breeding Station near Detroit.

The plan for this model garden, 20 x 40 feet in size, is available in an attractive four-color folder, called "Ferry's Victory Garden Plan." The working sketch is drawn to scale, distances are given, time of planting is indicated, and kinds and varieties of vegetables suggested. Instructions, brief but straight-to-the-point, for every phase of vegetable gardening are included.

Any home gardener in need of concise, practical help for making a vegetable garden—War-time or Peace-time—will find "Ferry's Victory Garden Plan" an invaluable guide.

Ask Your Dealer for a Copy or Send Direct to  
**FERRY-MORSE SEED CO. • Detroit • San Francisco**

## FLOWERS

Red, White, and Blue for Backgrounds, Fences, Arbors  
**MORNING GLORY, LIBERTY MIXED**—A glorious red, white, and blue mixture of three very popular varieties—Heavenly Blue, Pearly Gates, and Crimson Rambler (See page 15)

Other Red-White-and-Blue Suggestions for Borders and Garden Beds

Zinnia, Cupid Tiny Tim (red)  
Alyssum, Little Gem (white)  
Ageratum, Dwarf Blue Bedder (blue)

Salvia, Bonfire (red)  
Petunia, White King (white)  
Lobelia, Celestial (blue)

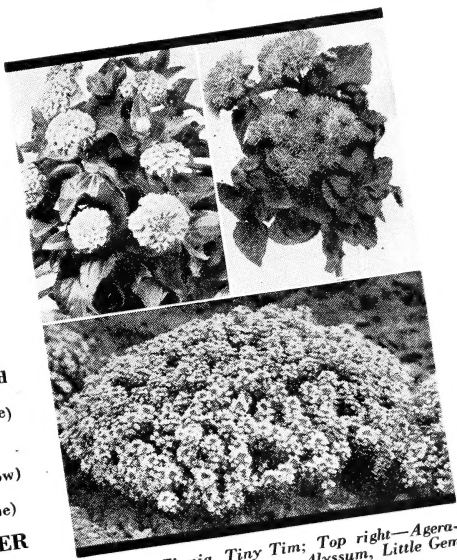
Petunia, King varieties—  
Crimson, White, Blue

Poppy, American Legion (red)  
Candytuft umbellata (white)  
Bachelor Button, Jubilee Gem (blue)

Nasturtium, Scarlet Gleam (red)  
Candytuft, Giant Hyacinth Flowered (white)  
Bachelor Button, Double Blue (blue)

Portulaca, Scarlet (red)  
Alyssum procumbens (Carpet of Snow) (white)  
Ageratum, Dwarf Blue Bedder (blue)

All are Available through **YOUR DEALER**



Top left—Zinnia, Tiny Tim; Top right—Ageratum, Blue Bedder; Bottom—Alyssum, Little Gem

## LOOK INSIDE FOR—

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## ON OTHER PAGES—

FERRY-MORSE Flower and Vegetable Seeds are listed alphabetically, all of them available through your Dealer.

# Garden Success Begins with Good Seed, Proper Planting, and Care

## ★ Preparing the Soil

A rich sandy loam is well adapted to gardening. Other kinds of soil are suitable, but stiff clays need plenty of fibrous material and must be thoroughly broken up. Sandy soils generally need additional fertilizing.

For general use, where well-rotted stable manure is not available, a commercial fertilizer containing 4 per cent nitrates, 12 per cent phosphate, and 4 to 6 per cent potash is usually best. Apply at the rate of about 4 pounds to the square rod ( $16\frac{1}{2}$  ft. x  $16\frac{1}{2}$  ft.).



*When the garden soil is slightly moist and crumbly in your hand, it is in good working condition.*

Work the soil deeply and make the top 3 or 4 inches as fine and loose as possible. Much weed killing can be done by hoeing or raking just before planting. Do not work clay soils when they are wet enough to stick to rake or hoe.

## ★ Planting

At time of planting seed in the open ground, the soil should be moist but never wet, when avoidable. To retain moisture after planting, cover seed immediately with fine, freshly prepared earth and press it down firmly and smoothly. This firming of the soil brings the particles of earth into close contact with seeds, prevents drying out, and facilitates growth.



*Plant from the Ferry packet by tapping gently with the forefinger; it helps distribute the seeds evenly in the row*

Plant at a time when the atmospheric and soil temperatures are most favorable for germination of the kind of seed to be sown. The best temperature for each kind may be learned from study of our cultural directions and zonal charts and by inquiring of successful gardeners in your neighborhood.

The proper depth for covering seed varies with the different kinds of seeds and conditions of soil. This can be learned best through practical experience.

When planting seed, the soil must be loose and soft so that the tender stems of seedlings can easily push through, and the young roots quickly find plant food. This is usually secured by careful preparation of the soil and by not planting fine seeds when the ground is wet.

## ★ Cultivating

Stirring the surface soil during the period of growth kills weeds, loosens the ground so as to encourage root development, allows air to enter, and helps to conserve moisture. Cultivation may be deep at first, but as the plants grow it should be more shallow to avoid injury to the roots.

## ★ Watering

When plants need artificial watering, the best hours of the day for it are early morning or evening. The roots, however, may be watered at any time. One good soaking is better than many light sprinklings.

## ★ Starting Plants Indoors

Seedling plants may be grown successfully in spring in shallow boxes of soil placed in south or east windows. The preparation of the seed box is simple but it needs care. Whether it is a cigar box or larger "flat," holes should be bored in the bottom—about six inches apart in larger boxes and about three inches apart in one of cigar box size. Over the bottom of the box spread pieces of broken flower pots or crockery, or small pebbles, then coarser soil, and last of all finely sifted garden soil.

Firm the soil and sow the seed thinly in rows. The general rule for depth of planting is about four times the diameter of the seed. Thin sowing is economy. The tiny plants crowd each other when planted too thickly.

Cover the seed box with a damp cloth or paper until germination starts and place a pane of glass

## ★ Transplanting

Proper methods in setting the young plants outdoors are just as important as good care while getting them started indoors.

1. It is a good plan to harden the young plants to outdoor conditions by setting the boxes outside in good weather for several days before transplanting.
2. Either choose a day that is cool and cloudy, or do the transplanting in the afternoon.
3. Water the plants well before disturbing them.
4. Avoid injury to the roots in taking up the plants, and if possible keep a ball of earth around them until they are set in the open.
5. Water the soil before and after setting the plants. If the soil is very dry, partly fill each hole with water before setting the plants.
6. Firm the soil around the roots of the plants so that they can take hold securely.
7. The plants will get a quicker and better start if they are shaded from the direct rays of the sun for a few days after transplanting.



*In indoor planting, sow the seeds thinly in rows*



*Thin the little plants if the stand is too thick*

over the top. Remove the paper or cloth as soon as the first sprouts break through the soil. Wipe off the glass when water collects on it from evaporation. This will prevent moisture from dripping on the little plants and perhaps causing "damping off."

During the day prop up one edge of the glass covering for ventilation.

Keep the seed box moist but not wet or waterlogged. The best way to water is from beneath by setting the seed box in a pan of water or in shallow water in a sink.

When seedlings are two or three inches high, they are ready to be transplanted, either to individual pots or out-of-doors.

## ★ Keeping the Garden Healthy

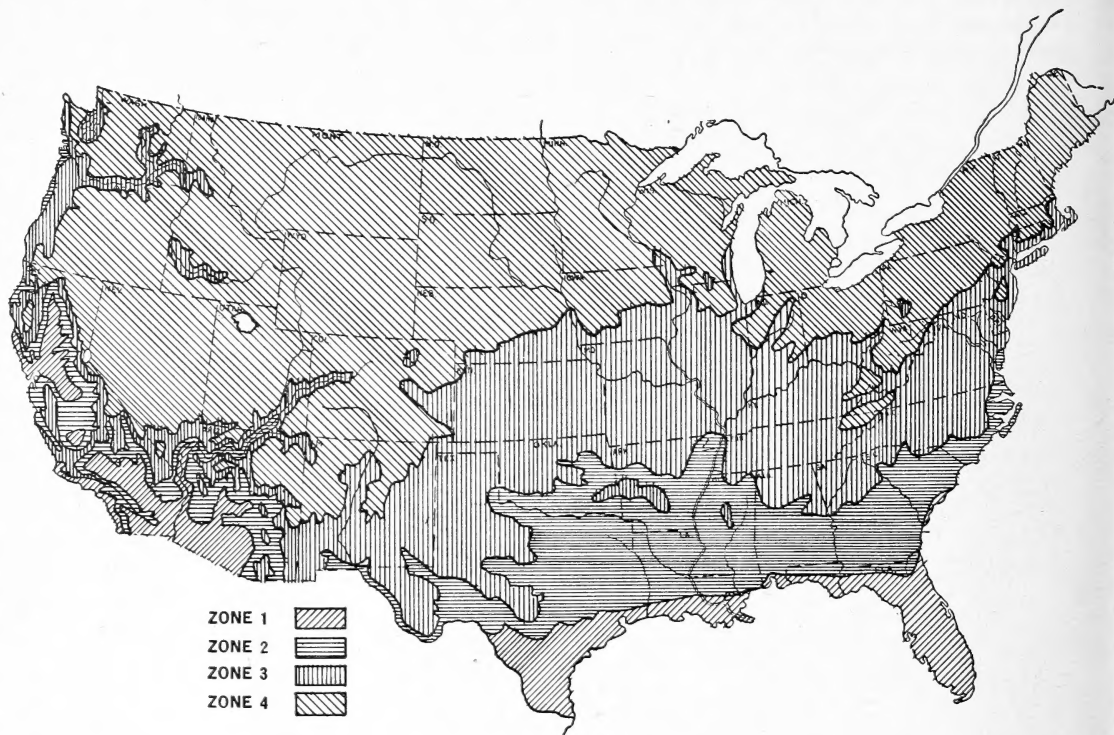
1. Spray and dust with reliable insecticides as soon as there is the least suspicion that insect pests may be at hand. Do not give them a chance to get a foothold. "An ounce of prevention . . ." is a safe maxim to follow.





2. In fall, remove and burn all rubbish in the garden. Many insect eggs may thus be destroyed that would otherwise be harbored over winter.

3. If you have had unsatisfactory results because of certain plant diseases, try some of the new strains of flowers and vegetables that are resistant to disease. You will find many disease resistant strains listed in this Guide.

# When to Plant Your Vegetables

Seasonal Zones Compiled from the U. S. Department of Agriculture Records,  
Based on the Average Date of the Last Killing Frost in Spring



ZONE 1   
ZONE 2   
ZONE 3   
ZONE 4 

To determine the approximate planting dates for your section of the country, first find on the map the zone in which you are located. Then, in the column under this zone number you will find the months in which the various vegetables and flowers may be planted in your section.

|                          | ZONE 1     | ZONE 2     | ZONE 3    | ZONE 4    |                     | ZONE 1     | ZONE 2     | ZONE 3     | ZONE 4    |
|--------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Artichoke.....           | Feb.-Mar.  | Mar.-May   |           |           | Kohl Rabi.....      | Mar.-June  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Asparagus.....           | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-May  | Apr.-June | Leek.....           | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-May  |
| Beans.....               | Apr.-Aug.  | Apr.-June  | May-June  | May-June  | Lettuce.....        | Jan.-Dec.  | Aug.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Beet.....                | Jan.-Dec.  | Feb.-Oct.  | Mar.-July | Apr.-July | Melon, Musk.....    | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Broccoli, Heading.....   | July-Oct.  | Feb.-Mar.  | Mar.-Apr. | Mar.-Apr. | Melon, Water.....   | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Broccoli, Sprout.....    | Feb.-June  | Feb.-June  | Mar.-July | Apr.-July | Mustard.....        | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | May-July  |
| Brussels Sprout.....     | Feb.-May   | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr. | Mar.-Apr. | Okra.....           | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Cabbage, Spring.....     | Jan.-Mar.  | Jan.-Apr.  | Mar.-May  | Mar.-May  | Onion.....          | Dec.-Mar.  | Dec.-Apr.  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June |
| Cabbage, Fall.....       | June-Aug.  | June-Aug.  | Apr.-June | Apr.-June | Parsley.....        | Jan.-Dec.  | Jan.-June  | Feb.-June  | Mar.-June |
| Cardoon.....             | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May   |           |           | Parsnip.....        | Mar.-June  | Feb.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Carrot.....              | Jan.-Dec.  | Jan.-Mar.  | Mar.-June | Apr.-June | Peas.....           | Jan.-May   | Jan.-Apr.  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June |
| Cauliflower, Spring..... | Feb.-Mar.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr. | Mar.-May  | Pepper.....         | Feb.-Mar.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May  |
| Cauliflower, Fall.....   | May-July   | June-Aug.  | May-June  | May-June  | Pumpkin.....        | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Celery.....              | Mar.-June  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June | Mar.-June | Radish.....         | Jan.-Dec.  | Feb.-Oct.  | Mar.-Aug.  | Apr.-July |
| Chervil.....             | Feb.-May   | Feb.-Mar.  | Mar.-June | Apr.-June | Rhubarb.....        | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Chives.....              | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May  | Apr.-June | Rhubarb Roots.....  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Chicory.....             | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | Mar.-June | Apr.-June | Rocket.....         | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Collards.....            | Jan.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June | Apr.-June | Rutabaga.....       | July-Sept. | July-Sept. | July-Aug.  | July-Aug. |
| Corn.....                | Apr.-June  | Mar.-June  | May-July  | May-July  | Salsify.....        | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Corn Salad.....          | Mar.-Aug.  | Mar.-Oct.  | Apr.-July | May-Aug.  | Sorrel.....         | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Cress.....               | Mar.-Aug.  | Mar.-July  | Apr.-June | May-Aug.  | Spinach.....        | Jan.-Dec.  | Feb.-Oct.  | Mar.-Sept. | Apr.-Aug. |
| Cucumber.....            | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June | May-June  | Squash.....         | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Dandelion.....           | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June | May-June  | Sunflower.....      | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Egg Plant.....           | Feb.-Mar.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  | Swiss Chard.....    | Jan.-Dec.  | Feb.-Sept. | Mar.-Aug.  | Apr.-July |
| Endive.....              | July-Sept. | Aug.-Sept. | Mar.-May  | Apr.-June | Tobacco.....        | Jan.-Feb.  | Feb.-Mar.  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May  |
| Fennel.....              | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May  | May-June  | Tomato.....         | Jan.-Mar.  | Feb.-Mar.  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May  |
| Herbs.....               | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr.  | Apr.-May  | May-June  | Turnip, Spring..... | Feb.-Mar.  | Jan.-Mar.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May  |
| Horse Radish.....        | Jan.-Apr.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May  | Apr.-June | Turnip, Fall.....   | Aug.-Oct.  | Aug.-Oct.  | July-Aug.  | July-Aug. |
| Kale.....                | Feb.-June  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May  | May-June  |                     |            |            |            |           |

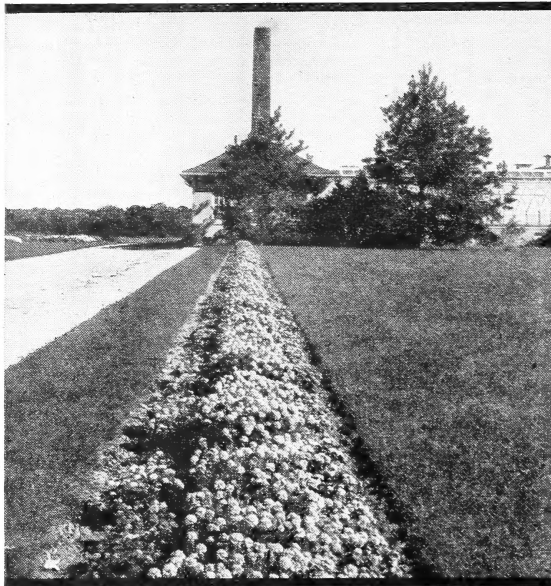


# When to Plant Your Flowers

|                       | ZONE 1     | ZONE 2     | ZONE 3     | ZONE 4     |                       | ZONE 1     | ZONE 2     | ZONE 3     | ZONE 4    |
|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| Abronia.....          | Sept.-Apr. | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Hunnemannia.....      | Sept.-May  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Achillea.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | Sept.-Mar. | *Feb.-May  | *Apr.-June | Iberis.....           | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Acroclonium.....      | Oct.-Apr.  | Feb.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Ipomoea.....          | Mar.-May   | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Adonis.....           | Oct.-May   | Oct.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Job's Tears.....      | Feb.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Ageratum.....         | Feb.-June  | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Kaulfussia.....       | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Agrostemma.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | *Jan.-Mar. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Kochia.....           | Feb.-May   | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Alyssum.....          | Oct.-May   | *Feb.-May  | *Mar.-June | *Apr.-June | Kudzu Vine.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | *Mar.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-June |
| Amaranthus.....       | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Lantana.....          | Sept.-Mar. | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Anagallis.....        | Oct.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Larkspur.....         | Oct.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Anchusa.....          | Oct.-May   | *Jan.-Mar. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | Lathyrus.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | *Jan.-Apr. | *Feb.-May  | Apr.-June |
| Anemone.....          | Feb.-May   | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | *Apr.-June | Lavatera.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Antirrhinum.....      | Oct.-Mar.  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Lavender.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | May-June  |
| Arabis.....           | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Lilium.....           | Sept.-May  | *Feb.-June | Mar.-June  | Mar.-June |
| Arctotis.....         | Sept.-May  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June  | Linaria.....          | Feb.-May   | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | May-June  |
| Armeria.....          | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Linum.....            | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Asclepias.....        | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Lobelia.....          | Feb.-May   | Mar.-Apr.  | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Aster.....            | Feb.-June  | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Lunaria.....          | Sept.-Mar. | *Feb.-May  | *Apr.-May  | May-June  |
| Aubretia.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-May  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Lupin.....            | Aug.-Mar.  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | Apr.-June |
| Balloon Vine.....     | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Marigold.....         | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Balsam.....           | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Matricaria.....       | Feb.-May   | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-June | Mar.-June |
| Bartonia.....         | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Matthiola.....        | July-Nov.  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Begonia.....          | Sept.-Mar. | Feb.-May   | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr.  | Mesembry-             |            |            |            |           |
| Bellis.....           | Sept.-Apr. | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-Apr. | *Apr.-May  | anthemum.....         | Sept.-May  | Apr.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Brachycome.....       | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Mignonette.....       | Aug.-May   | Mar.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Browallia.....        | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Mimosa.....           | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Mar.-June  | Mar.-June |
| Buddleia.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Momordica.....        | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Cacalia.....          | Oct.-May   | Feb.-Apr.  | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Morning Glory.....    | Mar.-May   | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Calendula.....        | Sept.-May  | Jan.-May   | Mar.-June  | May-June   | Myosotis.....         | Sept.-Mar. | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Mar.-May  |
| Calliopsis.....       | Jan.-Apr.  | Jan.-Apr.  | Mar.-June  | May-June   | Nasturtium.....       | Mar.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Campanula.....        | Aug.-Apr.  | *Feb.-May  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Nemesia.....          | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Candytuft.....        | Sept.-June | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June  | Nemophila.....        | Sept.-May  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Canna.....            | Jan.-June  | Jan.-Mar.  | Feb.-Mar.  | Mar.-May   | Nicotiana.....        | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Cardinal Climber..... | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Nigella.....          | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Carnation.....        | Oct.-Apr.  | *Jan.-Mar. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | Oenothera.....        | Sept.-Mar. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | Apr.-June |
| Celosia.....          | Feb.-Apr.  | Feb.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Pansy.....            | Aug.-May   | *Jan.-Apr. | *Feb.-May  | Mar.-May  |
| Centaurea.....        | Oct.-Apr.  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | May-June   | Passiflora.....       | Sept.-Mar. | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr.  | Apr.-May  |
| Cerastium.....        | Aug.-Mar.  | *Jan.-Mar. | *Mar.-Apr. | *Apr.-May  | Pentstemon.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | May-June  |
| Cheiranthus.....      | Sept.-May  | *Jan.-Mar. | *Mar.-Apr. | *Apr.-June | Petunia.....          | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Chrysanthemum.....    | Jan.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Phacelia.....         | Sept.-May  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | May-June  |
| Cineraria.....        | July-May   | Aug.-Apr.  | Aug.-May   | Aug.-May   | Phlox drummondii..... | Sept.-May  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Clarkia.....          | Oct.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Physalis.....         | Oct.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-June |
| Cleome.....           | Feb.-May   | Aug.-Oct.  | Mar.-Apr.  | Apr.-May   | Physostegia.....      | Aug.-Mar.  | *Jan.-Apr. | *Feb.-May  | Mar.-May  |
| Cobaea.....           | Feb.-Apr.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Platycodon.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Coleus.....           | Aug.-Mar.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Poppy.....            | Feb.-May   | *Jan.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-June |
| Collinsia.....        | Oct.-Mar.  | Oct.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Portulaca.....        | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-July   | May-July  |
| Columbine.....        | Sept.-Apr. | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | *May-June  | Primula.....          | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Coreopsis.....        | Sept.-Apr. | *Feb.-Apr. | *Apr.-May  | *May-June  | Pyrethrum.....        | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Mar. | *Apr.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Cosmidium.....        | Oct.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Ranunculus.....       | Feb.-June  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Cosmos.....           | Jan.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Rhodanthus.....       | Oct.-May   | Feb.-May   | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Cynoglossum.....      | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Ricinus.....          | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Cypress Vine.....     | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Rudbeckia.....        | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Dahlia.....           | Feb.-May   | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-Apr.  | Salpiglossis.....     | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Delphinium.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Salvia.....           | Feb.-May   | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-Apr. | Mar.-Apr. |
| Dianthus.....         | Oct.-Mar.  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Saponaria.....        | Sept.-May  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Didiscus.....         | Feb.-June  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | Scabiosa.....         | Sept.-May  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | May-June  |
| Digitalis.....        | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-Apr. | *Apr.-May  | Scarlet Runner        |            |            |            |           |
| Dimorphotheca.....    | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Beans.....            | Apr.-June  | Apr.-May   | May-June   | May-June  |
| Dolichos.....         | Apr.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Schizanthus.....      | Sept.-May  | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June  | May-June  |
| Erinus.....           | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *May-June  | *Apr.-June | Sedum.....            | Feb.-May   | *Feb.-May  | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Erysimum.....         | Sept.-May  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-June | Shasta Daisy.....     | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-May  | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Eschscholtzia.....    | Sept.-May  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May   | May-June   | Statice.....          | Sept.-May  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-May  |
| Euphorbia.....        | Sept.-May  | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr.  | Apr.-June  | Stevia.....           | Aug.-Mar.  | Feb.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-May  |
| Four o'Clock.....     | Feb.-May   | Mar.-Apr.  | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Stock.....            | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May  |
| Gaillardia.....       | Feb.-May   | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-June | *Apr.-June | Sunflower.....        | Apr.-June  | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Geranium.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | Aug.-May   | Sept.-June | Sept.-June | Sweet Peas.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | *Dec.-Mar. | *Mar.-Apr. | Mar.-May  |
| Gerbera.....          | Sept.-Mar. | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Sweet William.....    | Aug.-Mar.  | Jan.-Apr.  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May  |
| Geum.....             | Aug.-Mar.  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | *May-June  | Thunbergia.....       | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Gilia.....            | Oct.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Thunbergia.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Globe Amaranth.....   | Feb.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June  | May-June   | Valeriana.....        | Aug.-Mar.  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-May  |
| Godetia.....          | Sept.-May  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | Verbena.....          | Aug.-Mar.  | Feb.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Gourd.....            | Apr.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June   | May-June   | Vinca.....            | Jan.-Mar.  | Feb.-May   | Apr.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Gypsophila.....       | Sept.-May  | *Feb.-Apr. | *Mar.-June | *Apr.-June | Viola.....            | Apr.-Nov.  | *Feb.-May  | *Mar.-May  | Apr.-June |
| Helichrysum.....      | Feb.-May   | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | May-June   | Virginian Stock.....  | Aug.-June  | Feb.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Mar.-May  |
| Heliotrope.....       | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | Viscaria.....         | Feb.-June  | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June |
| Hesperis.....         | Aug.-Apr.  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | *Apr.-May  | Wallflower.....       | Aug.-Mar.  | Feb.-May   | Mar.-Apr.  | Mar.-Apr. |
| Heuchera.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | *Mar.-May  | *Apr.-May  | *Apr.-May  | Whitlavia.....        | Sept.-May  | Mar.-May   | Apr.-May   | May-June  |
| Hibiscus.....         | Aug.-Mar.  | *Mar.-Apr. | *Apr.-May  | *May-June  | Xeranthemum.....      | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Hollyhock.....        | Oct.-Dec.  | *Feb.-Mar. | *Mar.-Apr. | Apr.-May   | Zinnia.....           | Mar.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-June  | Apr.-June |
| Humulus.....          | Feb.-May   | Feb.-May   | Mar.-May   | Apr.-June  |                       |            |            |            |           |

\*NOTE. Perennial varieties of the kinds starred may also be planted in the fall.

# Flower Seeds for Delightful Gardens;



Very effective border of Marigold Melody edged with Ageratum Blue Bedder at Oakview, our Seed Breeding Station near Detroit



Plenty of blossoms for cutting are always desirable.  
See page 23 for an excellent list  
for this purpose

## KEY TO SYMBOLS

h—Hardy; resists low temperatures  
hh—Half-hardy; needs protection where temperatures are low  
t—Tender; will not endure frost

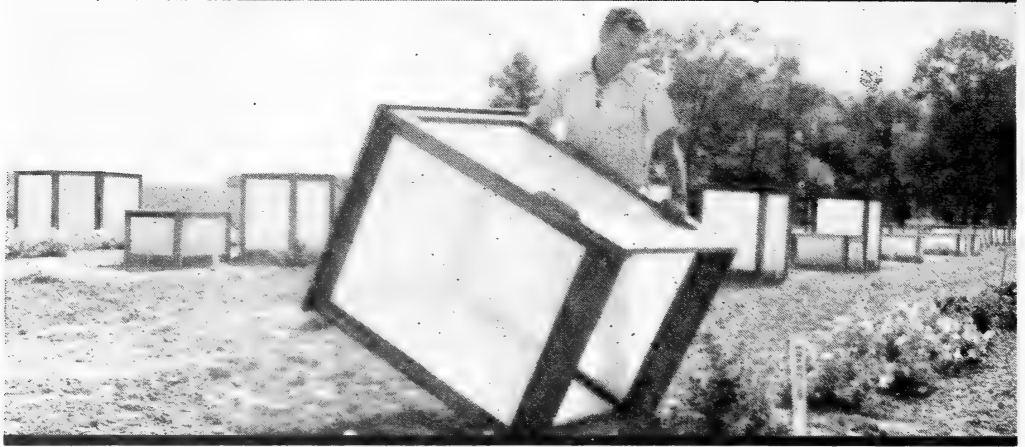
A—Annual; lives only one season  
B—Biennial; lives two seasons, often blooms second year only  
P—Perennial; tends to live from year to year

| Name on Packet                         | Other Names  | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|--|--|----------------------------|--------|---|
| <b>Abronia umbellata grandiflora</b>   | Sand Verbena                                       | h-A                        | 6 in.  | Rosy lilac. Trailing. Rock gardens and window boxes. Thrives in rather poor soil <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Achillea ptarmica, The Pearl</b>    | Sneezewort; Yarrow                                 | h-P                        | 2 ft.  | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>   |
| <b>Acroclium, Double Mixed</b>         | <i>Helipterum</i>                                  | hh-A                       | 15 in. | Mixed colors. Cut when in bud for winter bouquets <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Adonis aestivalis</b>               | Pheasant's Eye                                     | h-A                        | 12 in. | Deep crimson; dark centers. Interesting cut flower and showy in border. Germination somewhat slow <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                   |
| <b>African Daisy, Hybrids</b>          | <i>Dimorphotheca</i>                               | h-A                        | 12 in. | Shades of yellow, orange, and apricot. Blooms profusely for long season. Good rock garden plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                     |
| <b>Ageratum, Blue Ball</b>             | Floss Flower                                       | h-A                        | 8 in.  | Clear blue. Fine edging plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Ageratum, Dwarf Blue Bedder</b>     | " "  | h-A                        | 4 in.  | Compact plants with large clusters of deep, rich lavender-blue flowers. Ideal for edging. Attractive combined with Marigold, Melody <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Ageratum, Midget Blue</b>           | " "  | h-A                        | 4 in.  | The finest variety for neat edgings. All-America Award <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Alyssum (Sweet), Carpet of Snow</b> | <i>Alyssum procumbens</i>                          | h-A                        | 4 in.  | White. One of the best edging plants. Fragrant. Masses of flowers <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Alyssum (Sweet), Little Gem</b>     | <i>Alyssum compactum erectum</i>                   | h-A                        | 6 in.  | White. Edging plant. Fragrant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Alyssum (Sweet), Violet Queen</b>   | <i>Alyssum compactum erectum</i>                   | h-A                        | 6 in.  | New. Rich violet. Retains color throughout season. Perfect edging plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Alyssum, Hardy</b>                  | <i>Alyssum saxatile compactum</i> ; Basket of Gold | h-P                        | 9 in.  | Brilliant yellow. Rock garden and front of border. Blooms with tulips <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Anagallis grandiflora, Blue</b>     | Pimpernel  | h-A                        | 8 in.  | Clear, deep blue. Bushy plants. Useful edging or rock garden plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Anchusa capensis, Bluebird</b>      | Summer Forget-me-not                               | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Clear, bright blue, white eye. Rough, hairy stalks and foliage. Flowers larger and color more intense than forget-me-nots <b>pkt. 10c</b>           |
| <b>Anchusa italica, Dropmore</b>       | Summer Forget-me-not                               | h-P                        | 3 ft.  | Deep gentian blue flowers in drooping sprays. Does well in dry location. Prefers partial shade. Long blooming <b>pkt. 10c</b>                       |

# Old Favorites and Many New Varieties

| Name on Packet  | Other Names   | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|---|---|----------------------------|--------|--|
| <b>Arabis alpina</b>  | Rock Cress  | h-P                        | 6 in.  | Pure white. Easy to grow. Likes sun. Showy for edging or rock garden<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Arctotis grandis</b>   | Blue-eyed African<br>Daisy                                | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Petals white, light lilac backs, steel blue center, ringed yellow. Stands<br>dry weather well. Likes sun<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Arctotis, Large<br/>Flowered<br/>Hybrids</b>                         | Blue-eyed African<br>Daisy                                | h-A                        | 1 ft.  | Attractive blend of colors. Fine for low borders<br><b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Armeria maritima</b>   | Thrift; Sea Pink  | h-P                        | 6 in.  | Rose-pink globe-like flowers. Grass-like foliage. Pretty rock garden<br>plant. Does well in rather poor soil<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Asclepias tuberosa</b>   | Butterfly Flower;<br>Butterfly Weed                       | h-P                        | 2 ft.  | Gorgeous orange-red. Attractive for bouquets. Needs sun and well<br>drained soil<br><b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Aster, Double<br/>American<br/>Beauty Mixed<br/>(Wilt Resistant)</b> | <i>Callistephus</i> ; China<br>Aster                      | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Well blended colors. Flowers similar to American Branching, but larger;<br>blooms two weeks later<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Double<br/>American<br/>Branching<br/>(Wilt Resistant)</b>    | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Separate colors: White (BALL'S WHITE); Pink (PEERLESS PINK);<br>Rose; Lavender; Purple; Ruby Red (HEART OF FRANCE); and<br>Mixed. Fully double. Very regular and symmetrical. Bloom same time<br>as Crego<br><b>Each: pkt. 15c</b><br><b>Mixed, pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Aster, Double<br/>American<br/>Branching,<br/>Rosalie</b>            | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Deep rose-pink, a new shade. Handsome, large flowers, 100% double.<br>Long stems. Very free blooming. Our introduction<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Aster, Double<br/>Early Royal<br/>(Wilt Resistant)</b>               | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Separate colors: Lavender; Peach Blossom; Purple; Rose; White; Mixed.<br>Very early. Free blooming. One of best for northern sections<br><b>Each: pkt. 15c</b><br><b>Mixed, pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Double<br/>Giants of Cal-<br/>ifornia</b>                     | " "   | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Separate colors: Lavender; Peach Blossom; Purple; Rose; White. Same<br>type as Crego but larger flowered. Plant only where season is long<br><b>Each: pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Double<br/>Giants of Cal-<br/>ifornia, Mixed</b>              | " "   | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Lovely colors. Crego-type flowers, but larger. Late; plant only where<br>season is long<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Extra Early<br/>Giant Crego,<br/>Navy Blue</b>                | " "   | h-A                        | 16 in. | Rich, dark purplish-blue. Double blossoms, 3 or more inches across with<br>broad leathery petals. Extremely early, Free flowering. All-America<br>Award, 1943 (See Page 24)<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Giant Cal-<br/>ifornia Sunshine,<br/>Mixed</b>                | " "   | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Fine blend of colors. Taller and larger flowered than old Sunshine type.<br>For mild climates<br><b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Giant Crego<br/>(Wilt Resistant)</b>                          | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Separate colors: Crimson; Lavender; Rose-pink; Purple; White; and<br>Mixed. Shaggy, twisted petals<br><b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Aster, Double<br/>King Mixed<br/>(Wilt Resistant)</b>                | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Splendid blend of colors. Narrow quilled petals. Long stems. Blooms<br>before most late varieties<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Imbricated<br/>Pompon Mixed</b>                               | " "   | h-A                        | 15 in. | Pretty colors. Erect habit. Small pompon flowers. Fine for cutting<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Aster, Single<br/>Chinensis Mixed<br/>(Wilt Resistant)</b>           | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Soft and vivid colors. Somewhat like Shasta Daisy in form<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Aster, Single<br/>Perennial Mixed</b>                                | Michaelmas Daisy  | h-P                        | 3 ft.  | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Aubrietia bougain-<br/>villei, Dark Blue</b>                         | Purple Rockcress  | h-P                        | 6 in.  | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Australian Pea<br/>Vine</b>  | <i>Dolichos lignosus</i>                                  | t-P                        | 12 ft. | Rosy flowers; purplish pods. Does well only in mild climates. Dense<br>growth in one season. Climbs<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Bachelor Button,<br/>Double Blue</b>                                 | <i>Centaurea cyanus</i> ;<br>Ragged Sailor;<br>Cornflower | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Blue. Fine cut flower. Long blooming season<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Bachelor Button,<br/>Red Boy</b>                                     | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Bright crimson, a vivid new shade. Attractive with the Blue variety.<br>Fully double blossoms. Fine for cutting<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Bachelor Button,<br/>Double Rose</b>                                 | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Attractive rose shade. Large blossoms<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Bachelor Button,<br/>Double Mixed</b>                                | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Well-blended colors. Blossoms somewhat thistle-like in form<br><b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>Bachelor Button,<br/>Jubilee Gem</b>                                 | <i>Centaurea cyanus</i> ;<br>Dwarf Cornflower             | h-A                        | 12 in. | Blue. Attractive edging plant, compact and tidy. Dwarf form of Bach-<br>elor Button, Blue<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Balsam, Bush<br/>Double Fireball</b>                                 | Northern Gardenia   | h-A                        | 14 in. | Cherry with vermilion cast<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Balsam, Bush<br/>Double Rosy<br/>White</b>                           | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | White with faint flush of pink. New improved strain. Early. Many<br>flowers<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Balsam, Bush<br/>Double White</b>                                    | " "   | h-A                        | 16 in. | Pure white. Taller growing than other Bush Balsams<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Balsam, Bush<br/>Double Mixed</b>                                    | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Balsam, Double<br/>Tall Mixed</b>                                    | Lady's Slipper;<br>Touch-me-not                           | h-A                        | 18 in. | Blending shades of pink and rose. Fine cut flower. Long blooming<br>season<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Bartonia aurea</b>   | Blazing Star  | h-A                        | 12 in. | Golden yellow flowers, bristling stamens. Gray, thistle-like foliage.<br>Plant in dry sunny spot in rock garden. California native<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Blue Lace Flower</b>   | <i>Didiscus coeruleus</i>                                 | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Blue. Unusually good for cutting<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |

# Your Dealer Handles Ferry's Seeds;



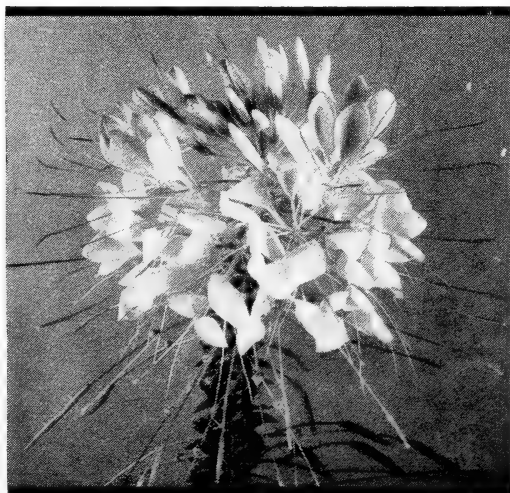
*Painstaking work in plant breeding and selection goes on continuously at Ferry-Morse Seed Breeding Stations in Michigan and California. When a plant with the desired characteristics is found, a "cage" isolates it from its neighbors so that cross-pollination cannot take place*

| Name on Packet                              | Other Names                      | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.            | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|--|
| <b>Blueprint Garden</b>                     | .....                            | h-A                        | .....          | Six small packets in one envelope: Blue Bachelor Button, Early Mammoth Cosmos, Guinea Gold Marigold, White King Petunia, Portulaca, Giant Flowered Scarlet Zinnia. Garden plan included <b>All for 25c</b> |
| <b>Brachycome, Mixed</b>                    | Swan-river-daisy                 | h-A                        | 10 in.         | Rich assortment of colors. Fine rock garden plant. Start seed early indoors <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Buddleia variabilis veitchiana</b>       | Butterfly Bush; Summer Lilac     | t-P                        | 3 to 8 ft.     | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Calendula, Ball's Gold</b>               | Pot Marigold                     | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Golden yellow. Extra size. Long stems. Extreme vigor. Ideal for forcing <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Calendula, Ball's Orange Improved</b>    | " "                              | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Rich deep orange. Larger flowered, longer stemmed, and lighter colored than Orange King. Does not endure hot weather <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Calendula, Gold (Lemon Queen)</b>        | " "                              | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Golden yellow. Long stems for cutting. Effective with blue larkspur <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Calendula, Orange King</b>               | " "                              | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Deep orange. Very suitable for garden use <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Calendula, Radio</b>                     | " "                              | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Rich orange. Bristling quilled petals. <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Calendula, Sunshine</b>                  | <i>Calendula chrysanthia</i>     | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Bright golden yellow chrysanthemum-shaped flowers. Long stems for cutting <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Calendula, Double Mixed</b>              | Pot Marigold                     | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Brilliant hues, well blended <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>California Native Flowers</b>            |                                  | h-A                        | 6 in. to 2 ft. | General mixture of annual wild flower varieties suitable for mild climates <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>California Poppy, Extra Golden</b>       | <i>Eschscholtzia californica</i> | h-A                        | 12 in.         | Golden orange. Good in foreground of border <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>California Poppy, Mixed</b>              | <i>Eschscholtzia</i>             | h-A                        | 12 in.         | Delightful combination of vivid colors <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Calliopsis, Tall Mixed</b>               | Annual Coreopsis                 | h-A                        | 18 in.         | Golden yellow to maroon. Blooms from June to autumn. Likes sunshine <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| <b>Callirhoe involucrata</b>                | Winecup; Poppy-mallow            | h-P                        | 1 ft.          | Large, bright rosy-crimson, cup shaped flowers. Trailing plants. Excellent for dry sunny spots, rock gardens, wall gardens, dry banks <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Campanula carpatica Blue</b>             | Harebell                         | h-P                        | 8 in.          | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Campanula persicifolia</b>               | Peach Bells                      | h-P                        | 3 ft.          | Bright blue cup-shaped flowers on long spikes. A fine addition to perennial border <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Campanula pyramidalis</b>                | Chimney Bellflower               | h-P                        | 5 ft.          | Blue. Long spikes packed with starry bells. Does well in warm dry location <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Candytuft, Giant Hyacinth Flowered</b>   | <i>Iberis</i>                    | h-A                        | 1 ft.          | White. For low borders and bedding. Large flower spikes <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Candytuft, Umbellata</b>                 | "                                | h-A                        | 12 in.         | Compact plants with flat clusters of small florets. Separate colors: Lilac; Purple; Rose (ROSE CARDINAL); White <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Candytuft, Umbellata Mixed</b>           | "                                | h-A                        | 1 ft.          | White, purple, lilac. Flat clusters of small flowers. Low borders and bedding <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Canna, Finest Large Flowering Mixed</b>  | <i>Canna</i>                     | t-P                        | 3 ft.          | Gorgeous hues. Seeds very hard; notch or file before planting <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Canterbury Bell, Annual Single Mixed</b> | <i>Campanula medium</i>          | h-A                        | 2 ft.          | Large pendant bells in shades of blue, pink, white. Good border subject <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Canterbury Bell, Cup and Saucer</b>      | <i>Campanula calycanthema</i>    | h-B                        | 2 ft.          | Separate colors: Light Blue; Dark Blue; Pink. Fine border subject <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |



# They Come Up to Your Expectations

| Name on Packet                         | Other Names                          | See "Key to Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--------|---|
| Canterbury Bell, Cup and Saucer Mixed  | <i>Campanula calycanthemata</i>      | h-B                  | 2 ft.  | Blue, pink, and white. Fine for the border. Each flower cup-shaped surrounded by saucer-like calyx <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Canterbury Bell, Single Mixed          | <i>Campanula medium</i>              | h-B                  | 2 ft.  | Blue, pink, and white. Branching plant with large pendant bells. Good border subject <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Cardinal Climber                       | <i>Ipomoea quamoclit hybrida</i>     | h-A                  | 15 ft. | Fiery red. Dainty trellis climber for warm, sunny location <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Carnation, Chabaud Giant               | <i>Dianthus caryophyllus</i>         | h-A                  | 18 in. | Separate colors: Cardinal Red; Salmon; Deep Rose; Yellow; White. Large double flowers six months after seeding <b>Each: pkt. 25c</b>                        |
| Carnation, Chabaud Giant Mixed         | " "                                  | h-A                  | 18 in. | Pretty blend of colors. Especially good cut flower. Blooms six months after seeding <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Carnation, Enfant de Nice Mixed        | " "                                  | h-A                  | 18 in. | Good blend of colors. Similar to Chabaud Giant, but slightly larger flowered and petals broader <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| Castor Bean, Zanzibariensis            | <i>Ricinus</i>                       | t-P used as annual   | 10 ft. | Huge leaves brilliant green to lustrous bronze. For quick shrub effects <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Castor Bean, Mixed                     | <i>Ricinus</i>                       | t-P used as annual   | 8 ft.  | Leaves of varying colors. Temporary hedge, screen, or background planting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Celosia, Dwarf Flery Feather           | <i>Celosia plumosa</i>               | h-A                  | 12 in. | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>   |
| Celosia, Feathered Crimson             | " "                                  | h-A                  | 3 ft.  | Stately crimson plumes. Impressive in the garden. Striking for winter bouquets when dried <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Celosia, Tall Feathered Mixed          | " "                                  | h-A                  | 3 ft.  | Crimson, rose, and golden yellow. Good background plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Centaurea gymnocarpa                   | Dusty Miller                         | h-P                  | 18 in. | Silvery gray, deeply cut foliage. Ornamental border plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Centaurea imperialis                   | Sweet Sultan                         | h-A                  | 2½ ft. | Separate colors: Amaranth Red; Yellow (Suaveolens). Delicate fragrance. Good border flower <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Centaurea imperialis, Mixed            | Sweet Sultan                         | h-A                  | 2½ ft. | Blended shades. Graceful in the border. Good cut flower <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Cerastium tomentosum                   | Snow-in-summer                       | h-P                  | 6 in.  | Small white flowers in profusion. Silvery gray foliage. For rock garden and edging. Sun or partial shade. Blooms early <b>pkt. 10c</b>                      |
| Cheiranthus allioni                    | Siberian Wallflower                  | h-B                  | 12 in. | Fiery orange, four-petaled flowers. Rock garden or low border. Blooms first season from seed <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Chinese Forget-me-not, Firmament       | <i>Cynoglossum amabile</i>           | h-A                  | 18 in. | Blue. Bushy and compact. More dwarf than other varieties. Fine for border edging or cutting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Chinese Lantern                        | <i>Physalis francheti</i>            | h-P                  | 18 in. | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>   |
| Chrysanthemum, Double Coronarium Mixed | Annual Chrysanthemum                 | h-A                  | 2 ft.  | White and shades of yellow. Compact plants. Bloom in midsummer. Delightful cut flower <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Chrysanthemum, Single Annual Mixed     | Annual Chrysanthemum                 | h-A                  | 20 in. | Combinations of yellow and white. Daisy-like blooms. Excellent for bouquets. Long stiff stems <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Cineraria, Large Flowered Mixed        | <i>Cineraria hybrida grandiflora</i> | t-B                  | 16 in. | Shades of red, purple, blue, and white. Successfully grown outdoors in mild climates; ideal pot plant in colder climates <b>pkt. 25c</b>                    |
| Clarkia, Double Chamois Queen          | <i>Clarkia elegans</i>               | h-A                  | 2 ft.  | Fresh cream pink. Excellent where summers are cool <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Clarkia, Double Salmon                 | " "                                  | h-A                  | 2 ft.  | Salmon-orange. Excellent in the border wherever summers are cool <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Clarkia, Double Mixed                  | " "                                  | h-A                  | 2 ft.  | Rich colors. Erect, bushy plants <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Cleome, Giant Pink Queen               | Spiderflower                         | h-A                  | 3 ft.  | Huge trusses of bright salmon pink on long stems. Novel seed pods. Very striking. A Ferry-Morse development. All-America Silver Medal, 1942 <b>pkt. 10c</b> |



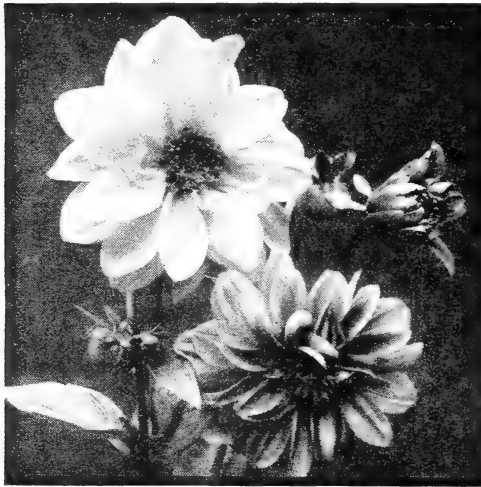
*Cleome, Giant Pink Queen*



*Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids*

# You'll Find Descriptions and Planting

| Name on Packet   | Other Names                             | See "Key to Symbols" | Ht.              | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|--|---|----------------------|------------------|--|
| <b>Cleome, Giant Rose Shades</b><br><b>Cobaea scandens</b> | Spiderflower<br>Cup-and-Saucer Vine     | h-A<br>hh-P          | 38 in.<br>20 ft. | Rose and salmon shades. An old favorite in new colors and increased size. Unique flowers are borne on long stalks <b>pkt. 10c</b><br>Blue. Clings to brick, screen, or other rough surfaces. Grows rapidly <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Cockscomb, Dwarf Crested</b>                            | <i>Celosia cristata nana</i>            | h-A                  | 10 in.           | Crimson combs, bronze foliage (EMPRESS); Rose combs (ROSE). Showy in border with other annuals <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Cockscomb, Dwarf Mixed</b>                              | <i>Celosia cristata nana</i>            | h-A                  | 10 in.           | Ruffled velvety crests in shades of red and rose. Showy in the border to edge other annuals <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Coleus, Large Leaved Mixed</b>                          | Foliage Plant                           | t-P                  | 12 in.           | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Columbine, Imperial Long Spurred Hybrids</b>            | <i>Aquilegia</i>                        | h-P                  | 2½ ft.           | Delightful blend of colors. Excellent in rock garden or border. Does well in part shade <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Columbine, Long Spurred, Blue Shades</b>                | "                                       | h-P                  | 2½ ft.           | Shades of blue. Large single flowers; long spurs <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Columbina, Longissima</b>                               | "                                       | h-P                  | 2½ ft.           | Sensational type with extra long spurs. Pale golden yellow blossoms <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Coral Bells</b>   |   |                      |                  | See <i>Heuchera sanguinea</i> , page 12  |
| <b>Coreopsis, Mayfield Giant</b>                           | <i>Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora</i> | h-P                  | 2 ft.            | Glossy yellow. Single flowers. Long stems for cutting. Excellent in large masses in the border <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |



*Dahlia, Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids*



*Coreopsis, Mayfield Giant*



*Foxglove in white and shades of rose*



*Cosmos, Early Klondyke Yellow*

# Directions on all Packets of Ferry's Seeds

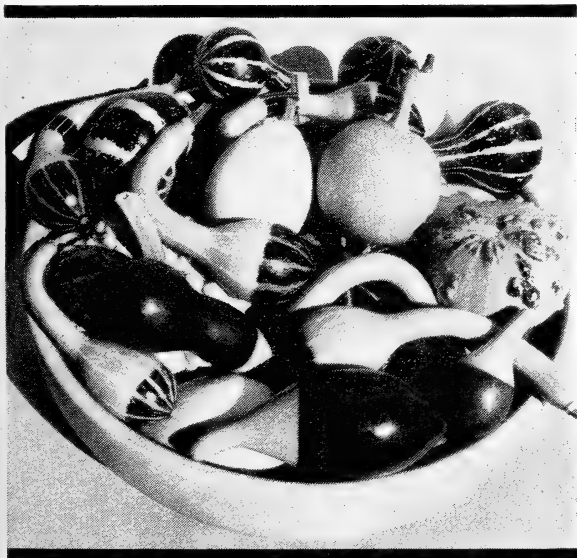
| Name on Packet                                    | Other Names  | See "Key to Symbols" | Ht.        | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|---|--|----------------------|------------|--|
| <b>Coreopsis, Double Sunburst</b>                 | <i>Coreopsis lanceolata grandiflora</i>            | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | Rich golden yellow. Blooms first season but flowers are better second season <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Cosmos, Early Double Crested</b>               | <i>Cosmos bipinnatus</i>                           | h-A                  | 3 ft.      | Separate colors: Crimson; Pink; White. Finely cut foliage. Center of flower double with many small petals, outer petals large <b>Each: pkt. 25c</b>                  |
| <b>Cosmos, Early Double Crested, Mixed</b>        | " "  | h-A                  | 3 ft.      | Crimson, pink, and white. Some flowers have attractive raised crests <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Cosmos, Early Klondyke Yellow</b>              | " "  | h-A                  | 3½ ft.     | Flowers of golden or "butter" yellow. Free blooming. More striking than Orange Flare, and slightly later and taller. All-America Silver Medal, 1942 <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Cosmos, Early Mammoth</b>                      | " "  | h-A                  | 4 ft.      | Separate colors: Crimson; Pink. Large, single flowers. Long graceful stems. Especially adapted to the North <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>                                    |
| <b>Cosmos, Early Mammoth Mixed</b>                | " "  | h-A                  | 4 ft.      | Crimson and pink single flowers. Especially adapted to North <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Cosmos, Late Mammoth Mixed</b>                 | " "  | h-A                  | 5 ft.      | Blended colors. Single flowers graceful for cutting. Plants beautiful for backgrounds. Use where season is long <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                      |
| <b>Cosmos, Orange Flare</b>                       | " "  | h-A                  | 3½ ft.     | Golden-orange. Striking in flower border. Good for cutting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Cosmos, Sensation</b>                          | " "  | h-A                  | 3½ ft.     | White (PURITY); Pink (PINKIE). Very large single flowers on long stems. Early enough to bloom anywhere in U. S. <b>Each: pkt. 15c</b>                                |
| <b>Cosmos, Sensation Dazzler</b>                  | " "  | h-A                  | 3½ ft.     | Bright crimson. Flowers about 4 inches across with broad overlapping petals. Blooms midsummer to frost. All-America Award, 1943 (see page 24) <b>pkt. 15c</b>        |
| <b>Cosmos, Sensation Mixed</b>                    | " "  | h-A                  | 3½ ft.     | Pink, red, and white. Very large flowers. Early enough to bloom anywhere in U. S. <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Creeping Zinnia</b>                            | <i>Sanvitalia procumbens</i>                       | h-A                  | 6 in.      | Many small, deep yellow, double flowers resembling miniature zinnias. Black centers. Likes sunshine. Fine edging plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>                               |
| <b>Cypress Vine, Scarlet</b>                      | <i>Ipomoea quamoclit</i>                           | h-A                  | 8 ft.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Cypress Vine, Mixed</b>                        | <i>Ipomoea quamoclit</i>                           | h-A                  | 8 ft.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Dahlberg Daisy</b>                             | <i>Thymophylla tenuiloba</i>                       | h-A                  | 6 in.      | Tiny golden yellow flowers on fine-leaved plants. Blooms summer to frost. Ideal for rock garden. Likes heat and dryness <b>pkt. 15c</b>                              |
| <b>Dahlia, Cactus Mixed</b>                       | Dahlia, Cactus type                                | t-P                  | 3 ft.      | Variety of gorgeous colors. Shaggy twisted petals <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Dahlia, Double Mixed</b>                       | Dahlia, Informal type                              | t-P                  | 3 ft.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Dahlia, Unwin's Dwarf Hybrids</b>              | Semi-double Dahlia                                 | t-P used as annual   | 14 in.     | Gorgeous blend of colors. Group in foreground of border for spot of lovely color <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Delphinium, Blackmore and Langdon Hybrids</b>  | Perennial Larkspur                                 | h-P                  | 5 to 6 ft. | Very light blue to indigo. Huge flower spikes. Unexcelled background plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Delphinium, Dwarf Chinese</b>                  | " "  | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | Soft sky blue (AZURE FAIRY); Ultramarine blue (BLUE BUTTERFLY). Reaches full development first season from seed planted early. For low borders <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Delphinium, Pacific Giant White</b>            | " "  | h-P                  | 5 ft.      | New. Enormous, double clear white blossoms. Strong stems. Highly mildew resistant <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Delphinium, Pacific Hybrids</b>                | " "  | h-P                  | 5 ft.      | Shades of blue, lavender, mauve. Large flower spikes. Particularly suited to Pacific Coast conditions. Mildew resistant <b>pkt. 10c</b>                              |
| <b>Delphinium, Tall Hybrids</b>                   | " "  | h-P                  | 5 ft.      | Silvery blue (BELLADONNA); Deep intense blue (BELLAMOSUM). Sown early will flower late first season <b>Each: pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>English Daisy, Double Mon-strosa Mixed</b>     | <i>Bellis perennis</i>                             | h-P                  | 8 in.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Euphorbia heterophylla</b>                     | Annual Poinsettia; Painted Leaf; Mexican Fireplant | h-A                  | 2 ft.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Forget-me-not, Blue Bird</b>                   | <i>Myosotis oblongata</i>                          | h-P                  | 8 in.      | Blue with small yellow eye. Combine with bulb flowers in rock garden or border <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Four o'clock, Red</b>                          | <i>Mirabilis jalapa</i> ; Marvel of Peru           | t-P used as annual   | 2 ft.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Four o'clock, Mixed</b>                        | <i>Mirabilis jalapa</i> ; Marvel of Peru           | t-P used as annual   | 2 ft.      | Red, white, yellow, and striped and blotched. Use as bushy hedge or in clumps in border <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Foxglove, Fine Mixed</b>                       | <i>Digitalis gloxinaeflora</i>                     | h-P                  | 3 ft.      | Rose and white. Combines well with Sweet William and Pinks <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Gaillardia, Giant Perennial Mixed</b>          | <i>Gaillardia grandiflora</i>                      | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | Tones of maroon and orange. Strong growing and hardy. Blooms early. Semi-double blossoms <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Gaillardia grandiflora Portola Hybrids</b>     | Blanket Flower                                     | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | Bronzy red centers, petals gold-tipped. Blooms for long season. Semi-double <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Gaillardia picta, Double Lorenziana Mixed</b>  | " "  | h-A                  | 18 in.     | Shades of sulphur, orange, scarlet, amaranth. Easy to grow <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Gaillardia picta, Single Mixed</b>             | " "  | h-A                  | 18 in.     | Tones of yellow and red. Bright, easily grown border plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Gerbera Jamesoni Hybrids</b>                   | Transvaal Daisy                                    | t-P                  | 18 in.     | Pastel tones of red, orange, yellow, rose, and pink. Difficult to grow and recommended only to experienced gardeners <b>pkt. 25c</b>                                 |
| <b>Geum, Double Golden Ball (Lady Stratheden)</b> | <i>Avens</i>                                       | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | Rich golden yellow. Well suited for bouquets and for perennial border. Does especially well on Pacific Coast <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |

# Ferry's Seeds are of Highest Quality

| Name on Packet                              | Other Names   | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|---|---|----------------------------|--------|--|
| Geum, Double<br>Scarlet                     | Avens   | h-P                        | 2 ft.  | Dazzling scarlet. Good in border and rock garden. A little hard to start<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Gilia capitata                              | Blue Thimble Flower   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Clear lavender blue. Scabiosa-like flowers. Bushy plant, lacy foliage.<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Gilia tricolor                              | Birdseye Gilia  | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Delicate star-shaped flowers of lavender-blue shading to white, purple<br>throat. California native flower<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Globe Amaranth,<br>Mixed                    | <i>Gomphrena globosa</i> ;<br>Everlasting                     | h-A                        | 12 in. | Purplish-red, pink, and white. Clover-like blossoms. Winter bouquets<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Godetia, Semi-<br>dwarf Single              | Satinflower; "Fare-<br>well-to-spring"                        | h-A                        | 12 in. | Rich scarlet on white (DUKE OF YORK); Bright salmon pink, white<br>edge (SYBIL SHERWOOD). Well suited to partial shade in mild<br>climates<br><b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>            |
| Godetia, Semi-<br>dwarf Single<br>Mixed     | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | Rose, carmine, and white. Adapted only to climates with cool summers<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Godetia, Tall<br>Double Mixed               | " "   | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Rose, pink, lilac, and white. Long graceful spikes with pompon-like<br>blossoms<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Gourd, Dipper                               | <i>Cucurbita</i>  | h-A                        | 12 ft. | Fruits easily fashioned into long handled dippers<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Gourd, Dishcloth                            | "   | h-A                        | 12 ft. | Spongy interior fiber makes excellent scrubbing material<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Gourd, Hercules<br>Club                     | "   | h-A                        | 12 ft. | Massive, club shaped fruits<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Gourds, Large<br>and Small<br>Fruited Mixed | "   | h-A                        | 12 ft. | Ornamental and interesting forms<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Gourds, Small<br>Fruited Mixed              | "   | h-A                        | 12 ft. | Interesting shapes and colors suitable for ornaments. Vine decorative<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Gypsophila, Cov-<br>ent Garden<br>Market    | <i>Gypsophila elegans</i> ;<br>Baby's Breath                  | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | White. Combine with colorful flowers in garden and bouquets. Sow at<br>intervals during summer for plentiful supply<br><b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Gypsophila<br>paniculata,<br>Double White   | Baby's Breath   | h-P                        | 3 ft.  | Tiny white rose-shaped flowers. Cut before fully open for winter bou-<br>quets<br><b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| Heliotrope, Dark<br>Varieties Mixed         | <i>Heliotropium hybrida</i>                                   | t-P                        | 2 ft.  | Shades of violet. Pleasing contrast with brighter colored flowers.<br>Fragrant<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Hesperis matro-<br>nalis                    | Sweet Rocket  | h-P                        | 18 in. | Separate colors: Purple; White. Old-time favorite with delightful<br>fragrance<br><b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Heuchera sangui-<br>nea                     | Coral Bells   | h-P                        | 12 in. | Bright coral red flowers on wiry stalks. Charming for low border or<br>rock garden<br><b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| Hibiscus Marvels<br>Mixed                   | Mallow  | h-P                        | 4 ft.  | Tones of red, rose, and white. Large flowers. Tall hedge or background<br>plant with handsome foliage<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Hollyhock, Alle-<br>gheny Mixed             | <i>Althea rosea</i>   | h-P                        | 7 ft.  | Gay colors. Huge, semi-double flowers deeply fringed and frilled at edges<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Hollyhock, Double                           | " "   | h-P                        | 5 ft.  | Separate colors: Crimson; Pink (NEWPORT PINK); Deep Rose; Scarlet;<br>Yellow; Salmon; White; Mixed. An excellent variety<br><b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>                              |
| Hollyhock,<br>Indian Spring                 | " "   | h-A                        | 4 ft.  | Clear, soft pink. Semi-double blossoms in profusion. Fine new intro-<br>duction. All-America Award, 1939<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Hollyhock, Single<br>Mixed                  | " "   | h-P                        | 5 ft.  | Many pretty colors. The old fashioned variety, very hardy for tall back-<br>grounds<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Hollyhock, Tri-<br>umph Mixed               | " "   | h-P                        | 5 ft.  | Blend of pastel shades. Early blooming. Semi-double<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| Humulus japon-<br>icus (Variegated)         | Ornamental Hop Vine   | h-A                        | 15 ft. | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| Hunnemannia<br>fumariaefolia                | <i>Bush Eschscholtzia</i> ;<br>Golden Cup                     | h-A                        | 18 in. | Lemon yellow, cup-shaped flowers. Bushy plants. Good cut flower.<br>Makes unusually attractive border<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Hyacinth Bean,<br>Mixed                     | <i>Dolichos lablab</i>  | h-A                        | 10 ft. | Purple and white. Fast growing vine<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Iberis gibraltarica                         | Perennial Candytuft   | h-P                        | 8 in.  | Lilac flowers shading white. Spreading rock garden plant of easy culture<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ice Plant                                   | <i>Mesembryanthemum<br/>crystallinum</i>                      | h-A                        | 6 in.  | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| Iceland Poppy,<br>Coonara Pink<br>Hybrids   | <i>Papaver nudicaule</i>                                      | h-P                        | 15 in. | Clear shades, pale pastels to deep rose. Slightly ruffled flowers. Fern-<br>like foliage<br><b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| Iceland Poppy,<br>Sunbeam                   | <i>Papaver nudicaule</i>                                      | h-P                        | 18 in. | Orange; Yellow (AMURENSE); and Mixed. Flowers first season from<br>seed sown early<br>Orange; <b>pkt. 15c</b><br>Yellow (Amurensis); <b>pkt. 25c</b><br>Mixed; <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| Ipomoea bona nox                            | Evening Glory   | h-A                        | 12 ft. | Stout twining vine. Violet flowers that stay open in evening. Broad<br>smooth leaves<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ipomoea, Trouba-<br>dour                    |   |                            |        | See Morning Glory, Page 15   |
| Joseph's Coat                               | <i>Amaranthus tricolor</i>                                    | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Red, yellow, and green foliage. Somewhat coarse, but showy. Thrives<br>in hot, dry locations<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Kochia childsi                              | Mexican Fire Bush;<br>Burning Bush                            | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Foliage changes from green to bright red late in season. Good, quick-<br>growing temporary hedge plant<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Kudzu Vine                                  | <i>Pueraria thunbergiana</i> ;<br>Jack-and-the-bean-<br>stalk | h-P                        | 20 ft. | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| Lantana hybrida<br>Mixed                    | <i>Lantana</i>  | t-P                        | 2 ft.  | Shades of crimson, rose, yellow, orange in single cluster. Makes good<br>display from seed first season<br><b>pkt. 10c</b>   |

# East, West, North, or South

| Name on Packet                                  | Other Names           | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.             | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|---|-----------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|---|
| <b>Larkspur, Double Stock Flowered</b>          | Annual Delphinium     | h-A                        | .....           | Blooms early summer to fall   |
| Deep Pink (ROSAMOND)                            |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | Large, round flowers. Early <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Lilac Supreme Purple                            |                       |                            | 3 ft.<br>40 in. | Lilac-mauve. Large round flowers. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b><br>Our 1940 introduction. New and distinct shade. Compact plants <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| Rose Queen                                      |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | New shade of bright rose. Early and free blooming. Award of Merit, Royal Horticultural Society. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>                    |
| Salmon Rose                                     |                       |                            | 40 in.          | Our 1941 introduction. Pleasing new shade. Early and vigorous. <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Mixed   |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | From soft shades of lavender and pink to deep blue, and white <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Larkspur, Dwarf Stock Flowered Rose Pink</b> | Annual Delphinium     | h-A                        | 30 in.          | Our 1940 introduction. Brilliant. Free-blooming. Compact plants. Ideal for garden and cut flowers <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                   |
| <b>Larkspur, Giant Imperial</b>                 | Annual Delphinium     | h-A                        | .....           | Plants of upright habit. Long stems for cutting   |
| Blue Bell                                       |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | Lovely sky blue <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Blue Spire                                      |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | Beautiful blue <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Carmine King                                    |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | Brilliant scarlet <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Lilac Spire                                     |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | Attractive pinkish-lavender <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Los Angeles Improved                            |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | Handsome rose pink <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Miss California                                 |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | Salmon rose-pink <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| White King                                      |                       |                            | 4 ft.           | Large double, pure white blossoms <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Mixed   |                       |                            | 3 ft.           | White, pink, blue, rose, lavender <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Larkspur, Majestic Rose Pink</b>             | Annual Delphinium     | h-A                        | 4 to 5 ft.      | Our 1940 introduction. Clear rose pink. Extra large double flowers. Plants neat and erect <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Larkspur, Super Majestic Lavender</b>        | " "                   | h-A                        | 5 to 6 ft.      | Our 1941 introduction. Long clean stems. Huge double blossoms of rich lavender. <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Larkspur Super Majestic Rose Pink</b>        | " "                   | h-A                        | 5 to 6 ft.      | Our 1940 introduction. Long clean stems. Huge double rose pink blossoms. Extreme vigor <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Larkspur Super Majestic White</b>            | " "                   | h-A                        | 5 to 6 ft.      | Large double flowers on long spikes. Vigorous growth and abundant bloom. Our 1942 introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                      |
| <b>Lavatera splendens rosea</b>                 | Annual Mallow         | h-A                        | 3 ft.           | Bright rose pink. Large cup-shaped flowers during entire summer. Decorative and gay for hedges and borders <b>pkt. 10c</b>                          |
| <b>Lavender</b>                                 | <i>Lavandula vera</i> | h-P                        | 2 ft.           | Lavender flowers. Gray foliage. Pleasing addition to garden. Dry for sachet use <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Lilium regale</b>                            | Regal Lily            | h-P                        | 3 ft.           | One of finest lilies in existence. Flowers white tinged pink, yellow throat. Furnishes flowers second season and thereafter <b>pkt. 15c</b>         |



Small Fruited Gourds come in many interesting shapes  
(See page 12)



Larkspur, Super Majestic Rose Pink

# Select a Few New Flowers and Vegetables,

| Name on Packet   | Other Names                                     | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|--|---|----------------------------|--------|--|
| <b>Linaria, Fairy<br/>Bouquet Mixed</b>                                  | <i>Linaria maroccana</i>                        | h-A                        | 10 in. | Red, pink, purple, yellow, and white. Neat for edgings and rock gardens. More compact than other maroccana types <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Linaria, Morocco<br/>Hybrids</b>                                      | <i>Linaria maroccana</i>                        | h-A                        | 15 in. | Many shades of crimson, orange, blue. Erect plant. In flower eight weeks from sowing <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Linum flavum</b>  | Perennial Flax;<br>Golden Flax                  | h-P                        | 1 ft.  | Bright yellow flax-like blossoms in great profusion. Prefers open, sunny, well drained location. Beautiful with Delphinium <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Linum perenne</b>   | Blue Flax                                       | h-P                        | 18 in. | Light blue flowers. Profuse blooming. Graceful in rock garden <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Lobelia, Celestial<br/>or True Blue</b>                               | <i>Lobelia compacta</i>                         | h-A                        | 4 in.  | Bright blue, white throat, green leaves. Compact edging plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Lobelia, Crystal<br/>Palace</b>                                       | <i>Lobelia compacta</i>                         | h-A                        | 4 in.  | Sapphire blue; dark foliage. Compact edging plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Lobelia, Trailing<br/>Sapphire</b>                                    | Trailing Lobelia                                | hh-A                       |        | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Love-in-a-mist,<br/>Double</b>  | <i>Nigella damascena</i> ;<br>Devil-in-the-bush | h-A                        | 18 in. | Cornflower blue flowers on long stems. Feathery foliage partly conceals flowers. Old-fashioned border flower <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Lunaria biennis</b>   | Honesty; St. Peter's<br>Penny; Money<br>Plant   | h-B                        | 2½ ft. | Seed pods translucent, silvery. Ornamental in winter bouquets <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Lupin hartwegii,<br/>Mixed</b>  | Annual Lupin                                    | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Shades of blue. Showy spikes for garden bed or border <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Lupin, Perennial<br/>Mixed</b>  | <i>Lupin polyphyllus</i>                        | h-P                        | 3 ft.  | Shades of lavender, rose, and buff. Use in masses in border <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Lupin, Russell's<br/>Hybrids</b>                                      | Perennial Lupin                                 | h-P                        | 3 ft.  | Many lovely colors. Wonderful border flower. Gold Medal, Royal Horticultural Society, 1937 <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, African<br/>Double Tall<br/>Mixed</b>                       | <i>Tagetes erecta</i>                           | h-A                        | 30 in. | Orange and yellow. Less odor if stems are cut carefully and leaves not bruised <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Burpee-<br/>gold</b>  | " "   | h-A                        | 30 in. | Brilliant orange. Odorless. Same form as Guinea Gold <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Crown<br/>of Gold</b>                                       | " "   | h-A                        | 20 in. | Orange. Odorless. Short center petals curled and quilled, with flat drooping outer petals <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Marigold, Early<br/>Sunshine</b>                                      | " "   | h-A                        | 20 in. | Light clear yellow. Flowers have incurved petals like small chrysanthemums. Very early <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Golden<br/>Bedder</b>                                       | " "   | h-A                        | 18 in. | Golden orange flowers. Double crest in center, surrounded by row of outer petals. Very early. All-America Award, 1942 <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Marigold, Golden<br/>State</b>  | " "   | h-A                        | 24 in. | Orange. Of same type as Guinea Gold, but much larger flowers. Usually 100% double and very uniform. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Gold<br/>Medal Blend</b>                                    | " "   | h-A                        | 30 in. | Yellow and orange. Delightful combination of Guinea Gold and Yellow Supreme <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Marigold, Guinea<br/>Gold</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 30 in. | Brilliant orange. Loose flat petals. Effective in bouquet and border <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Honey-<br/>comb</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 16 in. | Light golden orange. Large flowers with incurved petals surrounded by guard petals. Bushy plants. Good cut flower (See page 25) <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Marigold, Lime-<br/>light</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 20 in. | All-America Bronze Medal, 1940. Primrose yellow. Early blooming. Not odorless <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Marigold, Yellow<br/>Supreme</b>                                      | " "   | h-A                        | 30 in. | Light clear yellow. Superb for border and cutting <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Marigold, Orange<br/>Sunset</b>                                       | <i>Tagetes gigantea</i>                         | h-A                        | 24 in. | Orange. Very large flowers. About 75% double. Best variety in "Sunset" class <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Sunset<br/>Giants Mixed</b>                                 | <i>Tagetes gigantea</i>                         | h-A                        | 3 ft.  | Tones of orange, yellow, primrose. Huge flowers with loosely formed petals. Fragrant. For mild climates only <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, French<br/>Double Dwarf<br/>Butterball</b>                  | <i>Tagetes patula</i>                           | h-A                        | 6 in.  | Canary yellow flowers of scabiosa type. Blooms early. Attractive for edging. All-America Award, 1942 <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Dwarf<br/>Coronet</b>                                       | " "   | h-A                        | 9 in.  | Small flowers with golden yellow centers, mahogany collars. Uniform in growth and season of bloom. Plants compact, free-flowering. Low edgings and window boxes (see page 24) <b>pkt. 15c</b>              |
| <b>Marigold, Dwarf<br/>Improved<br/>Harmony</b>                          | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | From lovely golden orange to golden yellow; many beautifully blotched and striped. Crested centers. Very early <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Dwarf<br/>Hybrids</b>                                       | " "   | h-A                        | 9 in.  | Pure golden orange. Scabiosa type. Very floriferous. Dark green foliage. Blooms midsummer to frost. Our introduction (See page 24) <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Dwarf<br/>Treasure</b>                                      | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | Mahogany outside petals; orange tufted center. Blooms early and until hard frost <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, French<br/>Double Dwarf<br/>Harmony</b>                     | " "   | h-A                        | 10 in. | Orange, yellow, maroon. Compact rounded plants, ideal for edging and bedding <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, French<br/>Double Dwarf<br/>Mixed (Harmony<br/>Hybrids)</b> | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | Fully double, brilliant orange flowers of the Harmony type. Blooms early and all summer. Unsurpassed as border or edging plant. Superb new Ferry-Morse development—All-America Award, 1942 <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Marigold, French<br/>Double Dwarf<br/>Melody</b>                      | " "   | h-A                        | 9 in.  | All-America Award 1941. Extra early. Free blooming. Harmony-type flowers with light yellow centers <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, French<br/>Double Dwarf<br/>Spry</b>                        | " "   | h-A                        | 8 in.  | Single row of golden yellow petals around center of velvety garnet <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, Single<br/>French Dwarf<br/>Legion of Honor</b>             | " "   | h-A                        | 4 in.  | Golden orange blossoms, Harmony-type, one-inch across. Very early and long blooming. Unusually good for window boxes and edgings. All-America Award, 1943 (See page 25) <b>pkt. 15c</b>                    |
| <b>Marigold, Sunkist</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Fine blend of two-toned flowers. For border decoration and cutting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Marigold, French<br/>Double Tall<br/>Mixed</b>                        | " "   | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Fine blend of two-toned flowers. For border decoration and cutting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Matricaria capensis,<br/>Double<br/>White</b>                         | Feverfew  | h-P                        | 2 ft.  | Dainty white button-like flowers in terminal clusters. Excellent in garden and for cutting. Long blooming <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Matthiola bicornis</b>  | Evening Scented<br>Stock                        | h-A                        | 15 in. | Small mauve flowers. Especially desirable for fragrance <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Mesembryanthemum tricolor</b>   | Dew Plant                                       | h-A                        | 6 in.  | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |



# They'll Add Zest to Your Gardening



*Morning Glory, Pearly Gates*

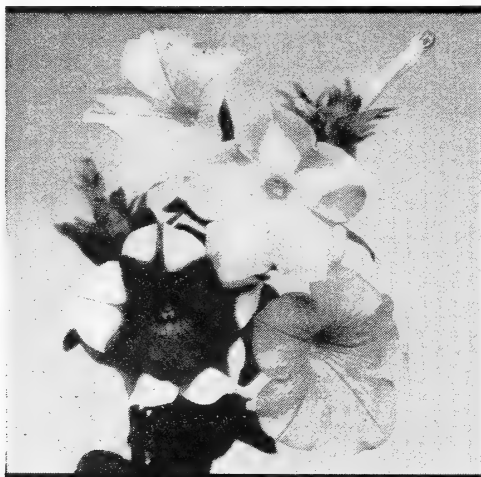


*Marigold, Melody*

| Name on Packet                                      | Other Names                     | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.                         | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|---|---------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| <b>Mignonette, Ma-<br/>chet</b>                     | <i>Reseda</i>                   | h-A                        | 12 in.                      | Bronze spikes; dark green leaves. Greatly valued for fragrance <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Mignonette, Red<br/>Goliath</b>                  | <i>Reseda</i>                   | h-A                        | 12 in.                      | Large coppery-red spikes. Vigorous plant. Thrives in full sun or partial shade <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Momordica, Bal-<br/>sam Apple</b>                | <i>Momordica balsamina</i>      | h-A                        | 10 ft.                      | Brilliant yellow flowers; spherical fruits. Lacy foliage <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Momordica, Bal-<br/>sam Pear</b>                 | <i>Momordica charantia</i>      | h-A                        | 10 ft.                      | Cylindrical, elongated yellow fruits. Sometimes boiled and eaten in young state <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Momordica, Mixed</b>                             | Balsam Apple and Pear           | h-A                        | 10 ft.                      | Yellow flowers; fruits of apple and pear shape. Ornamental vine <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Moon Flower</b>                                  | <i>Ipomoea grandiflora alba</i> | h-A                        | 12 ft. or more              | White blossoms. A vine unsurpassed for size of flowers. Fragrant in evening <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Cornell</b>                   | <i>Ipomoea</i>                  | h-A                        | 12 ft. or more              | Popular new vine. Flowers 4 in. across. Bright rose red with pure white border. Strong grower, rapid climber <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Crimson Ram-<br/>bler</b>     | <i>Convolvulus</i>              | h-A                        | 12 ft. or more              | Ruby red, white throat. Strong climber. Effective against side of house or on fence or trellis. Our 1939 introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Giant Mixed</b>               | <i>Ipomoea imperialis</i>       | h-A                        | 10 ft.                      | Radiant colors with odd markings. Graceful vine <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Heavenly Blue</b>             | <i>Ipomoea rubro coerulea</i>   | h-A                        | 12 ft. or more              | Clear sky blue, creamy throat. Quick, dense growth and beautiful flowers make this vine wonderfully popular <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Liberty Mixed</b>             | .....                           | h-A                        | 12 ft. or more              | Blend of Heavenly Blue (blue), Pearly Gates (white), and Crimson Rambler (red) to make a patriotic effect climbing over porch, trellis, or fence (See page 1) <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Pearly Gates</b>              | <i>Ipomoea</i>                  | h-A                        | 12 ft. or more              | Large, pure white blossoms. Vigorous growth. Very floriferous. All-America Silver Medal Award, 1942. <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Scarlett O'Hara</b>           | <i>Ipomoea</i>                  | h-A                        | 10 ft.                      | Bright red. Large flowered. Not a strong climber. Good in window and porch boxes. All-America Award, 1938 <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Troubadour</b>                | <i>Ipomoea</i>                  | h-A                        | 12 ft.                      | Enormous crimson blossoms, rimmed white. A gay climber (See page 24) <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Morning Glory,<br/>Mixed</b>                     | <i>Convolvulus major</i>        | h-A                        | 10 ft. or more              | Clear tones of blue and crimson. Twine over fence, trellis, or on strings. Easy to grow <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>Nasturtium, Gold-<br/>en Gleam</b>               | <i>Tropaeolum</i>               | h-A                        | 15 in. tall; 3 ft. trailing | Golden yellow, semi-double flowers. Unsurpassed for cutting. Fragrant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Nasturtium, Gold-<br/>en Globe</b>               | "                               | h-A                        | 12 in.                      | Golden yellow. Compact form of Golden Gleam. For cutting, window box, low border planting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Nasturtium, Scar-<br/>let Gleam<br/>Improved</b> | "                               | h-A                        | 15 in. tall; 3 ft. trailing | Brilliant scarlet. Fine for cutting and border use. Some singles among the semi-doubles <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Nasturtium,<br/>Gleam Hybrids</b>                | "                               | h-A                        | 15 in. tall; 3 ft. trailing | Salmon, rose, yellow, primrose, red. Some singles among semi-doubles <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Nasturtium,<br/>Dwarf Mixed</b>                  | Tom Thumb Nasturtium            | h-A                        | 12 in.                      | Bright and pastel colors. Well suited for edgings, low borders, window boxes <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| <b>Nasturtium, Tall<br/>Mixed</b>                   | <i>Tropaeolum lobbianum</i>     | h-A                        | 18 in. tall; 5 ft. trailing | Bright colors. Window box; ornamental vine planting for trellis; cutting garden <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>Nemesia, Blue<br/>Gem</b>                        | <i>Nemesia compacta</i>         | h-A                        | 8 in.                       | Forget-me-not blue flowers. Excellent edging plant. Needs moist, cool climate <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |

# Give Your Annuals and Perennials

| Name on Packet                             | Other Names  | See "Key to Symbols" | Ht.        | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|--|--|----------------------|------------|---|
| <b>Nemesia grandiflora suttoni, Mixed</b>  | <i>Nemesia grandiflora</i>                         | h-A                  | 12 in.     | Warm tones of red, yellow, orange. Plants and flowers larger than Blue Gem; plants more spreading <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Nemesia, Triumph Mixed</b>              | <i>Nemesia compacta</i>                            | h-A                  | 8 in.      | Deep red, orange, yellow, blue, dark purple. Excellent edging or rock garden plant wherever summers are cool <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Nemophila, Insignis Blue</b>            | Baby-blue-eyes                                     | h-A                  | 6 in.      | Sky blue shading lighter at center. California wild flower that does well in other parts of country. Useful as ground cover <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Nicotiana, Evening Star</b>             | <i>Nicotiana affinis</i> hybrid; Flowering tobacco | hh-A                 | 2 to 3 ft. | White, lavender, purple, rose, red. Mass in border for fragrance. Combine with taller annuals <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Nierembergia coerulea (hippomanica)</b> | Dwarf Cup Flower                                   | hh-P                 | 6 in.      | Lavender-blue blossoms with yellow center. Profuse flowering. Splendid for edging, bordering walks, for rock gardens, window boxes <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Nierembergia, Purple Robe</b>           | Dwarf Cup Flower                                   | hh-P                 | 6 in.      | Deep blue or violet-blue. Can be grown as an annual. Continual bloom over long period. Very nice for border or rock garden. All-America Award, 1942 <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Painted Daisy, Double Mixed</b>         | <i>Pyrethrum roseum</i>                            | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>   |
| <b>Painted Daisy, Single Mixed</b>         | <i>Pyrethrum roseum</i> ; Persian Daisy            | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | Tones of rose and red. Beautiful in perennial border in spring <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Pansy, Superb Giant Mixed</b>           | <i>Viola tricolor</i>                              | h-A                  | 8 in.      | Bright colors. Large flowers. Compact plants <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Pansy, Dwarf Swiss Giant Mixed</b>      | " "  | h-A                  | 7 in.      | More compact than regular Swiss Giant. Flowers fully as large. Excellent for window box and border edging <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Pansy, Geneva Super Giant Mixed</b>     | " "  | h-A                  | 8 in.      | Many rich colors. Our own reselection of the Roggli type. Mammoth flowers <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Pansy, Maple Leaf Giant, Mixed</b>      | " "  | h-A                  | 8 in.      | Fine blend of colors. Extremely large flowers. Vigorous plants <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Pansy, Steele's Mastodon</b>            | " "  | h-A                  | 8 in.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>   |
| <b>Pansy, Swiss Giant or Roggli</b>        | " "  | h-A                  | 8 in.      | Separate colors: Rich garnet (ALPENGLOW); Deep blue (BERNA); Blue with deep blue blotches (LAKE OF THUN); Golden, blotched deep brown (RHINEGOLD). Large circular flowers. Long blooming season <b>Each: pkt. 25c</b> |
| <b>Pansy, Coronation Gold</b>              | " "  | h-A                  | 8 in.      | Clear yellow, lower petals lightly flushed orange. Large, nicely shaped flowers. Nice for edgings and window boxes <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Pansy, Swiss Giant or Roggli Mixed</b>  | " "  | h-A                  | 8 in.      | Collection of the richest colors and markings known in Pansies <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Pentstemon gloxinoides Mixed</b>        | Beard Tongue                                       | h-P                  | 2 ft.      | Gay colors. Large spikes of tubular flowers with spotted throats. Bloom for long period <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| <b>Perennial Sweet Pea, Mixed</b>          | <i>Lathyrus latifolius</i>                         | h-P                  | 5 ft.      | Carmine, pink, white. Excellent low climber for fences, stumps, and banks. Not fragrant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Balcony Blue</b>               | <i>Petunia hybrida</i>                             | h-A                  | 15 in.     | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Flaming Velvet</b>             | " "  | h-A                  | 2 ft.      | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, King</b>                       | " "  | h-A                  | 2 ft.      | Separate colors: Blue; Rose; Crimson; Violet; White; Howard's Star. Easiest petunia to grow and best for bedding <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia, Radiance</b>                   | " "  | h-A                  | 2 ft.      | All-America Award, 1941. Dazzling scarlet-rose, with gold center. Large flowered. Very free flowering. <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia, Rose King Improved</b>         | " "  | h-A                  | 15 in.     | Deep clear rose-pink. Large, plentiful flowers. Our introduction. All-America Award, 1935 <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |



*Petunia, Ferry's Midget Mixed*



*Pansy, Geneva Super Giant*



# Plenty of Room to Grow

| Name on Packet   | Other Names   | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|--|---|----------------------------|--------|--|
| <b>Petunia, Large<br/>Flowered Mixed</b>                                 | <i>Petunia hybrida</i>  | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Violet, rose, pink, white, lavender, crimson. One of the best window box varieties <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Celestial<br/>Rose</b>                                       | <i>Petunia nana compacta</i>                                  | h-A                        | 14 in. | Deep pink. Best pink petunia. Excellent for bedding, edging, window boxes <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia,<br/>Cream Star</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | All-America Silver Medal, 1940. Soft, creamy white, star-shaped blossoms. Extremely free-blooming <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia, First<br/>Lady</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | All-America Award, 1940. Pale rose pink, cream throat, darker veining. Bushy plants. Splendid for borders and window boxes <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Glow</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | All-America Silver Medal, 1939. Dwarf, ball shaped plants. Many flowers of rich rose-red with lighter throats <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia,<br/>Hollywood Star</b>                                       | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | Rose-pink flowers shaped like five-pointed stars, waved edges. Silver Medal, 1939 All-America Selections <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Igloo</b>  | " "   | h-A                        | 10 in. | Small, creamy-white, yellow-throated flowers. Neat, compact plants. Unexcelled for massing and for window boxes. Blooms mid-June to late summer. All-America Award, 1943 (See page 25) <b>pkt. 15c</b> |
| <b>Petunia,<br/>King Henry</b>   | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | Rich ox-blood crimson. Large flowers. Compact plants <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Rose<br/>Bedder</b>  | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | Bright rose-colored blossoms with golden throats. Many flowers, compact plants. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Rosy<br/>Morn</b>  | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | Rosy pink with white throat. Popular for window boxes <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia, Salmon<br/>Supreme</b>                                       | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | Deep salmon pink. Flowers small, but plentiful <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, SilverBlue<br/>(Heavenly Blue)</b>                           | " "   | h-A                        | 14 in. | Silvery sky blue. Very pretty combined with Celestial Rose <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Ferry's<br/>Midget Mixed</b>                                 | " "   | h-A                        | 12 in. | Our own special colorful blend. All the newest dwarf varieties <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Dwarf<br/>Giants of Cali-<br/>fornia Mixed</b>               | <i>Petunia superbissima</i>                                   | h-A                        | 10 in. | Wide range of colors. Plants compact. Single flowers very large and open throated. Unusually suitable for window box or potting <b>pkt. 50c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia, Giants of<br/>California,<br/>Mixed (Single<br/>Fringed)</b> | <i>Petunia superbissima</i>                                   | h-A                        | 13 in. | Wide range of colors. Huge fringed flowers. Harder to grow than smaller-flowered petunias <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia, Giant<br/>Ruffled Gaiety,<br/>(The Art)</b>                  | <i>Petunia erecta</i>   | h-A                        | 16 in. | Vari-colored, carmine and white single flowers. Frilled. Very free-blooming. Effective <b>pkt. 50c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, All-<br/>Double America</b>                                  | Petunia, Double   | h-A                        | 10 in. | Bright rose-pink flowers, carnation type. Blooms early, freely, and for long season. Fine for window boxes. All-America Award, 1943 (See page 25) <b>pkt. 25c</b>                                      |
| <b>Petunia, Maxi-<br/>mum Double<br/>Fringed, Mixed</b>                  | Petunia, All-Double   | h-A                        | 12 in. | Nice blend of colors. Practically 100% double and mostly giant-flowered in our trials <b>pkt. 75c</b>  |
| <b>Petunia, Dwarf<br/>Maximum Dou-<br/>ble Fringed<br/>Mixed</b>         | Petunia, All-Double   | h-A                        | 10 in. | Blend of reddish purple, crimson, rose, and white. Compact form of the Maximum strain. Superb pot plant <b>pkt. \$1.25</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Single<br/>Giant Snow-<br/>storm</b>                         | <i>Petunia hybrida<br/>grandiflora</i>                        | h-A                        | 12 in. | Mammoth white flowers. Beautiful in window boxes <b>pkt. 50c</b>   |
| <b>Petunia, Single<br/>Giant Fringed,<br/>Theodisia Im-<br/>proved</b>   | <i>Petunia hybrida<br/>grandiflora</i>                        | h-A                        | 12 in. | Very large ruffled flowers of soft rosy pink with veined yellow throat <b>pkt. 50c</b>   |
| <b>Phacelia</b>  | <i>Phacelia campanular-<br/>ia</i> ; California Blue<br>Bells | h-A                        | 8 in.  | Vivid gentian blue with prominent white anthers. Compact plant. Many bell-shaped flowers. Early and late blooming. Edgings and rock gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Phlox drummondii</b>  | Annual Phlox  | h-A                        | 12 in. | Separate colors: Chamois rose; Scarlet; Mixed. Use in large groups in border <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Phlox drum-<br/>mondii, Dwarf</b>                                     | Annual Phlox  | h-A                        | 8 in.  | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Phlox, Star Mixed</b>   | <i>Phlox cuspidata</i>  | h-A                        | 12 in. | <b>Seed not available until after harvest, 1944</b>  |
| <b>Pinks, Annual<br/>Double Carna-<br/>tion Shades</b>                   | <i>Dianthus heddewigii<br/>laciniatus flore<br/>plena</i>     | h-A                        | 12 in. | Shades of salmon, rose, red. Superb flowers. Much superior to the old Japanese pinks <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Pinks, Double<br/>China, Mixed</b>                                    | <i>Dianthus chinensis</i>                                     | h-A                        | 12 in. | Rich colors and markings. Fringed flowers somewhat like Sweet William but larger <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Pinks, Hardy<br/>Single and<br/>Double Mixed</b>                      | <i>Dianthus plumarius</i>                                     | h-P                        | 12 in. | Splendid assortment of colors. Deeply fringed flowers. Rich clove scent <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Pinks, Heddewig<br/>Gaiety, Single<br/>Mixed</b>                      | <i>Dianthus heddewigii</i>                                    | h-A                        | 12 in. | Gay colors, rich markings. Fringed petals. Fragrant. Delightful in the border <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Platycodon grand-<br/>iflora Blue</b>                                 | Chinese Bell Flower   | h-P                        | 18 in. | Steel blue with sparkling sheen. Buds are like small balloons. Flowers cup-shaped with pointed petals. Excellent in permanent border or semi-shaded rock garden <b>pkt. 10c</b>                        |
| <b>Poppy, American<br/>Legion</b>  | <i>Papaver rhoeas</i>   | h-A                        | 18 in. | Dazzling scarlet with white cross at center. Single flowers. Sow in beds by themselves or in groups in the border <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |

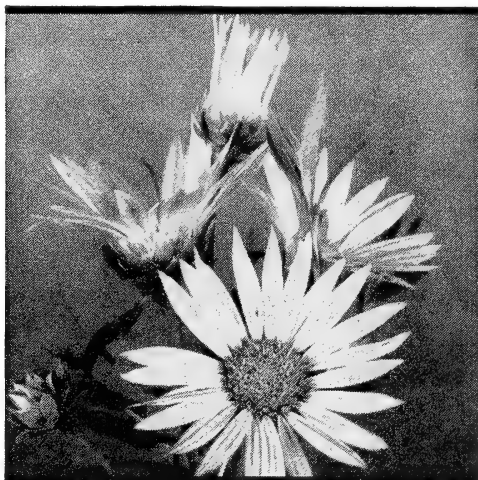
# Ferry-Morse Seeds for Your Garden

| Name on Packet                                      | Other Names  | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|---|--|----------------------------|--------|---|
| Poppy, Double<br>Shirley, Sweet<br>Briar            | <i>Papaver rhoeas</i>  | h-A                        | 18 in. | Charming double and semi-double pink flowers <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Poppy, Single<br>Shirley Mixed                      | " "  | h-A                        | 18 in. | Shades of pink and rose, bright scarlet, carmine-red. Large flowers produced over long season <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Poppy, Orientale<br>Hardy Red                       | <i>Papaver orientale</i>   | h-P                        | 2½ ft. | Glowing scarlet. A gorgeous splash of color in garden or border <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Poppy, Oriental<br>Hybrids                          | " "  | h-P                        | 2½ ft. | Mostly red, with some white, rose, salmon, and orange. Large cup-shaped flowers. Long stems. Fern-like foliage <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Poppy, Orientale<br>Salmon Shades                   | " "  | h-P                        | 40 in. | Fine new color development in Oriental Poppy. Gorgeous blossoms, spring to late summer <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| Portulaca, Double<br>Mixed                          | Moss Rose; Sun<br>Plant  | h-A                        | 6 in.  | Superb blend of gay colors. High percentage of doubles and semi-doubles <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Portulaca, Single                                   | Moss Rose; Sun<br>Plant  | h-A                        | 6 in.  | Separate colors: Scarlet; Yellow. Useful ground cover in dry sunny spots; at home in rock garden <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Portulaca, Single<br>Mixed                          | " "  | h-A                        | 6 in.  | Useful ground cover in dry, sunny spots; at home in rock garden <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Primrose, Showy<br>Evening                          | <i>Oenothera lamarckiana</i>   | h-B                        | 2½ ft. | Brilliant yellow. Interesting twilight bloomer <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Primula mala-<br>coides, New Baby                   | Baby Primrose  | t-P                        | 16 in. | Deep rosy lilac. Solid flowers. An improved variety <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| Primula veris<br>Mixed                              | <i>Primula polyanthus</i> ;<br>Bunch Primrose                                      | h-P                        | 6 in.  | Shades of lavender, red, maroon, yellow, white. Clusters of flowers on wiry stems. Rock garden or low border <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| Ranunculus,<br>Morse's Mam-<br>moth Double<br>Mixed | Buttercup  | h-P                        | 10 in. | Yellow, orange, and red tones. Compact plants. Large double and semi-double flowers. Very attractive in hardy border in early summer <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Rhodanthe macu-<br>lata Mixed                       | Everlasting  | h-A                        | 12 in. | Charming, graceful strawflower. Drooping bells expand into broad starry discs with golden centers. Dry in cool place with heads down <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Rudbeckia bi-<br>color superba                      | Cone Flower  | h-A                        | 2 ft.  | Cone shaped brown centers; golden petals, velvety brown spots at base. Excellent as cut flower, or in clumps in border <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Rudbeckia,<br>Starlight                             | Cone Flower  | h-A                        | 3 ft.  | Large flowered, semi-double. Primrose-yellow to mahogany, some bi-colored. Long stems for cutting. Good background plant. All-America Award, 1942 <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| Salpiglossis, Large<br>Flowered                     | Painted Tongue   | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Blue-and-Gold; Brown-and-Gold; Purple-and-Gold; Rose-and-Gold; Crimson; and Mixed. Large lily-like flowers on long wiry stalks rising from low base of leaves. Separate colors, <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b><br><b>Mixed: pkt. 10c</b> |
| Salvia, Bonfire                                     | Flowering Sage; Scar-<br>let Sage  | t-P<br>used as<br>annual   | 18 in. | Bright red. Especially pretty with dark green or white background <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Salvia farinacea,<br>Blue Bedder                    | Flowering Sage   | hh-P                       | 3 ft.  | Pale, cloudy blue, tubular flowers on tall slender spikes. Desirable for cutting <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| Salvia patens                                       | " "  | t-P                        | 18 in. | One of finest indigo blue flowers. Long flower spikes. Plants bushy. Attractive in border <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| Salvia splendens                                    | " "  | t-P                        | 2 ft.  | Scarlet. Large flowered early strain of this vigorous old favorite <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Saponaria<br>vaccaria rosea                         | Soapwort; Bouncing<br>Bet  | h-A                        | 8 in.  | Gay rosy scarlet. Dense bright green foliage. Many starry flowers. Rock garden or front of border <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Scabiosa<br>caucasica                               | Pincushion Flower  | h-P                        | 2 ft.  | Lavender blue. Attractive flowers on long stems. Blooms through the summer <b>pkt. 25c</b>  |
| Scabiosa colum-<br>baria                            | " "  | h-P                        | 18 in. | Separate colors: Lavender; Pink. Plants more dwarf and spreading than Caucasica type. Finely cut foliage <b>Each: pkt. 25c</b>  |
| Scabiosa, Blue<br>Moon                              | " "  | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Clear lavender blue. Huge flowers on long strong stems. All-America Honorable Mention, 1939 <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Scabiosa, Dwarf<br>Heavenly Blue                    | " "  | h-A                        | 18 in. | All-America Award, 1940. Clear lavender blue. Dwarf bushy plants. For low borders <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Scabiosa, Giant<br>Annual                           | " "  | h-A                        | 2½ ft. | Maroon; Peach Blossom; Red; Rose; Yellow; and Mixed. Large double blossoms about two inches across. Separate colors, <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b><br><b>Mixed: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Scarlet Flax  | <i>Linum grandiflorum</i><br><i>rubrum</i>   | h-A                        | 18 in. | Bright glossy red. Graceful in clumps in the border. Excellent rock garden plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Scarlet Runner<br>Bean                              | <i>Phaseolus coccineus</i>   | h-A                        | 10 ft. | Bright red, pea-shaped flowers. Splendid ornamental climber which gives good shade. Beans good for table use <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Schizanthus,<br>Dr. Badger's<br>Hybrids             | Poor Man's Orchid  | h-A                        | 18 in. | Flowers like tiny butterflies in pastel shades with dainty markings. A beautiful collection <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Sensitive Plant                                     | <i>Mimosa pudica</i>   | h-A                        | 12 in. | Leaves droop and fold when touched. Interesting in outdoor summer garden or as pot plant. Small pink flowers <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Shasta Daisy  | <i>Chrysanthemum</i><br><i>leucanthemum</i><br><i>hybridum maximum</i>             | h-P                        | 2 ft.  | White single blossoms with yellow centers. Long stems for cutting. Blooms freely <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Shasta Daisy,<br>Alaska                             | <i>Chrysanthemum</i><br><i>leucanthemum</i><br><i>hybridum maxi-</i><br><i>mum</i> | h-P                        | 2 ft.  | White. Flowers extra large with yellow centers. Somewhat later in blooming than regular strain. Splendid where season is long <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |

# are Always Available through Your Dealer



*Salvia, Bonfire growing for seed at our  
Oakview Seed Breeding Station*



*Star of Texas*

## BORDER AND WINDOW BOX COLLECTION

Petunia (two shades), Verbena, Harmony Marigold, Golden Gleam Nasturtium, Ageratum. Enough for a generous border and several window boxes. Package containing 6 packets . . . . .50c

| Name on Packet  | Other Names                    | See<br>"Key to<br>Symbols" | Ht.          | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|---|
| <b>Sidalcea, New Hybrids</b>  | Greek Mallow                   | h-P                        | 3 ft.        | Odd shaped blooms in pink and rose shades on long spikes. Stately plants. Useful for tall backgrounds and as a cut flower <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Snapdragon, Compact Bedding Bronze (Rust-Resistant)</b>            | <i>Antirrhinum nanum</i>       | h-A                        | 18 in.       | Rich golden bronze, flushed rose. Plants dwarf and compact. Free blooming. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Snapdragon, Compact Bedding Light Salmon Pink (Rust-Resistant)</b> | <i>Antirrhinum nanum</i>       | h-A                        | 18 in.       | Exquisite color. Our own special strain bred to resist rust <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Snapdragon, Giant Bedding, Rust-Resistant</b>                      | <i>Antirrhinum majus</i>       | h-A                        | 2 ft.        | Pink; Scarlet; White; Yellow; and Mixed. Strong growing. Our own special strains bred to resist rust<br>Separate colors, <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b><br><b>Mixed: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Snapdragon, Tall Maximum Rust-Resistant</b>                        | <i>Antirrhinum maximum</i>     | h-A                        | 3 ft.        | Copper (COPPER QUEEN); Crimson; Pink (PINK SENSATION); White; Yellow; and Mixed. Huge spikes. Requires staking. Our own strains.<br>Separate colors, <b>Each: pkt. 15c</b><br><b>Mixed: pkt. 15c</b>  |
| <b>Snow-on-the-mountain</b>   | <i>Euphorbia variegata</i>     | h-A                        | 2 ft.        | Foliage bright green and silvery-white. Adds interest and contrast to flower border <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Star of Texas</b>  | <i>Xanthisma texanum</i>       | h-A                        | 16 in.       | Small, daisy-like flowers. Golden yellow with yellow eye. Free blooming. Ideal for dry, sunny locations <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Statice sinuata</b>  | Sea Lavender                   | h-A                        | 2 ft.        | Rose; True Blue; White; Yellow (BONDUELLI); and Mixed. Stiff stalks bear dense groups of blossoms in graduated rows. Dainty winter bouquets <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Statice suworowi</b>   | Rat Tail Statice; Sea Lavender | h-A                        | 2 ft.        | Rose colored blossoms on tapering spikes resembling long slender tails <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Stevia serrata, White</b>  | <i>Piqueria</i>                | t-P                        | 2 ft.        | Tiny clear white blossoms, faintly scented. Hardy in mild climates. May be used as annual in short season climates. One of best of small flowering plants <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Stock, Beauty of Nice</b>  | <i>Matthiola incana</i>        | h-A                        | 16 to 18 in. | Canary Yellow; Chamois (AURORA); Crimson; Lavender; Light Pink; Mauve; Old Rose; Purple; Rose Pink (ROSE OF NICE); Salmon Rose; White; and Mixed. Follows Ten Weeks class in season of bloom. Plants pyramidal.<br>Separate colors, <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b><br><b>Mixed: pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Stock, Early Beauty of Nice Carmine Rose</b>                       | <i>Matthiola incana</i>        | h-A                        | 18 in.       | Our own 1941 introduction. Weeks earlier than regular Beauty of Nice. Sure to bloom. New, attractive color <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |

# Our Sweet Peas are Famous 'Round the World

## FERRY-MORSE SWEET PEAS RECOMMENDED AS BEST IN THEIR COLOR CLASS

**Early Flowering Spencer**—Plant outdoors in autumn in California and the South; plant in very early spring for early summer bloom where summers are hot. Also widely grown for greenhouse use.

**Early Daphne**—Soft salmon pink on cream ground (Silver Medal International Flower Show 1937); **Early Memory**—Clear rosy lavender; **Early Chime**—Light salmon pink; **Early Mariner**—Clear marine blue (Award of Merit Dutch Horticultural Society); **Early White Harmony**—Black seeded white; **Signal Red**—Bright scarlet; **Early Star**—Sparkling rose pink flushed salmon (Award of Merit, Dutch

Horticultural Society); **Early Triumph**—Soft lilac mauve (Certificate of Merit, Chicago Commercial Flower Growers); **Early Boon**—Deep cream pink shaded salmon (Certificate of Merit, Chicago Commercial Flower Growers); **Early Apollo**—Soft salmon cerise; **Early Cinderella**—Clear light blue; **Early Mars**—Rich ox-blood crimson

Each: pkt. 10c

**Spring Flowering Spencer**—Our new class of Sweet Peas. They do even better under hot summer conditions than the Early Flowering. Tremendous vine growth. Extra long stems. Fragrant. In growing them use the same cultural methods as for other Sweet Peas.

**Black Seeded Cream**  
**Blue**—(All-America Award)  
**Clear Cerise**  
**Crimson**  
**Deep Maroon**  
**Lavender**—(All-America Award)

**Light Blue**  
**Light Carmine**  
**Light Cream Pink**  
**Mauve**  
**Navy Blue**  
**Purple**  
Each: pkt. 10c

**Rose Carmine**  
**Rose Pink**—  
(All-America Award)  
**Salmon Cream Pink**  
**Scarlet**  
**White (White seeded)**  
**White (Black seeded)**

**Summer (or Late) Flowering Spencer**—Plant where nights are cool and days not extremely hot.

**Ecstasy**—Blush pink; **Peer**—Bright orange pink (Award of Merit, British National Sweet Pea Society); **Welcome**—Brilliant scarlet; **King Lavender**—Clear lavender; **Gigantic**—Clear white, black seeded; **Amethyst**—Clear medium blue; **Discovery**—Beautiful chamois pink; **Vista**—Clear light pur-

ple; **Fairyland**—Rich, rose cream pink; **Stylist**—Clear rich rose pink; **Flagship**—Clear navy blue (Silver Medal, Scottish Sweet Pea Society); **Mastercream**—Rich deep cream, black seeded

Each: pkt. 10c

"FERRY-MORSE SWEET PEAS and How to Grow Them," containing complete list of varieties, will be sent free upon request

| Name on Packet                                  | Other Names                                | See "Key to Symbols" | Ht.           | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------|---|
| Stock, Double Dwarf Ten Weeks                   | <i>Matthiola incana</i>                    | h-A                  | 12 in.        | Bright Pink; Canary Yellow; Crimson; Lavender; Mauve; Purple; White; and Mixed. Excellent for edgings or low beds<br>Separate colors, Each: pkt. 10c<br>Mixed: pkt. 10c   |
| Stock, Giant Imperial                           | " "  | h-A                  | 2 ft.         | Outstanding strains for cutting. Antique Copper; Carmine Rose; Chamois; Crimson; Dark Purple (ELK'S PRIDE); Golden Rose; Lavender; Mauve; Old Rose; Purple; Rose; Salmon Rose; White (SANTA MARIA); Yellow (GOLDEN BALL); and Mixed. Long stems. Large flowers.<br>Separate colors, Each: pkt. 10c<br>Mixed: pkt. 10c |
| Stock, Giant Winter                             | Brompton Stock;<br><i>Matthiola incana</i> | hh-B                 | 2 ft.         | Huge spikes. Late blooming. Use in open only in mild climates. Soft Rose (EGYPTIAN); Mixed<br>Each: pkt. 25c  |
| Stokesia cyanea                                 | Perennial Cornflower                       | h-P                  | 1½ ft.        | Beautiful light blue flowers, about 3 inches across, resembling single cornflower or single Aster. Long, firm stems ideal for cutting<br>pkt. 25c   |
| Strawflower, Mixed                              | <i>Helichrysum</i>                         | h-A                  | 2½ ft.        | Brilliant and soft colors. Double pompon flowers. Best of all Everlastings for winter bouquets<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Sunflower, Double Sun Gold                      | <i>Helianthus</i>                          | h-A                  | 6 ft.         | Quilled petals in solid hemisphere of bright yellow<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Sunflower, Red and Gold                         | "  | h-A                  | 5 ft.         | Petals crimson and yellow; center deep red. Useful background flower<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Sunflower, Single Stella                        | "  | h-A                  | 3 ft.         | Yellow petals around a small dark disc. Bushy branching plant. Three-inch flowers on long stems<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Sweet Peas, Early Flowering Spencer             | <i>Lathyrus</i>                            | h-A                  | 3 ft. or more | Separate colors: Blue; Cream-pink; Lavender; Rose-pink; Scarlet; White<br>Each: pkt. 10c  |
| Sweet Peas, Early Flowering Spencer Mixed       | "  | h-A                  | 3 ft. or more | Brilliant collection of named varieties. For winter bloom in California and the South; for early summer bloom where summers are hot<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Sweet Peas, Late Flowering Spencer              | "  | h-A                  | 3 ft. or more | Separate colors: Blue; Cream-pink; Lavender; Rose-pink; Scarlet; White<br>Each: pkt. 10c  |
| Sweet Peas, Late Flowering Spencer Superb Mixed | "  | h-A                  | 3 ft. or more | Finest named varieties. Freer blooming and longer stemmed than early varieties. Use where summers are fairly cool<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Sweet Peas, Late Flowering Spencer Choice Mixed | "  | h-A                  | 3 ft. or more | Wide range of lovely colors<br>pkt. 5c  |
| Sweet Peas, Spring Flowering Spencer            | "  | h-A                  | 3 ft. or more | Black Seeded Cream; Blue; Clear Cerise; Crimson; Deep Maroon; Lavender; Light Blue; Light Carmine; Light Cream Pink; Mauve; Navy Blue; Purple; Rose Carmine; Rose Pink; Salmon Cream Pink; Scarlet; White (Black seeded); White (White seeded); and Mixed<br>Each: pkt. 10c   |

# Have You Tried Our New Spring Flowering?



Sweet Peas growing on our Trial Grounds. At the left a row of Spring Flowering; at the right a row of Early Flowering

**SWEET PEAS, SPRING FLOWERING.** Flowers large, abundant, fragrant. Stems long. Tremendous vine growth. Succeed where other Sweet Peas fail because of summer heat. Rose Pink, Blue, and Lavender (All-America Award winners); Mauve, Clear Pink, and White. Package containing 6 packets . . . 50c



Zinnia, Royal Purple (See Page 22)  
This splendid addition to our list of outstanding Zinnias received an All-America Award in 1942

**SWEET PEAS, EARLY (CHRISTMAS) FLOWERING.** Huge waved flowers. Bright colors. For winter bloom in California and the South; for early summer bloom where summers are hot. Package containing 6 packets.....50c  
**SWEET PEAS, LATE FLOWERING.** (Known on West Coast as "Summer Flowering") Lovely colors. For localities where summers are fairly cool. Package containing 6 packets....50c

| Name on Packet               | Other Names                                  | See "Key to Symbols" | Ht.    | Colors—Suggestions—Prices   |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--------|---|
| Sweet Pea, Perennial         | <i>Lathyrus latifolius</i>                   |                      |        | See Perennial Sweet Pea, Page 16  |
| Sweet William, Double Mixed  | <i>Dianthus barbatus</i>                     | h-P                  | 2 ft.  | Dainty shades. Not so showy, but longer in flower than the Single type<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Sweet William, Single Mixed  | <i>Dianthus barbatus</i>                     | h-P                  | 2 ft.  | Fine rounded clusters, 3 or 4 in. across. Especially good to follow tulips<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Sweet Wivelsfield            | <i>Dianthus</i>                              | h-A                  | 15 in. | Red and pink. Similar to Sweet William but plants are smaller. Fragrant. For edging or for cutting. Double flowered<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Tagetes signata pumila       | Single Dwarf Mari-gold                       | h-A                  | 10 in. | Small, golden yellow flowers on bushy plants. Ideal for edging<br>pkt. 15c  |
| Texas Blue Bonnet            | <i>Lupin texensis</i>                        | h-A                  | 12 in. | Rich deep blue; heart-shaped rose-pink eye. Prefers cool weather. Good in dry locations<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Thermopsis caroliniana       | False Lupin                                  | h-P                  | 1½ ft. | Long spikes of golden yellow blossoms resembling Lupin. Useful for low borders and rock gardens<br>pkt. 15c   |
| Thunbergia alata, Mixed      | Black Eyed Susan                             | t-P                  | 4 ft.  | Blossoms white through buff to deep orange with solid black center. Twines or climbs. Use as annual for window box, ground cover in sun, or to overhang bank<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Tithonia                     | <i>Tithonia speciosa</i> ; Mexican Sunflower | t-P                  | 6 ft.  | Vivid orange-scarlet flowers; odd-shaped leaves. Annual in North; perennial in mild climates<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Tithonia, Fireball           | <i>Tithonia speciosa</i> ; Mexican Sunflower | t-P                  | 6 ft.  | Improved new strain. Early<br>pkt. 15c  |
| Verbena                      | <i>Verbena hybrida</i>                       | t-P used as annual   | 8 in.  | Scarlet; Fine Mixed (superb blend). Good-sized blossoms. Rock gardens, low borders, window boxes<br>Each: pkt. 10c  |
| Verbena Hybrida Mammoth      | <i>Verbena gigantea</i>                      | t-P used as annual   | 8 in.  | Separate colors: Blue with white eye; Pink (LUMINOSA); Scarlet (LUCIFER); White. Large flowering strain with fine rounded blossom clusters<br>Each: pkt. 15c  |
| Verbena, Super-Giant Hybrids | <i>Verbena gigantea</i>                      | t-P used as annual   | 8 in.  | Superb blend of colors. Large flowers. Fine rounded clusters<br>pkt. 15c  |
| Vinca                        | <i>Vinca rosea</i> ; Periwinkle              | t-P used as annual   | 15 in. | Separate colors: White; Rose; White with rose center; and Mixed. Very satisfactory for bedding and borders. Foliage free from insects<br>Each: pkt. 10c   |
| Viola cornuta                | Tufted Pansy                                 | h-P                  | 6 in.  | White; Yellow; Light Blue (BLUE PERFECTION); and Mixed. One of best edging plants for border or rock garden<br>Separate colors, Each: pkt. 25c<br>Mixed: pkt. 10c   |
| Viola cornuta bicolor        | Johnny-jump-up                               | h-P                  | 6 in.  | Gold and purple. Dwarf plants covered with tiny blooms. Our own growing<br>pkt. 15c   |
| Viola, Blue Elf              | " "  | h-P                  | 9 in.  | Small blossoms with upper petals deep violet-blue, lower petals lighter, gold eye, black markings. New, distinct variety of our own introduction. Ideal for rock gardens, window boxes, edgings in semi-shade. Best treated as annual (See page 25)<br>pkt. 15c |
| Viola cornuta, Jersey Gem    | Tufted Pansy                                 | h-P                  | 6 in.  | Seed not available until after harvest, 1944  |

# Our Zinnia Strains Are Winners!



*Lilliput and Cupid Zinnias in gay colors*



*Zinnia crop growing for seed on a Ferry-Morse farm*

**ZINNIAS, GIANT FLOWERED.** Colors selected for brilliance and harmony. Our own superb, fully double strains. Package containing 6 packets....50c

| Name on Packet                                    | Other Names                              | See "Key to Symbols" | Ht.       | Colors—Suggestions—Prices  |
|---|--|----------------------|-----------|--|
| <b>Viola, Large Flowered Mixed</b>                | <i>Viola cornuta</i>                     | h-P                  | 6 in.     | Ruby, bronze, blue, golden yellow and many unusual shades. Special formula blend of choice large flowered Violas <b>pkt. 25c</b>   |
| <b>Virginian Stock</b>                            | <i>Malcomia</i>                          | h-A                  | 6 in.     | Red and white. Rock garden, bedding, edging <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Whitlavia gloxinoides Blue</b>                 | California Canterbury Bell               | h-A                  | 12 in.    | Violet blue bells with white interiors. Leaves heart-shaped and toothed. California native that does well almost anywhere <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Wild Garden Mixture</b>                        | Old Fashioned Garden Flowers             | h-A                  | 20-24 in. | Splendid mixture of kinds and colors for interesting border planting <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>Woolflower, Crimson</b>                        | <i>Celosia childsi</i> or <i>globosa</i> | h-A                  | 2 ft.     | Vivid crimson flower clusters. Showy border plant. May be used as Everlasting <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Xeranthemum Double Mixed</b>                   | Everlasting                              | h-A                  | 18 in.    | Rose, purple, yellow, or white silky petals around tufted centers of white. Excellent for winter bouquets <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Double Giant Dahlia Flowered</b>       | Youth-and-Old-Age                        | h-A                  | 2½ ft.    | Light Yellow (CANARY BIRD); Crimson (CRIMSON MONARCH IMPROVED); Golden Yellow (GOLDEN DAWN); Lavender (DREAM); Light Rose (EXQUISITE); Orange and Gold (ORIOLE); Purple (PURPLE PRINCE); Rich purple (ROYAL PURPLE); Scarlet (SCARLET FLAME); White (POLAR BEAR). Our own improved strains <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Zinnia, Double Giant Dahlia Flowered Mixed</b> | " "                                      | h-A                  | 2½ ft.    | Beautiful blend of colors <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Giant Double</b>                       | " "                                      | h-A                  | 2½ ft.    | Lavender; Rose; Crimson; Light Yellow; Golden Orange; Orange; Pink; Purple; Scarlet; White. Grand background flower. Showy cut flower. Easy to grow. Our own improved strains <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Double Elegans</b>                     | Cut-and-come again                       | h-A                  | 2 ft.     | Bright Scarlet; Golden Orange; Salmon Rose; Spun Gold. Flowers about 2½ in. diameter. Dome shaped with petals overlapped <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Zinnia, Double Elegans Mixed</b>               | Cut-and-come-again                       | h-A                  | 2 ft.     | Very colorful <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Double Fantasy Mixed</b>               | Youth-and-Old-Age                        | h-A                  | 2 ft.     | Red, rose, orange, yellow. Delightful novelty <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Cupid Tiny Tim</b>                     | Improved Red Riding Hood                 | h-A                  | 12 in.    | Gay scarlet. Compact plants and small flowers. An edging gem and a fine cut flower <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Zinnia, Lilliput or Pompon</b>                 | Youth-and-Old Age                        | h-A                  | 16 in.    | Canary Yellow; Crimson; Flesh; Golden Gem; Lilac Gem; Orange; Purple; Rosebud; Salmon Gem; Scarlet; White. Charming for low borders and cutting <b>Each: pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Lilliput or Pompon Mixed</b>           | Youth-and-Old-Age                        | h-A                  | 16 in.    | Delightful blend <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Zinnia, Mexicana Hybrids</b>                   | Mexican Zinnia                           | h-A                  | 12 in.    | Yellow, orange, mahogany. Exquisite colors and form. Some single, some double <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Navajo Mixed</b>                       | Gaillardia Flowered                      | h-A                  | 18 in.    | Medium sized, double flowers. Odd markings and brilliant hues, resembling an Indian rug <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, All-Giant Indian Summer Mixture</b>    | Youth-and-Old-Age                        | h-A                  | 2½ ft.    | Crimson, flame-scarlet, cherry, golden-yellow, and burnished copper. Superb cut flowers. Blended for those who like bright colors <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, All-Giant Pastel Mixture</b>           | " "                                      | h-A                  | 2½ ft.    | Pink, lavender, primrose, soft yellow, and white. Superb cutting flowers blended for those who prefer soft colors <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Zinnia, Super Crown o' Gold Pastel Tints</b>   | " "                                      | h-A                  | 2½ ft.    | Blend of soft, pretty colors. Huge, double blossoms. Each petal overlaid at base with deep golden yellow. Fine for cutting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |

# Flowers Grouped for Special Uses

## Easiest to Grow Under Ordinary Garden Conditions

Alyssum, Sweet  
Bachelor Button  
Calendula  
California Poppy  
Candytuft, Annual  
Chrysanthemum, Annual  
Coreopsis  
Cosmos  
Four o'clock  
Gaillardia  
Marigold  
Nasturtium  
Poppy, Annual  
Portulaca  
Snow-on-the-mountain  
Sunflower, Ornamental  
Zinnia

## For Fragrance

Abronia  
Alyssum, Sweet  
Candytuft  
Carnation  
Centaurea imperialis  
Heliotrope  
Hesperis matronalis  
Lavender  
Lilium regale  
Matthiola  
Mignonette  
Nicotiana  
Petunia  
Primula  
Scabiosa  
Stock  
Sweet Pea  
Sweet William  
Verbena

## For Edgings

Ageratum  
Alyssum, Sweet  
Dahlberg Daisy  
English Daisy  
Heuchera  
(Coral Bells)  
Linaria  
Lobelia  
Marigold, Dwarf  
Nemesia  
Pansy  
Petunia, Dwarf  
Portulaca  
Verbena  
Viola

## For Backgrounds

Cleome  
Delphinium  
Hollyhock  
Larkspur, Super Majestic  
Poppy, Oriental  
Hardy Red  
Sidalcea  
Sunflower, Ornamental  
Tithonia

## For Winter Bouquets

Acroclinium  
Chinese Lantern  
Cockscomb  
Globe Amaranth  
Gypsophila paniculata  
Helichrysum  
Lunaria  
Rhodanthe  
Statice  
Xeranthemum

## For Semi-Shade

Anchusa italica  
Bachelor Button  
Balsam  
Centaurea imperialis  
Clarkia  
Coleus  
Columbine  
English Daisy  
Forget-me-not  
Geum  
Godetia  
Linaria  
Lupin  
Mignonette  
Nasturtium  
Pansy  
Platycodon  
Sweet William  
Viola

## For Window and Porch Boxes

Ageratum  
Bachelor Button, Jubilee Gem  
Candytuft  
Cobaea scandens  
Coleus  
Heliotrope  
Lantana  
Lobelia  
Marigold, Dwarf  
Mignonette  
Morning Glory  
Nasturtium, Dwarf  
Nierembergia  
Pansy  
Petunia  
Phlox drummondii  
Snapdragon, Giant  
Bedding  
Thunbergia  
Verbena  
Vinca

## For Rock Gardens, Annuals

Abronia  
African Daisy  
Alyssum, Sweet  
Brachycome  
Dahlberg Daisy  
Ice Plant  
Linaria  
Lobelia  
Phacelia  
Phlox drummondii  
Portulaca  
Saponaria  
Schizanthus  
Thunbergia  
Scarlet Flax  
Star of Texas  
Statice  
Verbena  
Virginian Stock

## For Rock Gardens, Perennials

Alyssum, Hardy  
Arabis  
Armeria  
Asclepias tuberosa  
Aubrietia  
Callirhoe  
Campanula carpatia  
Cerastium tomentosum  
Cheiranthus (biennial)  
Columbine  
Dianthus plumarius  
English Daisy  
Forget-me-not  
Gypsophila paniculata  
Heuchera (Coral Bells)  
Iceland Poppy  
Linum  
Nierembergia  
Platycodon  
Primula, Hardy  
Ranunculus  
Thermopsis  
Viola

## Vines for Screening and Ornament

Australian Pea Vine  
Cardinal Climber  
Cobaea scandens  
Cypress Vine  
Gourd  
Humulus japonicus  
Kudzu Vine  
Momordica  
Moon Flower  
Morning Glory  
Perennial Sweet Pea  
Scarlet Runner Bean  
Sweet Pea  
Thunbergia

## For Withstanding Drought

Abronia  
Achillea  
African Daisy  
Ageratum  
Alyssum, Carpet of Snow  
Arctotis  
Armeria  
Asclepias tuberosa  
Bartonia  
Brachycome  
Calliopsis  
Campanula pyramidalis  
Candytuft  
Chinese Forget-me-not  
Coreopsis  
Cosmos  
Dahlberg Daisy  
Euphorbia heterophylla  
Four o'clock  
Hollyhock  
Humulus japonicus  
Ice Plant  
Joseph's Coat  
Kudzu Vine  
Lavender  
Petunia  
Portulaca  
Snow-on-the-mountain  
Statice  
Star of Texas  
Sunflower, Ornamental  
Tithonia  
Verbena  
Vinca  
Zinnia

## For Cut Flowers

Aster  
Bachelor Button  
Calendula  
Calliopsis  
Carnation  
Chrysanthemum  
Clarkia  
Coreopsis  
Cosmos  
Delphinium  
Gaillardia  
Godetia  
Gypsophila  
Larkspur  
Marigold  
Nasturtium  
Painted Daisy  
Pinks  
Rudbeckia  
Salpiglossis  
Scabiosa  
Shasta Daisy  
Snapdragon  
Stocks  
Stokesia  
Sweet Pea  
Sweet William  
Zinnia

## For Early Bloom

Alyssum, Hardy  
Arabis  
Aubrietia  
Calendula  
Campanula carpatia  
Cerastium  
Columbine  
Coreopsis  
Delphinium  
English Daisy  
Foxglove  
Gaillardia grandiflora  
Painted Daisy  
Pansy  
Phacelia  
Primula veris  
Ranunculus  
Sweet William  
Viola

## For Midsummer Bloom

Achillea  
African Daisy (Dimorphotheca)  
Ageratum  
Brachycome  
California Poppy  
Calliopsis  
Cleome  
Coreopsis  
Gaillardia picta  
Hollyhock  
Larkspur  
Lobelia  
Nasturtium  
Perennial Sweet Pea  
Petunia  
Phlox drummondii  
Poppy  
Scabiosa  
Shasta Daisy  
Verbena  
Vinca  
Viola  
Zinnia

## For Late Bloom

Alyssum, Sweet  
Aster  
Bachelor Button  
Calendula  
Celosia  
Coreopsis  
Cosmos  
Dahlia  
Gaillardia  
Globe Amaranth  
Hunnamannia  
Marigold  
Pansy  
Salvia  
Snapdragon  
Vinca  
Viola  
Zinnia



# Distinctive New Flowers



Gathering seed of *Cleome, Giant Pink Queen* at Oakview, Ferry-Morse Seed Co.'s Seed Breeding Station near Detroit. *Cleome, Giant Pink Queen*, a Ferry-Morse development, received an All-America Silver Medal Award in 1942. This lovely flower has become a great favorite with home gardeners everywhere.

## **ASTER, EXTRA EARLY GIANT CREGO, NAVY BLUE (Hardy annual, 16 in.)**

Plants sturdy and erect with dark green foliage. About 8 clean, strong stems to a plant, averaging 10 to 14 inches long. The double blossoms of rich dark purplish blue with broad feathery petals are 3 or more inches across. Extremely early and free flowering, blooming the forepart of July when seed is sown in April. Lovely in the garden and as a cut flower. All-America Honorable Mention, 1943.

Pkt. 15c

## **COSMOS, SENSATION DAZZLER (Hardy annual, 3½ ft.)**

Bright crimson is a new color in the popular Sensation class. Very large flowers, about 4 inches across, have broad overlapping petals and are borne on tall branching plants. *Sensation Dazzler* blooms in midsummer, continuing until frost. Very effective in tall borders and as a cut flower. All-America Honorable Mention, 1943. Pkt. 15c

## **IPOMOEA, TROUBADOUR (Hardy annual, 12 ft.)**

A gay climber with enormous crimson blossoms, each rimmed with white. Superior to the old variety, *Cornell*, which is similar in coloring. Pkt. 15c

## **MARIGOLD, DWARF CORONET IMPROVED (Hardy annual, 9 in.)**

Our own re-selection of the well-known variety, *Dwarf Coronet*. Unusually uniform in growth and season of bloom. Small flowers of the Dwarf French Scabiosa type have golden yellow centers and mahogany collars. Plants are compact and free flowering; foliage dark green. Blooms midsummer to frost and is well-adapted for low edgings and window boxes. Pkt. 15c

## **MARIGOLD, DWARF TREASURE (Hardy annual, 9 in.)**

Our own introduction. Similar to our 1942 All-America Award winner, *Melody*, except that the flowers are of the Scabiosa type instead of the Harmony type. Blossom center and collar are pure golden orange. The compact plants have dark green foliage and are very floriferous. Blooms midsummer to frost. Especially suitable for low edgings and window boxes. Pkt. 15c

## **MARIGOLD, HONEYCOMB (Hardy annual, 16 in.)**

Companion to *Golden Bedder*, a 1942 All-America winner. Large, light golden-orange flowers of unusual shape, incurved petals surrounded by a row



# with Outstanding Records

of guard petals. Bushy plants with light green foliage. Fine for bedding and an excellent cut flower. Pkt. 15c

## MARIGOLD, SUNKIST (Hardy annual, 4 in.)

Distinctive new Marigold, exceptionally uniform in plant habit, flower form, and color. Very dwarf and compact with a wealth of one-inch golden-orange blossoms of the Harmony type, Scabiosa center surrounded by several rows of broader guard petals. One of the earliest Marigolds to bloom outdoors, continuing for a long season. Unusually good for edgings and for window boxes. All-America Silver Medal Award, 1943. Pkt. 15c

## PETUNIA, ALL-DOUBLE AMERICA (Hardy annual, 10 in.)

Beautiful bright rose pink blossoms of the carnation type. The dwarf, small-leaved plants produce flowers early and freely, continuing over a long period. Particularly good for window boxes. Uniform habit and type. All-America Silver Medal Award, 1942. Pkt. 25c

## PETUNIA, IGLOO (Hardy annual, 10 in.)

Many small creamy white flowers with yellow throats crowd the dwarf, compact plants. This

new type of petunia plant keeps its neat shape all summer, blooming from about June 15 to late summer when seed is sown in mid-April. For massing in borders or for window boxes, *Igloo* is unexcelled. All-America Bronze Medal, 1943.

Pkt. 15c

## SWEET PEA, SPRING FLOWERING

Five beautiful new colors are now available in addition to other tints and shades given on page 20: Clear Cerise, Crimson, Rose Carmine, Salmon Cream Pink, and Scarlet. Each: Pkt. 10c

## VIOLA, BLUE ELF (Hardy perennial, 9 in.)

A new and distinct variety of our own introduction. The low-growing plants are covered with  $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch blossoms, the upper petals deep violet blue, the lower petals light violet blue with gold eye and black markings. *Blue Elf* is ideal for rock gardens, for semi-shaded damp spots, for window boxes, and for edgings. The long stems and small dark green leaves make *Blue Elf* daintily effective in low bowls and vases. Although perennial, it is best treated as an annual. Seed sown in March will produce flowers June to August. Pkt. 15c



*Viola, Blue Elf*



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*Viola, Blue Elf*

# Hints for Planting Vegetables



*In transplanting seedlings, take a good ball of soil with the roots. Dig the holes deep enough so that the roots can spread out naturally . . .*



*Firm the soil around the roots with your hands and give the plants plenty of water*

**ARTICHOKE** (True Artichoke, not Jerusalem Artichoke). Sow seed in March or April, giving young plants protection until danger of frost is past. In transplanting, set in rows about four feet apart and about two feet apart in the row. In mild climates plants produce a crop of buds the second year. Where winters are severe, protect the crown with a heavy mulch.

**ASPARAGUS.** Soak the seed 24 hours before planting. Sow in rows about 18 inches apart, and 15 to 20 seeds to the foot. Cover two inches deep. Thin the young plants to about one inch apart. Hoe frequently. Set plants in permanent beds the following spring.

**BUSH BEANS.** Plant when all danger of frost is past. With the corner of the hoe, make rows about two feet apart and an inch and a half deep across the space you are going to plant. Drop the beans along the row about three or four inches apart. Cover with fine soil and press down firmly with the hoe. When the plants come up, thin them so that they stand about six inches apart.

**POLE BEANS.** Plant at about the same time as bush beans. Get poles four to eight feet long. Drive them into the ground in rows that are about four feet apart. Set the poles three feet apart in the row. Have the rows run north and south. Around each stake, plant five to eight beans about an inch and a half or two inches deep. Press the soil down firmly. When the plants come up, thin out all except the four strongest plants at the base of each pole. Train these to climb in one direction around the poles. Hoe around the plants often to keep the soil loosened.

**BEETS.** Plant beets about the same time as radishes and lettuce. Have the soil fine and loose. Make rows about an inch deep and about 18 inches apart. Sow the seeds about an inch apart in the row. Cover with soil, and press it down firmly. Keep the weeds out when the plants come up. As soon as the tops are about three inches tall, pull out some of them and cook them for greens. Keep thinning and using the young plants until the beet roots stand about six inches apart in the row.

**BRUSSELS SPROUTS.** This vegetable can be grown wherever conditions are favorable for late cabbage. It requires the same culture.

**CABBAGE.** Set out both early and late cabbage as soon as there is no danger of frost. Have the rows about three feet apart. Set the plants two feet apart in the row.

**CARDON.** The rows should be about four feet apart, and the plants two feet apart in the rows. Rich soil is necessary. The stalks require blanching, and the plant is raised much like celery.

**CARROTS.** Sow carrot seed as early as radishes and lettuce. Make the rows in the same way as for beets. Sow the seed thinly, letting it drop a little at a time from the corner of the packet. Cover the seed with about half an inch of soil and press it down firmly. When the plants are about two inches tall, thin them so that they will not crowd each other. Keep out the weeds. Hoe around the plants often to keep the soil loosened.

**CAULIFLOWER.** The same methods that produce good cabbage will produce good cauliflower. The only difference is that cauliflower heads must be protected from sunlight to make sure of the desirable white curd. Gather the tops of the leaves together loosely as soon as the heads begin to form. In shutting off the light, do not cramp the heads.



# More Hints for Planting Vegetables



*Thin out the young onions and use them for the table.  
(See Onion, page 28)*

**CELERIAC.** Sow seed at the same season and give the same treatment as celery. Transplant to moist, rich soil in rows two feet apart and six inches apart in the row. Give thorough culture. It is not necessary to earth up or "handle" the plants. When the roots are two inches in diameter, they are ready for use.

**CELERY.** Celery seed will sprout at comparatively low temperatures, but it needs constant and abundant moisture. The soil for starting plants should be fine and loose, and the seed must be covered only  $\frac{1}{4}$  inch deep. It takes about two weeks for seed to sprout. For fall and winter use in the North seed may be planted from March 15 to May 15. When seedlings have three or four leaves well started, prick out about three inches apart each way. Keep the soil moist and transplant to open ground when plants are 75 to 90 days old.

**CHINESE CABBAGE.** This vegetable is easily raised as a succession crop. The plants can be set out in the rows which have been occupied by earlier vegetables. Do not plant too early.

**COLLARDS.** Sow the seed thickly in rows in rich ground, transplanting when about four inches in height; or sow where the plants are to remain and when well-started thin to two or three feet apart in the row.

**CORN.** Plant when all danger of frost is past and the ground is warm and dry. If planted in cold, wet soil, the kernels will rot. Make a shallow hole in the soil with the corner of the hoe. Drop in six kernels of corn. Cover with about one inch of fine soil and press down firmly. This is called a "hill" of corn. Have the hills about four feet apart, and plant in rows about four feet apart. When the corn is six inches high, thin out all except three or four of the strongest plants in each hill. Hoe the corn often, but do not hoe deeply.

**CUCUMBER.** Delay planting until all danger of frost is past. Soil should be warm, fairly moist, and loose. Seed must be covered about one-half inch deep. Plant in hills, dropping eight or ten seeds to the hill. When six inches tall, thin to three in a hill.

**DANDELION.** Sow early in spring in very warm rich soil, in drills; thin to five inches and cultivate well. Plants will be ready for cutting the next spring. When grown for the roots, sow in September and cultivate well during the fall and following summer. The roots can be dug in October.

**EGG PLANT.** This semi-tropical fruit requires continuous warm weather for best results. The seed germinates slowly and should be started in a hotbed. Set the plants in the open ground when two inches tall if the weather continues warm. Shade young plants from hot sun and spray with Paris Green to protect from potato bugs.

**ENDIVE.** For early use sow in rows about April 15; for later supply sow in June or July. When well started, thin the plants to one foot apart. When nearly grown, tie the outer leaves together over the center to blanch the heart of the plant. Two or three successive plantings during July will provide endive for winter use. Just before killing frosts in fall, dig the plants, being careful to take plenty of soil with the roots and to avoid injury to the leaves. Pack closely together and store in dark cellar.

**FENNEL.** Culture is about the same as for celery.

**GARLIC.** Separate sections or "cloves" of each bulb and set in rows ten or twelve inches apart and four inches apart in the row. Take up in fall and store in cool, dry place.

**HORSE-RADISH.** Set roots in ground vertically, small end down, with tops of roots one to three inches below the surface. Cultivate thoroughly until the leaves cover the ground; their shade will keep down weeds.

**KALE OR BORECOLE.** Sow the seed about one-half inch deep in rows two or three feet apart. When the plants come up, thin them so that they are from 18 to 24 inches apart in the row.

**KOHL RABI.** As early in spring as possible, sow the seed in rows in light, rich soil. When plants are well established, thin to six inches apart in the row. Plant at intervals of ten days for a succession of bulbs until hot weather, after which they fail to grow. For fall use, plant the last of July.

**LEEK.** Sow in rows early in spring, covering one-half inch deep. Thin the plants to six inches apart in the row and draw the earth about them when cultivating. If you desire very white and tender leeks, transplant when about six inches tall, set four inches apart in trenches about two feet apart, and gradually earth up like celery.



*After the plants are grown, cultivate less deeply than at first to avoid injury to the roots*

# Give Your Garden a Good Start

## Planting Hints (Continued)

**LETTUCE.** Sow lettuce seed as soon as the ground can be worked. Make rows the same as for carrots and beets. Sow the seed thinly, letting it run out slowly from the corner of the packet. Cover with about half an inch of soil and press down firmly. If the plants of loose leaf lettuce look crowded when they come up, thin them a little. Thin head lettuce plants so that they stand about eight inches apart in the row. Have the rows at least eighteen inches apart. Lettuce does best when the weather is cool and moist.

**MUSKMELON.** In sections where summers are short, seed can be planted indoors or in hotbeds in small boxes. The young plants can be transferred to the garden when danger of frost is past. If practicable, spade in a liberal forkful of well-rotted manure at the bottom of each hill. The rows should be at least six feet apart, and the hills two to three feet apart in the rows. In general, the culture is the same as that for cucumber.

**WATERMELON.** Raising watermelons requires about the same culture as muskmelons except that the vines need more room. Hills should be liberally manured, and cultivation careful and thorough.

**MUSTARD.** Sow at the same time as radishes and lettuce. Make the rows in the same way. Sow the seed thinly and cover with about half an inch of soil. Press down firmly. When the plants are about two or three inches high, thin them so that they are about six inches apart in the row. Mustard plants make the best greens when they are given plenty of water so that they grow quickly.

**OKRA or GUMBO.** Okra seed does not germinate well at cool temperatures, and planting should be delayed until the ground is warm. Drop four or five seeds to the foot and cover about an inch deep. Thin to about one and one-half feet in the row and keep thoroughly cultivated.

**ONION.** Onion seed germinates well in cool weather. Plant as soon as the soil can be prepared. Shallow planting is advisable,—one-fourth to one-half inch. When a few inches tall, the young plants can be thinned to prevent crowding, and the plants removed can be used as green onions. After that, they can be pulled as needed, and those left to become fully ripe can be stored for winter.

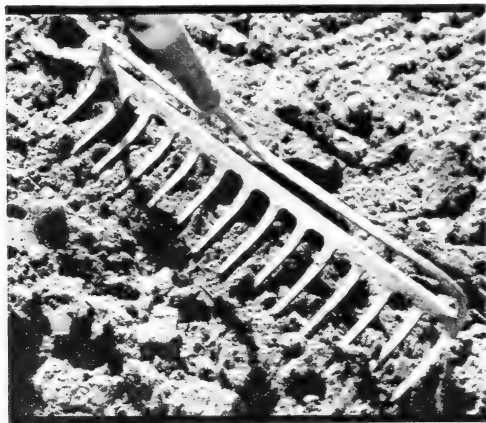
**PARSLEY.** The seed is even slower to germinate than parsnip. It grows best in rich mellow soil and should be sown as early as possible in rows with a covering of not more than one-half inch of soil firmly pressed down. When the plants are well up, thin them to eight to twelve inches apart in the row. As soon as those of the curled varieties are about three inches tall, cut off all the leaves; the new growth will be brighter and better curled. Every cutting will improve the quality of the leaves.

**PARSNIP.** Parsnips grow best in loose, rich, sandy loam but will make good roots in any soil that is reasonably rich and deep. Stony soil and raw manure are likely to produce branched or misshapen roots. The seed requires steady abundant moisture for germination and should be sown as early as practicable. Sow in rows and when well up thin to five inches apart in the row. Keep the ground moist if possible. Parsnips are improved by freezing, and a portion of the crop can be left in the ground all winter to be dug in spring when the ground has thawed.

**PEAS.** Peas need moderate temperature, plenty of moisture, and long daylight hours. They are not injured by light frosts and may be planted as early in spring as the soil will permit. By planting some of several varieties at the same time, a well-arranged succession can be obtained, extending over a period of 30 days. Successive plantings of a desirable variety will also provide a succession, but this cannot be extended over as long a period with good results. All varieties more than one and one-half feet tall do better if staked up or otherwise supported when four to six inches tall. Use sharpened branches of trees set between the double rows.



*In preparing the soil, drive the spade or spading fork straight down full length with your foot*



*Use the back of the rake to help break up clods; use the tooth-side to make the soil fine and smooth*



*To measure distances between rows a yard stick is a great convenience*

# by Preparing it Properly

## Planting Hints (Concluded)

**PEPPERS.** Culture, soil, and temperature requirements for peppers are about the same as for eggplant. A moderate dressing of guano, poultry manure, or complete commercial fertilizer hoed into the soil after the plants are six to eight inches tall will be beneficial.

**PUMPKIN.** Pumpkins are less sensitive to unfavorable conditions of soil and weather than melons or cucumbers, but they are cultivated in about the same way.

**RADISH.** Sow radish seed as early as the ground can be worked. Make the rows in the same way as for lettuce, beets, and carrots. Sow the seed thinly, and cover with about half an inch of soil. If the plants seem crowded when they come up, thin them out. Radishes will be crisp and tender if they grow quickly and have plenty of moisture.

**RHUBARB.** Sow seed in rows an inch deep and thin the plants to six inches apart. In the fall transplant to a permanent location, setting the plants three to four feet apart. The stalks should not be taken for use the first year.

**ROQUETTE.** In early spring, sow the seed in shallow rows about 16 in. apart, and for succession sow every few weeks. Water freely. The young leaves are ready for cutting when plants are eight to ten inches tall.

**RUTABAGA.** This vegetable requires a longer growing season than turnip and needs more moisture. Seed may be sown from mid-June to mid-July. Culture is practically the same as for turnip except that the plants should be thinned to eight or ten inches apart in the rows. When grown, pull, top, and store in cool cellar or pit.

**SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER.** Sow seed early and quite deep, giving about the same culture as for parsnip. Succeeds best in light, rich soil that has been stirred quite deeply.

**SORREL.** Sow in rows early in spring and thin the seedlings to six or eight inches apart in the row. Cutting may begin in about two months, and the plants will continue in full bearing from three to four years.

**SPINACH.** Plant seed as early as that of radishes and lettuce. Have the soil fine and loose. Make the rows about 18 inches apart. Sow the seed thinly, and cover with about an inch of soil. Press down firmly. When the plants are about three inches tall, thin them so that they are about five inches apart in the row. Keep out the weeds.

**SQUASH.** Plant about the same time as corn, when the ground is warm and dry. Make hills the same as for corn, about four to six feet apart. Put six or eight seeds in each hill. Cover with about an inch of fine soil and press down firmly. When the plants come up, thin them so that only three or four of the strongest ones are left in each hill. Well-rotted manure may be mixed with the soil in each hill before the seeds are planted.

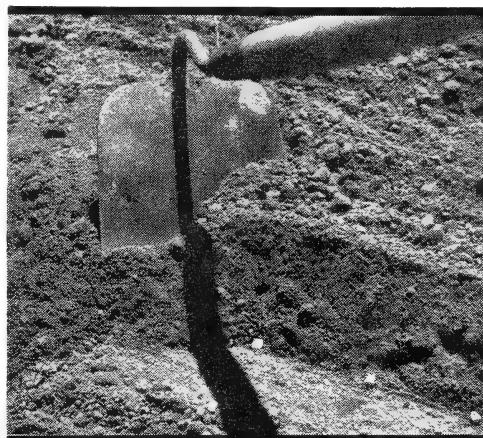
**SWISS CHARD.** Plant at about the same time as lettuce and radishes. Make the rows in the same way, and about 18 inches apart. Sow the seeds about one inch apart in the row, and cover with about an inch of soil. When the plants are three or four inches high, thin them so that they are eight or ten inches apart in the row. Hoe the plants often, and keep out the weeds.

**TOMATO.** Set out tomato plants when the weather is warm and sunny, and there is no danger of frost. Set the plants three or four feet apart each way so that they will have plenty of room. Water around the roots of the plants when setting them out if the ground is dry. Hoe often until the plants are quite large.

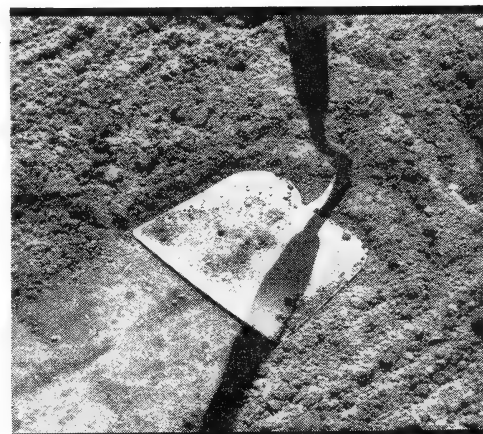
**TURNIP.** For summer turnips, sow the seed as early as that of radishes and lettuce. Scatter the seed, or sow it in rows like those of radishes and lettuce. Cover the seed with about half an inch of soil. For fall and winter turnips, sow the seed in July in the same way.



*Plant seeds thinly. Large seeds such as peas and beans should be three to four inches apart in the row*



*About four times the diameter of the seed is a good general rule to follow for depth of planting. This means covering large seeds one to two inches deep, medium-sized seeds one-half to one inch deep, and small seeds one-quarter to one-half inch deep*



*After planting, press the soil down firmly with the flat of the hoe to bring the seeds into contact with the soil moisture and hasten germination*

# Vegetable Seeds to Meet the Needs

NOTE! "Days to table size" means length of time from date of planting to the time when the vegetables are ready to eat in the climate of southern Michigan. In most cases the reference is to seed planting, in the case of broccoli, brussels sprouts, cabbage, cauliflower, celery, egg plant, pepper, and tomato, length of time starts with the date the plants are set in the open ground.

| Name                                   | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices  |
|--|--------------------|---|
| <b>ARTICHOKE</b>                       |                    |   |
| Green Globe                            | 2 yrs.             | Deep green, globe-shaped flower heads. Does best in mild climates. Fleishy bud scales are the part eaten <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>ASPARAGUS</b>                       |                    |   |
| Mary Washington (Rust Resistant)       | 2 yrs.             | Large, firm, green shoots. Very fine flavor. Recently developed rust resistant strain <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Mary Washington (Roots)                | 1 yr.              | <b>Ask Your Dealer for Prices</b>   |
| <b>BEANS—BUSH WAX POD</b>              |                    |   |
| Ferry's Golden Wax                     | 48                 | Plump pods $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. long. Vines small, productive. A favorite because of earliness and excellent quality <b>carton 10c</b>                         |
| Pencil Pod Wax                         | 52                 | Pods bright yellow, round, fleshy, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in. long. Brittle. Tender. Desirable for home garden as well as for market <b>carton 10c</b>               |
| Prolific Black Wax                     | 53                 | Slender, light yellow pods, about $4\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Plants small. Unsurpassed quality and flavor <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Round Pod Kidney Wax                   | 55                 | Waxy light yellow pods, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to 6 in. long. Desirable for home garden as well as canning <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Stringless Kidney Wax                  | 55                 | Large, fleshy, round pods of rich, creamy yellow. Excellent quality and flavor <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Sure Crop Wax                          | 53                 | Long, flat, meaty pods, 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Large sturdy plants. Very popular <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Top Notch Golden Wax                   | 52                 | Pods attractive, clear golden yellow, $4\frac{3}{4}$ to $5\frac{1}{4}$ in. long. Flat-oval. Fleishy. Brittle <b>carton 10c</b>                                    |
| <b>BEANS—BUSH GREEN POD</b>            |                    |   |
| Bountiful                              | 48                 | Abundant, straight, broad pods 6 to 7 in. long. Most popular flat-podded green bean <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Broad Long Pod (Fava Bean, Horse Bean) | 150                | Plants very large and erect. Pods glossy green, 5 in. long by $1\frac{1}{4}$ in. broad. Desirable for green shells <b>carton 10c</b>                              |
| Dwarf Horticultural                    | 53                 | Pods 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, wide and flat at snap stage, becoming almost round at green shell stage. Desirable for green shell and snaps <b>carton 10c</b> |
| Ferry's Plentiful                      | 49                 | Outstanding new variety of our own introduction. All-America Award, 1939. Very productive. Long straight pods. Excellent quality and flavor <b>carton 10c</b>     |
| Fordhook Favorite                      | 52                 | White seeded. Useful for snaps; also for baking when seeds are ripe <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| French Horticultural                   | 55                 | Vigorous, semi-running bush bean much preferred in New England States. Good for green shells as well as snaps <b>carton 10c</b>                                   |
| Full Measure                           | 52                 | Round, fleshy, brittle pods 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Very satisfactory main crop variety <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Giant Stringless Green Pod             | 53                 | Pods 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. long; round, fleshy, brittle. Good yielder. Fine for canning as well as for the table <b>carton 10c</b>                              |
| Landreth's Stringless Green Pod        | 53                 | Very similar in all respects to original strain, but usually a little more vigorous and productive, and pods keep green color longer <b>carton 10c</b>            |
| Red Valentine, Stringless              | 54                 | Fleshy pods $4\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 in. long. Entirely stringless strain of the old dependable Red Valentine <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Stringless Black Valentine             | 53                 | Improved form of old Black Valentine. Round, dark green pods <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Stringless Green Pod                   | 53                 | Pods $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. long, fleshy and tender. Unusually fine flavor <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Stringless Refugee                     | 70                 | Pods very uniform, 5 to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. long. Young pods particularly valuable for canning and pickling whole <b>carton 10c</b>                                |
| Tendergreen                            | 54                 | Fleshy round pods about 7 in. long. Light green. Fairly new variety of real merit <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Tennessee Green Pod                    | 54                 | Pods 6 to 7 in. long, broad; stringless in snap stage. Splendid quality <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| <b>BEANS—FOR DRY USE</b>               |                    |   |
| Early Marrow Pea or White Navy         | 90 to 100 days     | Plants large with tendency to form runners. Hardy. Prolific. Beans ripen uniformly. The common white bean of commerce <b>carton 10c</b>                           |
| Large White Marrow or Mountain         | 100                | Plants large, very vigorous and productive. High quality large bean <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Red Kidney                             | 100                | Seeds kidney shaped. Rich deep red. Standard commercial variety <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| White Kidney                           | 100                | Beans large, long kidney shaped. High quality large bean <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| <b>BEANS—POLE WAX POD</b>              |                    |   |
| Kentucky Wonder Wax                    | 67                 | Pods thick and wide. Good climber. Heavily productive <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| <b>BEANS—POLE GREEN POD</b>            |                    |   |
| Blue Lake                              | 62                 | Same as White Creaseback <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Burger's Green Pod Stringless          | 63                 | Same as White Seeded Kentucky Wonder <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Early Blue Lake                        | 55                 | Earlier than original strain, and vines shorter and more slender. Desirable in sections where season is short, or for early market <b>carton 10c</b>              |

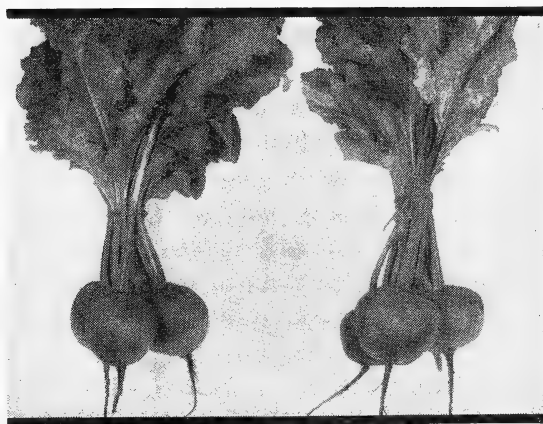


# of Gardeners Everywhere

| Name  | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices  |
|---|--------------------|---|
| <b>BEANS—POLE GREEN POD (Cont.)</b>                           |                    |   |
| Improved Missouri Wonder                                      | 66                 | Seeds medium size, flattened, kidney shaped. Unsurpassed as green shell beans<br><b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Kentucky Wonder (Old Homestead)                               | 65                 | Slender, dark green pods often 10 in. long; hang in clusters. Best quality green pole bean<br><b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Lazy Wife   | 74                 | Good climber. Heavily productive. Pods medium green, 6 to 6½ in. long, fleshy. Excellent for snaps, green shell, and dry shell use<br><b>carton 10c</b>   |
| London Horticultural  | 70                 | Pods 6 in. long, straight, thick, green splashed with crimson. Excellent for green shells<br><b>carton 10c</b>  |
| McCaslan Pole   | 65                 | Pods 8 in. long, medium green, slightly flattened, fleshy, of good quality. White seeds. Fine for snaps and dry shell use<br><b>carton 10c</b>            |
| Morse's Pole No. 191  | 63                 | Definite resistance to rust. Dark green pods 7 to 9 in. long. White seeds. Strongly recommended for sections where rust is prevalent<br><b>carton 10c</b> |
| Oregon Giant  | 70                 | Pods 8 in. long and ½ to ¾ in. wide. Used principally in northern section of Pacific Coast<br><b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Rust Resistant Kentucky Wonder (Brown Seeded)                 | 65                 | Similar to Kentucky Wonder, but foliage slightly darker. Considerable resistance to bean rust<br><b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Scarlet Runner  | 90                 | Dark green pods 6 in. long desirable for snaps. Green shell beans very good. (See page 18 for decorative use)<br><b>carton 10c</b>                        |
| Scotia or Striped Creaseback                                  | 72                 | Abundant light green round pods about 6 in. long, fine grained, tender. Fine to grow among rows of corn<br><b>carton 10c</b>                              |
| St. Louis Perfection White                                    | 65                 | White seeds, very good for baking when dry. Young pods good for snaps. Kentucky Wonder quality<br><b>carton 10c</b>                                       |
| White Creaseback  | 62                 | Tender, fleshy pods about 5½ in. long; dry beans clear white. Green beans fine for snaps; dry beans for baking<br><b>carton 10c</b>                       |
| White Seeded, Kentucky Wonder (Burger's Green Pod Stringless) | 63                 | Long, dark green pods for snaps; seeds good for baking. Grown principally in Southern California<br><b>carton 10c</b>                                     |
| <b>BEANS—DWARF LIMA</b>                                       |                    |   |
| Burpee's Improved Bush Dwarf Large White                      | 75                 | Plants large, heavily productive. Four large, thick beans to a pod<br><b>carton 10c</b>   |
|   | 85                 | Pods 4½ in. long; 3 to 4 large, thick beans; dry beans white, flat. Standard large-seeded lima<br><b>carton 10c</b>                                       |
| Fordhook Bush (Potato Lima)                                   | 75                 | Pods 4 to 4½ in. long. Three to four seeds. Dry beans white, very plump. The finest quality lima bean<br><b>carton 10c</b>                                |
| Henderson's Bush (Baby Lima)                                  | 65                 | Pods small; 3 to 4 small flat seeds; dry beans white. Popular in North because of earliness. Excellent quality<br><b>carton 10c</b>                       |
| Jackson Wonder Bush   | 66                 | Pods medium size. Four to five fairly thick, large beans. Dry beans marked brownish-red. Popular in South<br><b>carton 10c</b>                            |
| <b>BEANS—POLE LIMA</b>  |                    |   |
| Challenger or Fordhook Pole                                   | 92                 | New. Extremely heavy producer. Plants 10 to 15 ft. tall. Pods 5 to 6 in. long. Contain 4 to 6 large thick green beans<br><b>carton 10c</b>                |
| Florida Butter, Speckled                                      | 85                 | Pods in clusters. Beans buff, spotted reddish brown. Popular and dependable in South<br><b>carton 10c</b>   |
| King of the Garden  | 88                 | Pods large, about 6 in. long. Four to five large, thick, white seeds. Improved form of Large White Lima<br><b>carton 10c</b>                              |
| Large White   | 88                 | Pods 5 to 5½ in. long. Usually 4 large beans. Splendid climber. Good home garden choice in South<br><b>carton 10c</b>                                     |
| Seibert's Early   | 80                 | Large, thick, white seeds. Dependable variety for home garden, market garden, and canning<br><b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Small White (Carolina or Sieva)                               | 78                 | Pods 3½ in. long; 3 to 4 small seeds of splendid quality. Known as Pole Butter Bean of the South<br><b>carton 10c</b>                                     |



Beans, Ferry's Plentiful

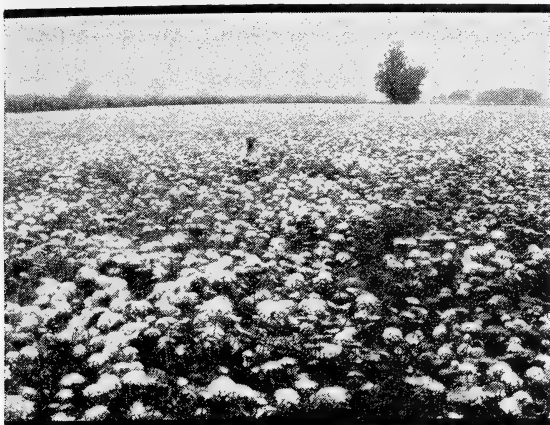


Beet—Detroit Dark Red (left); Early Wonder (right)  
(See next page)

# Ferry-Morse Seed Breeders Work Continuously,

| Name   | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices  |
|--|--------------------|---|
| <b>BEETS—TABLE</b>                           |                    |   |
| Crosby's Egyptian                            | 55                 | Lighter in color than Detroit Dark Red. Round, flattened. Excellent for early beets and greens. Famous for sweetness <b>pkt. 10c</b>                          |
| Detroit Dark Red                             | 60                 | Deep rich red; globe-shaped. Very little zoning. Tender and delicious. Best all-purpose beet; the standard of excellence in table beets <b>pkt. 10c</b>       |
| Early Blood Turnip                           | 60                 | Flesh bright red. Tops somewhat coarse. Quick-grower which many gardeners like <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Extra Early Flat Egyptian                    | 50                 | Roots flattened. Flesh dark purplish-red with light zoning <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Early Wonder                                 | 55                 | Flattened globe shape. Deep purplish-red, zoned lighter. Good home garden beet <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ferry's Crosby                               | 55                 | Light or orange-red strain of Crosby's Egyptian. Excellent quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Good For All                                 | 55                 | Excellent variety developed from Detroit Dark Red. Especially fine for canning or pickling whole <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Green Top Bunching                           | 55                 | Our 1940 introduction. Early and attractive. Foliage keeps fresh color well into fall. Roots almost round. Interior color bright blood red <b>pkt. 10c</b>    |
| Long Dark Blood (Above Ground)               | 80                 | Long slender roots of dark purplish-red. Best table beet for field culture. Splendid keeper <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Tall Top Early Wonder                        | 55                 | Early beet of Crosby type with specially large tops. Suitable both for root use and for greens <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>BEET—SUGAR</b>                            |                    |   |
| Klein Wanzleben                              | 120                | Roots medium large. Very rich in sugar content. Good keeper. Soil producing best results is rich, friable sand or clay loam <b>pkt. 10c</b>                   |
| <b>BEET—MANGEL WURZEL</b>                    |                    |   |
| Danish Red Giant Eckendorf                   | 120                | Roots very large, thick, cylindrical. Red above, rose below ground. Grows largely above ground <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Danish Yellow Giant Eckendorf                | 120                | Roots light yellow, tinged with green above ground. Aside from color same as Danish Red Giant Eckendorf <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                       |
| Giant Half Sugar, Green Top                  | 120                | Roots long ovoid, grayish white with light green shoulder. Flesh white <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Giant Half Sugar, Rose Top                   | 120                | Roots long oval, tapered. Grayish white with rose colored shoulder. Flesh white, rich in sugar <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Giant Yellow Intermediate                    | 120                | Large, oval roots grow about $\frac{2}{3}$ above ground. Light brownish gray above, orange-yellow below ground. Flesh white, rich in sugar <b>pkt. 10c</b>    |
| Golden Tankard                               | 120                | Roots large, nearly cylindrical. Light gray above, deep orange below ground. Flesh yellow, white zones <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Mammoth Long Red                             | 120                | Large, spindle-shaped roots, straight and thick. Grow $\frac{1}{3}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ out of ground. Light red. Flesh white tinged rose <b>pkt. 10c</b>        |
| Yellow Leviathan                             | 120                | Very large, long, spindle-shaped. Light gray, tinged brown above ground, yellow below. Grow $\frac{1}{2}$ above ground <b>pkt. 10c</b>                        |
| <b>BROCCOLI</b>                              |                    |   |
| Cauliflower type                             |                    | (See Cauliflower, Winter)   |
| Green Sprouting                              | 60                 | Plants 3 to 4 ft. tall. Many sprouts about 5 in. long end in heads of deep green buds. Use in bud stage. Cook only 15 to 20 minutes <b>pkt. 10c</b>           |
| <b>BRUSSELS SPROUTS</b>                      |                    |   |
| Long Island Improved                         | 90                 | Plants about 20 in. tall. Many firm little heads an inch or two in diameter. Very satisfactory for home gardens for fall and early winter use <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>CABBAGE, FIRST EARLY</b>                  |                    |   |
| Copenhagen Market                            | 66                 | Uniformly round heads. Interior white, very solid. Plants compact for setting close together in garden <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Early Jersey Wakefield                       | 62                 | Pointed heads, small and firm. Earliest pointed variety. Plants compact for small garden planting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Golden Acre                                  | 62                 | Similar to Copenhagen Market, but heads are smaller. Earliest round headed cabbage <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Jersey Queen                                 | 62                 | Yellows Resistant Early Jersey Wakefield <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Resistant Detroit                            | 62                 | Yellows Resistant type of Golden Acre. Uniform round heads. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>CABBAGE, MEDIUM EARLY</b>                 |                    |   |
| All Head Early                               | 77                 | Firm flat heads, weighing 6 to 7 lbs. Especially good for kraut <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| All Head Select                              | 77                 | Yellows Resistant All Head Early <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| All Seasons                                  | 90                 | Very large flat heads. Resistant to hot dry weather <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Charleston or Large Wakefield                | 71                 | Large pointed heads. One of the best for Southern home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Early Winnigstadt                            | 77                 | Very firm, heart-shaped heads of rich dark green. Hardy and dependable <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ferry's Round Dutch (Early Dwarf Flat Dutch) | 71                 | Heads about 6 in. in diameter, round and firm. Very good second-early cabbage <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Globe  | 75                 | Yellows Resistant Glory of Enkhuizen <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Glory of Enkhuizen                           | 73                 | Large, round, firm heads. Good main crop selection for home garden. Fine for kraut <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Marion Market                                | 75                 | Yellows Resistant strain of Copenhagen Market. Produces normal crop on infected soils where non-resistant strains fail <b>pkt. 10c</b>                        |
| Midseason Market                             | 73                 | Large round head. Splendid variety to follow one of the First Earlies <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |

# Developing New Varieties and Improving the Old



*A field of carrot growing for seed on one of our California ranches*



*Cabbage, Copenhagen Market*

| Name   | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|--|--------------------|--|
| <b>CABBAGE, LATE</b>                             |                    |  |
| <b>Danish Ballhead</b>                           | 90                 | Large flattened globe-shaped heads. Very firm and solid. One of best late cabbages <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Ferry's Hollander</b>                         | 100                | Medium sized round heads. Firm and solid. Wonderful quality. Best variety for home gardeners to plant for winter storage <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                 |
| <b>Ferry's Premium Late Flat Dutch</b>           | 105                | Large, flat, deep, firm heads. Reliable keeper. Much used for kraut <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Mammoth Rock Red Oakview Ballhead</b>         | 90                 | Large head. Appetizing color. Tender. Good flavor. Fine for pickling and salads <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
|  | 100                | A larger, heavier head than Ferry's Hollander; otherwise similar. Our own development <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Penn State Ballhead</b>                       | 90                 | Attractive, flattened, globe-shaped heads. Excellent for winter storage. Fine for kraut <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Round Red Dutch (Early)</b>                   | 80                 | Deep red, round, solid heads weighing 3 to 5 lbs. <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Savoy, Chieftain</b>                          | 88                 | Flattened globe-shaped. Crumpled leaves. Outstanding quality. Our introduction; All-America Award 1938 <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Savoy, Improved American</b>                  | 85                 | Flattened globe-shaped. Medium large. Interior leaves crumpled. Very satisfactory <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Succession</b>                                | 84                 | Large, flat, deep heads. Very dependable for late summer and fall use <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Wisconsin All Seasons (Yellows Resistant)</b> | 90                 | Large flattened head. Excellent quality. Especially valuable in localities infected with cabbage yellows <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Wisconsin Hollander No. 8</b>                 | 90                 | Yellows Resistant. Developed out of Ferry's Hollander. Splendid for storage and kraut <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>CARDOON</b>                                   |                    |  |
| <b>Large Smooth</b>                              | 180                | Grown for fleshy leaf stalks or midribs. Plants about three feet tall, grayish-green. Leaves frequently tied to hasten blanching <b>pkt. 10c</b>                         |
| <b>CARROT</b>                                    |                    |  |
| <b>Danvers (Half Long)</b>                       | 75                 | Roots longer than Red Cored Chantenay, taper to blunt point. Fine color and flavor <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Early Scarlet Horn</b>                        | 63                 | Roots reddish orange, about 3 in. long, tapered. Early market variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>French Forcing (Earliest Short Horn)</b>      | 60                 | Earliest and smallest carrot grown. Almost round <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Imperator</b>                                 | 77                 | Cylindrical, well-stumped roots, about 8 inches long at maturity. Deep orange color. Popular bunching variety for shipping in California and the South <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Long Orange</b>                               | 85                 | Long, slender, pointed. Good for table when young, for stock when matured <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Morse's Bunching</b>                          | 77                 | Long, almost cylindrical roots. Splendid for the garden as well as for shipping. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Nantes (Coreless)</b>                         | 68                 | Flesh bright orange; cylindrical; no core. Many prefer this above all others because of fine sweet flavor <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Ox Heart or Guerande</b>                      | 75                 | Broad, stocky, heart-shaped; 4½ to 5 in. long. Good table carrot when young, for stock feed when mature. Especially adapted to clay soils <b>pkt. 10c</b>                |
| <b>Red Cored Chantenay</b>                       | 70                 | Rich, orange-red clear to center. Tapers to blunt end. Sweet, tender. Outstanding favorite <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>Short White</b>                               | 90                 | Roots 7 to 8 in. long, tapered. One of best for stock <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>Supreme Half Long</b>                         | 75                 | Refined strain of Danvers. Small core. Deep attractive color. Tender, sweet, fine flavor. Our introduction. Special mention, 1937 All-America Selections <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>Touchon</b>                                   | 68                 | Similar to Nantes, but with greater length and stronger tops. Excellent quality for home and market garden <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |

# You can Raise Superior Vegetables

| Name                                 | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>CAULIFLOWER</b>                   |                    |  |
| Early Snowball "A"                   | 52                 | Super Snowball type. Short-leaved type well adapted for greenhouse forcing or early market. Heads medium size, snow white, deep, smooth, compact <b>pkt. 10c</b>             |
| Snowball "X"                         | 60                 | Snowdrift type. Large, solid white heads of fine quality. Recommended for use where weather conditions are unfavorable for growing earlier maturing strain <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Winter (Broccoli, Cauliflower type)  | 75                 | Especially suited to California and other Pacific Coast states <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>CELERIAC</b>                      |                    |  |
| Large Smooth Prague                  | 110                | Large, round, smooth tubers; very tender. For celery flavor in soups, stews, and salads <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>CELERY</b>                        |                    |  |
| Easy Blanching                       | 110                | Splendid early variety. Blanches readily. Vigorous, compact growth <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Emperor or Fordhook                  | 135                | Stems thick and round. Fine for late fall use and winter storage <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Epicure                              | 120                | Our 1940 introduction. One of the earliest green varieties <b>pkt. 15c</b>   |
| Florida Golden                       | 90                 | Selected from Golden Plume. Matures early. Hearts blanch to rich cream color. Exceptional quality and flavor. Yellows resistant <b>pkt. 10c</b>                              |
| Giant Pascal                         | 140                | Large, compact, green-leaved. Stalks blanch to yellowish-white. Unsurpassed flavor <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Golden Detroit                       | 90                 | Plants compact, full-hearted. Stems 7 to 8 in. long; blanch easily; free from strings <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Golden Plume or Wonderful            | 110                | Thick, solid stalks that blanch readily. Finest quality. Very desirable for home use <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Golden Yellow Self Blanching (Dwarf) | 125                | Compact growth. Thick solid stalks that blanch to clear waxen yellow. Popular because of earliness and fine flavor <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Golden Yellow Self Blanching (Tall)  | 90                 | Fairly tall, compact, firm stalks that blanch readily. Early <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Morse's Masterpiece                  | 90                 | Early, self blanching variety of superior quality and flavor. Very satisfactory in home or market garden for early use or for storage. Our 1939 introduction <b>pkt. 15c</b> |
| Non-Bolting Golden Plume, Tall       | 100                | Recommended for sections where unfavorable conditions cause ordinary strains to bolt. Otherwise similar to Golden Plume, but later <b>pkt. 10c</b>                           |
| Soup or Cutting                      | 120                | Tops grow rapidly, furnishing cuttings all season. For cooking and seasoning, not for blanching <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Superplume                           | 85                 | An improved Golden Plume, excellent to store for fall and winter use. Our 1938 introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Supreme Golden                       | 95                 | An outstanding new strain of the Golden Yellow Self Blanching type <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Utah or Golden Crisp                 | 130                | A week or ten days earlier than Golden Pascal. Fine flavor <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| White Plume                          | 125                | Stalks and foliage blanch readily to snowy white. Valuable for early market <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Winter Queen                         | 130                | Moderately dwarf, erect, compact, with solid heart. Best winter variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>CHERVIL</b>                       |                    |  |
| Curled                               | 90                 | Similar to parsley, but of more delicate texture. Leaves bright rich green (See also Herbs, page 46) <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| <b>CHICORY</b>                       |                    |  |
| Asparagus or Catalogna               | 55                 | Long, slender, distinctly cut, green leaves. Also known as Italian dandelion. Very desirable for salads <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Large Rooted or Coffee               | 65                 | Dried roots used as substitute or adulterant for coffee. Roots 12 to 14 in. long <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |



*Sweet Corn, Golden Cross Bantam*



*Cauliflower, Snowball*

# From Ferry-Morse Seeds

| Name                                  | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices  |
|---------------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>CHICORY (Cont.)</b>                |                    |   |
| Small Rooted or Radichetta            | 65                 | Long slender, strap leaves. Used for salads <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Witloof or French Endive              | 150                | Compact clusters of blanched leaves. Rich, mildly acrid flavor. Attractive salad vegetable <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>CHINESE CABBAGE</b>                |                    |   |
| Chihili                               | 70                 | Head 18 to 20 in. tall, very firm, well blanched, crisp, sweet, tender. Serve as salad or cook like asparagus <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Wong Bok                              | 75                 | Heads 8 to 10 in. tall, broad, and firm. Well blanched and of excellent quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>CHIVES</b>                         | 90                 | Grass-like leaves with appetizing flavor like mild onion. Use in salads, cottage cheese, and many cooked dishes <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>COLLARDS</b>                       |                    |   |
| Cabbage or Heading (Buncombe)         | 75                 | Low growing compact plants, 1½ to 2 ft. tall. Cabbage-like flavor. Popular as greens in South <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Georgia or Creole                     | 75                 | Grows 2 to 3 ft. tall. Large, light green leaves in open cluster. Grown in South in place of cabbage and used as greens. Light frost improves crop <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| <b>CORN, SWEET (WHITE VARIETIES)</b>  |                    |   |
| Alameda Sweet                         | 90                 | Stocky plants, ears plump, 7 to 8 in. long. Adapted to Pacific Coast. Husks wrapped tightly about top limit injury by corn ear worm <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Alpha                                 | 72                 | The earliest sweet corn. Surprisingly sweet and tender <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Black Mexican                         | 88                 | One of the richest flavored and most tender varieties. Kernels clear white at table stage; become blue-black when ripe <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Country Gentleman                     | 110                | Ears 7½ to 9 in. long, 2 in. thick; packed with irregular rows of white, sweet kernels. For many years one of most popular late home garden varieties <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Early Sweet or Sugar                  | 93                 | Slender ears, 9 to 9½ in. long, 2 or 3 to a stalk; plants 6 ft. tall. Desirable as medium early variety <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Ferry's Early Evergreen               | 98                 | Valuable for home gardens. Ears 7½ in. long. Kernels remain fresh and tender remarkably long time <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Howling Mob                           | 85                 | Ears 7 to 7½ in. long, 12-rowed. Kernels milky white and of good sweet flavor <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Oregon Evergreen                      | 95                 | Ears medium to large; 12 to 18-rowed. Tight husk helps protect ear from corn ear worm. Popular in Southern California for winter use and as late corn on northern coast <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Stowell's Evergreen                   | 105                | Large ears about 8 in. long; big kernels; very sweet. One of best late varieties; earlier than Country Gentleman <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| <b>CORN, SWEET (YELLOW VARIETIES)</b> |                    |   |
| Bantam Evergreen (Golden)             | 95                 | Large ears 7½ to 8 in. long; rich golden cream kernels; fine flavor. Remains in condition a long time <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Carmel Golden                         | 85                 | Dwarf, second-early variety, popular in California. Large, thick, 12-rowed ears <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Charlevoix (Gold Standard)            | 86                 | Ears 6½ to 7 in. long; kernels unusually sweet and tender. Our own development. Finest flavored home garden variety <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Golden Bantam                         | 83                 | Uniform ears 6 to 7 in. long; true 8-rowed strain. A favorite for flavor. The earliest really sweet variety <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Golden Cross Bantam                   | 88                 | The best hybrid sweet corn. Large ears, 12 to 14-rowed. Less susceptible to Stewart's Disease than many other varieties <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Golden Early Market                   | 76                 | Large, attractive ears, 12 to 14-rowed. Valuable early home garden variety <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Golden Sunshine                       | 80                 | Taller, more vigorous plants and larger ears than Golden Bantam. Very good quality <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Ioana                                 | 87                 | Ears 7½ to 8 inches long, 12 to 14 rowed. Medium narrow light yellow kernels. Developed by Iowa Experiment Station. Received All-America Award, 1939. Highly resistant to drought and bacterial wilt. Excellent for canning and market garden <b>carton 10c</b> |
| Marcross C13X6                        | 72                 | Very desirable early variety. Ears 6½ to 7½ inches long, 10 to 14 rowed, kernels medium yellow. Highly resistant to bacterial wilt <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Whipple's Early Yellow                | 85                 | Stalks 6 feet tall. Ears 7 to 8 in. long, 14-rowed. Excellent flavor <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| <b>CORN, FIELD</b>                    |                    |   |
| Early Adams or Burlington             | 90                 | White kernels, sweet and tender when young; ears 7 to 8 in. long, 2 in. thick. Much used for table in South <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Extra Early Adams                     | 78                 | Ears 4½ to 5 in. long; fairly tender and sweet when young. Extremely early. Widely used in South for roasting ears <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Trucker's Favorite                    | 90                 | Similar to Early Adams. Much used in South for roasting ears <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| <b>POP CORN</b>                       |                    |   |
| Golden Hullless                       | 105                | Kernels rich golden yellow; 400 per oz.; pointed. Popped kernels large, white, with tinge of cream <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Hulless (Australian)                  | 105                | Dry ears small, 3½ to 4 in. Kernels translucent waxy white; 325 per oz.; pointed. Popped kernels large and snow white <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Hulless or Tom Thumb)                 |                    |   |
| South American (T.N.T.)               | 110                | Large yellow kernels that pop to enormous size without hard centers <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| White Rice                            | 110                | Dry ears 6 in. long. Kernels translucent, waxy white; 325 per oz.; pointed. Popped kernels large and snow white <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| <b>CORN SALAD</b>                     |                    |   |
| (Fetticus or Lamb's Lettuce)          | 45                 | Thick leaves of mild flavor. Use fresh or cook like lettuce or spinach <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |

| Name                            | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>CRESS</b>                    |                    |  |
| Curled or Pepper Grass          | 45                 | Frilled, curled leaves; warm pungent flavor. Appetizing addition to lettuce; also used for garnishing <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| True Water                      | 180                | Hardy perennial water plant. Leaves of piquant flavor used for salads and garnishing. Thrives best in running water or in soil kept wet <b>Crop failed</b>                         |
| <b>CUCUMBER</b>                 |                    |  |
| A & C                           | 68                 | Fruits slightly tapered, but fairly straight and symmetrical. Deep green. Very popular in southeastern United States <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Black Diamond (It Stays Green)  | 60                 | Splendid shipping variety. Fruits rich dark green <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Boston Pickling                 | 60                 | Medium dark green; 6 to 7 in. long when grown; only slightly tapered. Popular for pickling; also used for slicing <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Chicago Pickling (Westerfield)  | 60                 | Fruits slightly longer and more tapering than those of Boston Pickling <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Crystal Apple                   | 65                 | A true cucumber but like an apple in shape and size. Crisp, tender <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Early Cluster                   | 56                 | Short, thick, blunt fruits about 5½ in. long. Medium dark green. Desirable for pickling and slicing <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Early Fortune                   | 66                 | A desirable slicing variety extensively grown for shipping. Fruits very dark green <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Early Short Green (Early Frame) | 56                 | Fruits 6 to 7 in. long. Bright medium green. Very good for making so-called "gherkin" pickles when fruits are young <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Early White Spine               | 60                 | Medium dark green, slightly tapering to blunt ends; 7 in. long, 2½ in. thick. Very popular for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ferry's Long Green              | 75                 | An old favorite for home gardens. Fruits 10 to 12 in. long. Deep green <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Improved Long Green             | 68                 | Medium dark green; black-spined; 10 to 12 in. long. Excellent for slicing <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Klondike                        | 64                 | Similar to Early White Spine in size but fruits are darker. Handsome fruits, very desirable for shipping <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Lemon                           | 65                 | Deep lemon yellow, about 3 in. in diameter, nearly round. Odd, but delicious cucumber for slicing and salads <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Longfellow                      | 72                 | Valuable for home gardens and shipping. Handsome, dark green fruits <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| National Pickling               | 50                 | Straight, symmetrical fruits become 6 in. long when mature. Superior for small pickles. Very uniform <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Small Gherkin                   | 60                 | Genuine West India gherkin. Pale green oval fruits with spine-like projections. Make tasty pickles <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Snow's Pickling                 | 52                 | Deep green color. Popular for small pickles <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Straight-8                      | 66                 | Straight; symmetrical; 8 in. long, 1½ in. diameter; rich deep green. Unsurpassed for slicing. Our introduction, All-America Gold Medal Award <b>pkt. 10c</b>                       |
| <b>DANDELION</b>                |                    |  |
| Cultivated or French Common     | 95                 | Low-growing, compact. Leaves long and broad. Spreads 18 to 20 in. Fine salad plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Improved Thick Leaved           | 95                 | Thick leaves of deep green. Compact with upright tuft at center. Superior to uncultivated plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>EGGPLANT</b>                 |                    |  |
| Black Beauty                    | 80                 | Large, symmetrical fruits. Retain glossy, black-purple coloring for long time. Popular <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Fort Myers Market               | 85                 | Fruits of ideal size for shipping. Color deep purplish black with high gloss. Vigorous, very productive, high bush variety, especially adapted to Florida and Cuba <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| Improved Large Purple           | 80                 | Yields 4 to 6 large fruits of dark purple. Flesh firm and meaty. Plants spineless. Very popular variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |

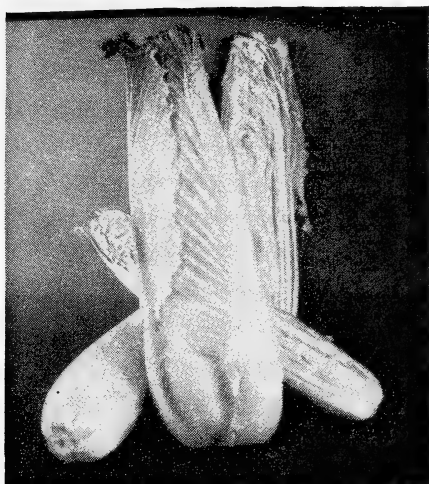


*You can grow leeks like these from Ferry-Morse seeds*

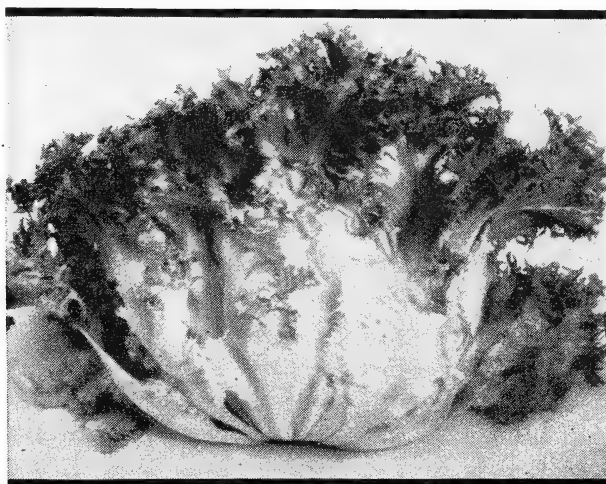


*Swiss Chard, delicious for greens (See page 44)*

# Reason for a Home Garden



*Chinese Cabbage, Chihili*



*Endive, Deep Heart Fringed*

| Name                              | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>ENDIVE</b>                     |                    |  |
| Broad Leaved Batavian (Escarolle) | 90                 | Leaves large and broad. Heads compact, well-rounded. Unexcelled for salads because of crispness and tenderness <b>pkt. 10c</b>                               |
| Cos Type                          | 100                | Our introduction. All-America Award, 1941 <b>pkt. 15c</b>  |
| Deep Heart Fringed                | 90                 | All-America Silver Medal, 1940. Our introduction <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Full Heart Batavian               | 90                 | An improved form of Broad Leaved Batavian <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Green Curled, Green Ribbed        | 95                 | Leaves mossy appearing. Center blanches to delicate white. Very good for fall and winter use <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Large Green Curled (Pink Ribbed)  | 95                 | Vigorous and resistant. Outer leaves bright green, midribs tinged with rose. Center leaves blanch readily. Attractive salad plant <b>pkt. 10c</b>            |
| <b>FENNEL</b>                     |                    |  |
| Florence                          | 85                 | Branching plant with feathery foliage and bulb-like base. Sweet-flavored bulb eaten cooked or raw; stalks eaten like celery <b>pkt. 10c</b>                  |
| <b>GARLIC BULBS</b>               |                    |  |
|                                   | 120                | "Cloves" or divisions used like onion sets for propagation. Bulbs extensively used for flavoring in sections of large foreign born population <b>lb. 40c</b> |
| <b>HORSE-RADISH</b>               |                    |  |
| Maliner Kren                      | 1 yr.              | Improved variety producing thriftier, larger plants with larger roots than common horse-radish <b>Ask Your Dealer for Prices</b>                             |
| <b>KALE or BORECOLE</b>           |                    |  |
| Dwarf Blue Curled                 | 85                 | Improved strain of Dwarf Curled Scotch. Very popular in vicinity of Norfolk <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Dwarf Green Curled                | 85                 | Low, spreading plant. Finely curled, parsley-like leaves. Desirable for greens and garnishing. Exceptionally hardy <b>pkt. 10c</b>                           |
| Jersey or Thousand Headed         | 80                 | Strong growing plants 6 to 8 ft. tall. Smooth leaves. Much used for poultry and stock feed <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Siberian                          | 85                 | Dwarf, spreading plants. Large plume-like frilled leaves. Sometimes called "German greens" <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Tall Green Curled Scotch          | 85                 | Light green densely curled leaves on plants 3 ft. tall. Widely grown for greens. Very hardy; improved by light frosts <b>pkt. 10c</b>                        |
| <b>KOHL RABI</b>                  |                    |  |
| Early Purple Vienna               | 60                 | Bulbs purplish color; flesh white and tender <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Early White Vienna                | 60                 | Bulbs light green on outside; flesh white, mild-flavored, tender. Most popular table variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>LEEK</b>                       |                    |  |
| Large Flag                        | 150                | Early. Popular gardener's variety with long, thick, well blanched stem <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Monstrous Carentan                | 150                | Very popular hardy variety. Pure white stem. Dark, blue green leaves <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>LETTUCE, HEADING</b>           |                    |  |
| Big Boston                        | 76                 | Plain edged leaves tinged bronze at margins. Buttery yellow at heart. One of best flavored varieties <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Crisp as Ice                      | 76                 | Firm well blanched head. Leaves green overlaid with brown. Delicate buttery flavor even under somewhat adverse weather conditions <b>pkt. 10c</b>            |
| Hanson                            | 82                 | Large, hard cabbage-like head. White heart <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Hubbard's Market                  | 67                 | Well known butter heading variety. Also popular in Cuba and South America <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |



| Name                                 | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices  |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------|---|
| <b>LETTUCE, HEADING (Cont.)</b>      |                    |   |
| Iceberg                              | 82                 | Very popular for home gardens. Head large, hard, crumpled, red tinged. Inside white, crisp <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Imperial No. 44                      | 82                 | New type very popular in Northeastern States <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Imperial No. 847                     | 83                 | A New York type especially adapted for eastern and southern use <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| May King                             | 61                 | Earliest heading lettuce. Medium small, firm, round head <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Mignonette                           | 66                 | Most popular lettuce in Hawaii, Guam, and the Philippines. Excellent quality. Very small head <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| New York (Iceberg type)              | 81                 | Large, dark green, tightly folded head, well-blanchd and sweet. Very widely grown <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Salamander (Black Seeded Tennisball) | 70                 | Forms heads when weather is too warm for most varieties <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| White Boston                         | 76                 | Light green head; buttery yellow heart. Our own perfected purebred strain. An outstanding variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>LETTUCE, LOOSE LEAVED</b>         |                    |   |
| Black Seeded Simpson                 | 35                 | Broad, light yellowish green leaves, frilled and crumpled. Attractive early variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Chicken Lettuce                      | 37                 | Very hardy. Rapid growing. Non-heading. Produces flower stalks early and abundance of leaves over long period <b>pkt. 10c</b>                               |
| Early Curled Simpson                 | 35                 | Compact plants. Leaves bright lustrous green, broad and frilled. Plant thickly and use when young and tender <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                |
| Grand Rapids                         | 35                 | Leaves large, broad, waved, frilled, light green. Very tender. Widely used for greenhouse forcing <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Prize Head                           | 35                 | Outside leaves ringed red; interior green. Frilled, crumpled, tender, sweet. One of most satisfactory varieties for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>            |
| <b>LETTUCE, COS or ROMAINE</b>       |                    |   |
| Dark Green                           | 72                 | Medium large, dark green. Firm well folded head <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| White Paris or Trianon               | 70                 | Outer leaves medium light green; interior whitish green. Loose heads 8 to 9 in. tall. Summer salad lettuce <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                  |
| <b>MUSKMELON, ORANGE FLESHED</b>     |                    |   |
| Bender's Surprise                    | 85                 | Medium to large. Oval. Skin light yellow when ripe. Delicious flavor <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Burrell's Gem or Defender            | 95                 | Oval. Fine grained flesh which ripens clear to rind <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Early Osage                          | 84                 | Fruits 6 to 7 in. diameter. Almost round. Thick, sweet flesh of salmon-orange. Splendid for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                    |
| Emerald Gem                          | 75                 | Small. One of finest flavored early home garden melons <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Hale's Best                          | 82                 | Oval fruits 6 1/4 in. long, heavily netted. Thick, deep, salmon flesh. Earliness and rich flavor make this a favorite <b>pkt. 10c</b>                       |
| Hearts of Gold                       | 100                | Round, 5 to 6 in. diameter. Thick, sweet flesh of deep salmon-orange. Fine to plant for succession where season is long <b>pkt. 10c</b>                     |
| Honey Rock                           | 85                 | Nearly round, 5 to 6 in. diameter. Thick, deep salmon flesh. Sweet musky flavor. One of newer varieties well-adapted to home gardens. Early <b>pkt. 10c</b> |



*Leaf Lettuce, Black Seeded Simpson*



*Head Lettuce, White Boston  
Our own perfected purebred strain*

# For Ferry's Fresh, Dated Seeds

| Name                                     | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|--|--------------------|--|
| <b>MUSKMELON, ORANGE FLESHED (Cont.)</b> |                    |  |
| Improved Perfecto                        | 90                 | Fruits almost spherical, 6 to 7 in. diameter. Outstanding for fine quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Milwaukee Market Persian                 | 85<br>115          | Large egg-shaped fruits. Excellent flavor Popular for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b><br>Round fruits, 6 to 8 in. diameter. Very dark green, netted. Flesh thick, bright orange. Distinctive flavor. Needs long growing season <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Pride of Wisconsin                       | 90                 | Similar in size and shape to Honey Rock. Oval. Tough, heavily netted rind. Flesh deep orange and very thick. Sweet and of excellent quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Tip Top                                  | 90                 | Large, round to oval; commonly 7½ in. long. Thick, sweet yellow flesh. Fine flavored home garden melon <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>MUSKMELON, GREEN FLESHED</b>          |                    |  |
| Netted Gem or Rocky Ford                 | 92                 | Small, oval, 4½ to 5 in. diameter. Abundant yielder. Well-known favorite <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>MUSKMELON, WINTER</b>                 |                    |  |
| Cassaba, Golden Beauty                   | 120                | Globe-shaped. Pinched at stem end. Leathery rind. Most successful in California and Gulf States <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Honey Ball                               | 105                | Earlier than Honey Dew and can be grown where season is shorter. Very prolific, long keeping variety of high quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Honey Dew (Green Fleshed)                | 115                | Broad-oval, 7 to 8 in. long. Thick, light green flesh. Fine-grained, delicious. May be picked before fully ripe and stored in cool place <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>WATERMELON</b>                        |                    |  |
| Citron (Red Seeded)                      | 95                 | Round; green with irregular stripes. Flesh white, firm. For preserves and candied fruit. Not to eat uncooked <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Dixie Queen (White Seeded Cuban Queen)   | 95                 | Much used in South. Fruits often weigh 40 to 50 lbs. <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Early Kansas                             | 85                 | Distinctly early. Fruits nearly round, large, and of excellent quality. Seeds large and reddish. Popular in mid-west for shipping <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ferry's Peerless                         | 85                 | Medium size, round to oval. Flesh bright scarlet, very sweet. White seeds. Highest quality very early melon <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Florida Favorite                         | 95                 | Large, long-oval. Bright red crisp flesh, white seeds. Sugary sweet. Very popular in warm climates <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Harris' Earliest                         | 80                 | Medium size, nearly round. Flesh bright scarlet, sweet, tender. Seeds black. Particularly satisfactory in North because of earliness <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Irish Grey                               | 95                 | Fruits large and oblong, with very hard rind. Flesh bright red and of good quality. Seeds white. Especially valuable for distant shipping <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Kleckley's Sweets or Monte Cristo        | 85                 | Long oval. Weight 25 to 30 lbs. Rich red, very sweet flesh. White seeds <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Klondike, Black Seeded                   | 85                 | Similar to brown seeded strain but a trifle smaller and earlier and has small black seeds <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Klondike, Brown Seeded                   | 85                 | Oblong. Uniform dark green. Flesh deep pink. Delicious flavor <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Klondike, Striped                        | 85                 | Much the same as brown seeded strain, but fruits are striped. Extensively used in California for market <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Stone Mountain or Dixie Belle            | 95                 | Nearly round; often weigh 60 to 80 lbs. in South. Flesh red, seeds white, tipped brown. Early enough so quite large fruits can be grown in North. Excellent quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Tom Watson                               | 95                 | Large, long, green fruit. Flesh deep red; brown seeds. Special favorite in South <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Winter King and Queen                    | 95                 | Round, smooth, pale to yellow green, faintly striped. Flesh crisp, sweet, of good quality. Will keep for several weeks properly stored <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Wonder                                   | 85                 | Comparatively new. Useful for home gardens. Large fruits often 22 in. long. An improved Kleckley's Sweets or Monte Cristo <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>MUSHROOM</b>                          |                    |  |
| Pure Culture Spawn                       | 5 to 10 wks.       | Produced from the original spore cultures under the new French process, permitting indefinite reproduction. We use stock of the white variety generally preferred. <b>Per brick 45c \$1.25</b><br>Brick Spawn: Weight about 1¼ lbs. enough to spawn about 10 sq. ft.<br>Bottle Spawn: Sufficient to spawn 40 sq. ft. |
| <b>MUSTARD</b>                           |                    |  |
| Florida Broad Leaf                       | 33                 | Leaves rounded, large, slightly crumpled, medium light green. Quick growing, remains in condition a long time <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Large, Smooth Leaved                     | 33                 | Large, smooth, green leaves borne well above ground. Preferred by many because more easily prepared for table than rough-leaved varieties <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Southern Giant Curled (Long Standing)    | 35                 | Leaves large, light yellowish-green, much frilled. Highly valued in South because of vigorous growth, hardness, and good quality <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Tendergreen or Spinach-mustard           | 32                 | Narrow, spoon-shaped leaves of dark green. Rapid growth <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| <b>OKRA or GUMBO</b>                     |                    |  |
| Clemson Spineless                        | 68                 | Plants 3½ to 4 ft. tall. Pods rich green, straight, moderately ridged, and of high quality. Remarkably uniform. All-America Silver Medal, 1939 <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Dwarf Long Pod Green                     | 65                 | Long, fluted, dark green pods. Pods remain in fine condition a long time <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Perkins' Mammoth Long Pod                | 68                 | Pods 4 to 5 in. long, deep green, slightly corrugated. Early and prolific. Very tender <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| White Velvet                             | 70                 | Long, smooth white pods. Tender until nearly full size. A favorite in the South <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| <b>ONION, RED</b>                        |                    |  |
| Red Wethersfield                         | 102                | Large, flattened, thick bulbs. Flesh purplish-white. Early maturing. Heavy producer even in poor soils. The most popular red onion <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |

# Plant a Well-Planned Vegetable Garden



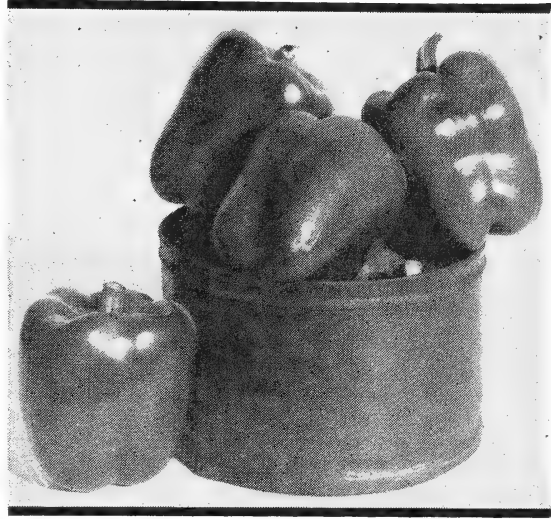
*Here is a typical "Victory Garden" in its early stages. A border of flowers adds to the attractiveness of the plot*

| Name   | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|--|--------------------|--|
| <b>ONION, RED (Cont.)</b><br>Southport Red Globe             | 110                | Medium to large, globe-shaped. Medium early. Popular. One of best keepers <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>ONION, WHITE</b><br>Bunching                              | 45                 | Crisp, white, mild. Suitable for spring appetizer. Fine for cooking when larger grown <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Crystal White Wax  | 95                 | Early flat onion, sweet and mild. Used for early shipment in Southwest <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Extra Early Barletta   | 93                 | Very early. Popular for pickles when small. Bulbs almost round at pickling stage, becoming flat when grown <b>Crop failed</b>                      |
| Hardy White Bunching   | 45                 | Profitable home or market garden variety for young or bunching onions. Produces 4 to 6 useful shoots from single seed first season <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| Mammoth Silver King  | 100                | Bulbs 4 to 5 in. diameter. Flat. Midseason in maturity. Mild in flavor <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| Queen  | 93                 | Early market and pickling variety. Bulbs medium small. Pure white. Round when young. Flat when grown. Mild and sweet <b>Crop failed</b>            |
| Southport White Globe  | 112                | Large size; medium early; firm; mild. Abundant yield. Our strain is unsurpassed in uniformity of shape and color <b>pkt. 10c</b>                   |
| White Lisbon   | 45                 | Grown as early bunching onion. When mature, the round white bulbs are almost 3 inches in diameter <b>Crop failed</b>                               |
| White Portugal (American Silverskin)                         | 104                | Pure white; very sweet, mild flavor. Early maturing. A favorite for green onions, for use in salads, and later for cooking <b>pkt. 10c</b>         |
| White Sweet Spanish  | 112                | Like original Sweet Spanish except color is white. Globe shaped <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>ONION, YELLOW</b><br>Australian Brown                     | 112                | Standard market variety of notably long keeping quality. Bulbs flattened globe. Thick, chestnut brown skin. Flavor strong <b>pkt. 10c</b>          |
| Brigham Yellow Globe   | 110                | Very solid. Globe-shaped. Grown from selected bulbs of original strain <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Early Yellow Globe   | 98                 | Excellent globe-shaped variety. Ten days to two weeks earlier than Southport Yellow Globe <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ebenezer   | 114                | Large, somewhat flattened. Leading variety for onion sets <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Southport Yellow Globe                                       | 110                | Large, uniformly globe-shaped. Flesh white, crisp, mild. Medium early. We highly recommend this for general home garden planting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Sweet Bermuda  | 95                 | Medium to large, flattened. White flesh, mild and sweet. Needs long season to produce finest bulbs <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                 |
| Sweet Spanish  | 112                | Globe-shaped. Often weigh 2 lbs. Deliciously mild. For largest onions start seed early indoors and transplant later outside <b>pkt. 10c</b>        |
| Yellow Danvers, Flat   | 103                | Hardy, easily grown. Fine for general purposes and for sets <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Yellow Globe Danvers   | 106                | Medium to large globe-shaped. White flesh, crisp, mild. Early maturing. Highly recommended for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>                        |
| <b>PARSNIP</b><br>Champion Moss Curled (Extra Triple Curled) | 90                 | Dark green, tightly curled leaves. Unusually decorative for table use <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Double Curled  | 90                 | Rich deep green, finely curled leaves <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Evergreen  | 90                 | Our new introduction. Honorable Mention All-America Selections, 1940 <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Hamburg Thick Rooted   | 140                | Root resembles slender parsnip. Use for flavoring soups and stews. Store in sand for winter <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Paramount  | 92                 | Very uniform, triple curled. Plants 12 inches tall. Award of Merit, All-America Selections, 1935. Our introduction <b>pkt. 5c</b>                  |
| Plain or Single  | 90                 | Leaves deeply cut, flat, dark green. Excellent for seasoning; not so good for garnishing <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>PARSNIP</b><br>Hollow Crown, Thick Shoulder               | 130                | Roots 18 to 20 in. long. Skin smooth, white. Flesh tender. Best and most popular variety in cultivation <b>pkt. 10c</b>                            |
| Smooth White   | 130                | Long roots of excellent flavor. Will keep through winter without protection <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Short Thick  | 100                | About half the size of Hollow Crown and at least a month earlier. Splendid garden variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |

# For Defense of Home and Health



*Peas, Thomas Laxton*



*Pepper, Oakview Wonder*

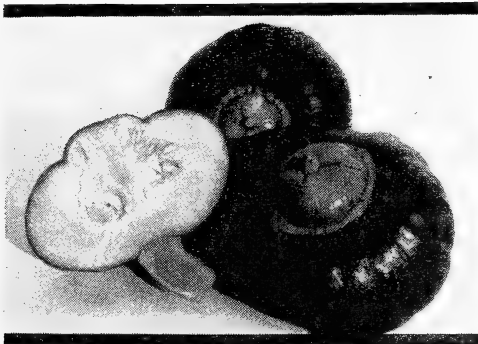
| Name                              | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| <b>PEAS, FIRST EARLY</b>          |                    |  |
| Alaska, Wilt Resistant            | 54                 | Vines 2½ to 3 ft. tall. Plump pods 2½ in. long. Extremely early. Give vines support when possible <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| American Wonder                   | 59                 | Vines 12 to 14 in. tall. Pods plump, straight. Very productive. Important, early dwarf pea for home gardens. Same as Nott's Excelsior <b>carton 10c</b>                  |
| Gradus                            | 58                 | Vines 3 to 3½ ft. tall. Pods 4 in. long. Peas large. Early large-podded pole pea. Splendid quality <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Hundredfold                       | 65                 | Large pods, nearly 4 in. long, ¾ in. wide. Vines 18 to 20 in. tall. Pods borne singly. For home, market garden, shipping <b>carton 10c</b>                               |
| Laxtonian (Blue Bantam)           | 62                 | Vines 1½ to 2 ft. tall. Blue-green pods more than 4 in. long. One of best dwarf, large-podded peas <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Laxton's Progress                 | 60                 | Abundant dark green pods, 4 in. long, ¾ in. wide. Largest of dwarf peas. Vines 18 to 22 in. tall. Very uniform in size, growth, and time ready for use <b>carton 10c</b> |
| Little Marvel                     | 62                 | Thrifty vines, 18 to 20 in. tall. Very plump 3-inch pods. Unsurpassed in quality and productivity for home gardens <b>carton 10c</b>                                     |
| Nott's Excelsior                  | 59                 | Same as American Wonder <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Premium Gem                       | 62                 | Vines 18 in. tall. Plump pods 2¾ in. long. Good home garden variety <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Thomas Laxton                     | 57                 | Vines 3½ to 4 ft. tall. Pods 4 to 4½ in. long. Large, tender peas. Unexcelled flavor; sweetness retained until peas begin to harden <b>carton 10c</b>                    |
| World's Record                    | 55                 | An improved earlier Gradus. Pods 3¾ in. long, wide, pointed at end <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| <b>PEAS, MIDSEASON</b>            |                    |  |
| Alderman                          | 75                 | Vines 4½ to 5 ft. tall. Pods 4½ to 5½ in. long. Splendid dark-podded pea of Telephone type <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Bliss' Everbearing                | 72                 | Vines 30 in. tall. Pods 3 in. long. Peas large, sweet, marrowy in texture and flavor. Long bearing <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Dwarf Telephone or Daisy          | 70                 | Vines about 2 ft. tall; otherwise resembles Telephone. Splendid uniform stock, developed by us <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Giant Stride (Wilt Resistant)     | 75                 | Vines about 2½ ft. tall. Large pods 5 to 5½ in. long, pointed, plump. Good shipping variety <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| McLean's Advancer or Perfection   | 68                 | Vines nearly 3 ft. tall. Pods in pairs, 3¾ in. long; plump. Peas medium size. Canning variety <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Morse's Market                    | 70                 | New large podded pea. Vines 24 to 30 in. tall. Pods 5 to 5½ in. long. Fine to plant with early peas for succession <b>carton 10c</b>                                     |
| Telephone (Dark Podded)           | 73                 | Vines 4 to 4½ ft. tall. Pods about 4½ in. long. One of best for home and market garden <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| <b>PEAS, LATE</b>                 |                    |  |
| Improved Stratagem or Potlatch    | 77                 | Vines 2½ ft. tall. Large pods of Telephone type. Desirable for succession crop <b>carton 10c</b>   |
| Large White Marrowfat             | 82                 | Vines 5 ft. tall. Pods very plump. Peas have rich marrowy flavor. Grown extensively for dry use <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| <b>PEAS, EDIBLE POD</b>           |                    |  |
| Dwarf Gray Sugar (Wilt Resistant) | 70                 | Vines 32 to 36 in. tall. Abundant pods 2¾ to 3¾ in. long. Color pale green. Quality excellent <b>carton 10c</b>  |
| Melting Sugar                     | 72                 | Vines 4 to 5 ft. tall. Abundant broad pods, 4 to 4½ in. long. Rich flavor. To be cooked, pods and all, like snap beans <b>carton 10c</b>                                 |

# Varieties in the Ferry Display

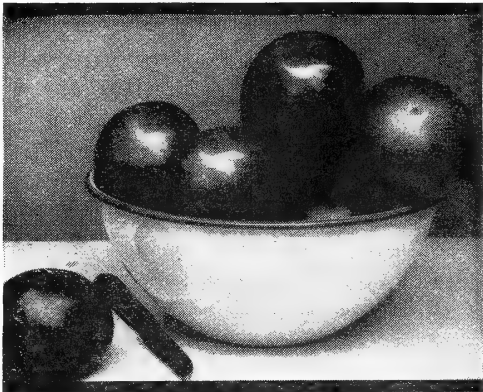
| Name                                       | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|--|--------------------|--|
| <b>PEPPER, SWEET</b>                       |                    |  |
| California Wonder                          | 72                 | Vigorous plants. Many blocky fruits with thick, crisp, mild, juicy flesh. Outstanding for stuffing and serving whole <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Harris' Early Giant                        | 63                 | Good early variety for northern growing. Fruits large, 4½ in. long by 3½ in. through, very slightly tapered <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| King of the North                          | 60                 | Earliest maturing large pepper. Medium thick flesh. Flavor mild and sweet <b>Crop failed</b>   |
| Oakview Wonder                             | 65                 | Earlier, more productive strain of California Wonder. Blocky shape. Thick walls. Excellent quality. Our own development <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Pimiento                                   | 75                 | Medium size, cone-shaped. Especially good canning variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ruby King                                  | 68                 | Large, 4½ to 5 in. long, slightly tapered. Flesh thick, sweet, mild. Approved by many home gardeners because of earliness and fine quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>                           |
| Sweet Bull Nose                            | 63                 | Medium sized square or slightly elongated. Excellent for home garden <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Sweet Yellow                               | 60                 | The largest yellow pepper. Pale yellow flesh. Very mild and sweet. Blocky shape <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| World Beater                               | 70                 | Fruits 5 in. long by 3½ in. diameter. Flesh mild. Walls thick. One of best large peppers <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>PEPPER, HOT</b>                         |                    |  |
| Anaheim                                    | 78                 | Late. Particularly adapted to culture in South. Fruits 6 to 8 in. long; about 1 in. through; tapered. Mildly pungent <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Bell or Bull Nose                          | 55                 | Medium sized blocky fruits. Flesh mild, ribs pungent. Our stock superior in uniformity of size, shape, earliness <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Hungarian Yellow Wax                       | 60                 | Waxy yellow fruits, 6 to 7 in. long, 2 in. diameter, slightly crumpled, tapering, and pointed. Larger and thicker-fleshed than other hot varieties. Fine for canning <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| Long Red Cayenne                           | 70                 | Strong pungent fruits, 4 in. long, 1 in. thick, twisted and pointed. Especially good for drying <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Red Chili                                  | 85                 | Bushy plants. Small tapering fruits about 2 in. long, bright red, very hot. Chiefly for making pepper sauce. Needs long season for growing <b>pkt. 10c</b>                           |
| <b>PUMPKIN</b>                             |                    |  |
| California Field                           | 85                 | Very large. Somewhat variable in form and color. Mostly used for stock feeding <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Green Striped Cushaw                       | 75                 | Crooknecked, 18 to 20 in. long. Weight 10 to 15 lbs. Flesh rather coarse but sweet. Popular in South <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Large Yellow (Connecticut Field)           | 70                 | Fruits weigh about 20 lbs. Rich deep orange-yellow. Double-purpose pumpkin. Excellent for pies and good for stock feed <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Mammoth King                               | 83                 | The largest pumpkin ever introduced. Has yielded 100 tons to acre. Very thick flesh <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Morse's Marrow                             | 80                 | Fruits weighing 150 lbs. not uncommon. Flesh thick, solid, bright yellow-orange <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Pie or Winter Luxury                       | 75                 | Small, nearly round. Weight about 8½ lbs. Flesh creamy yellow, thick, sweet, finely flavored <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Sugar or New England Pie                   | 75                 | Fruits weigh about 7 lbs. Thick flesh of rich orange. Fine sweet flavor. The right size for home use. Keeps well <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Sweet Cheese or Kentucky Field             | 80                 | Largely grown in South for canning and stock feed. Fruits very large, flattened <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>RADISH</b>                              |                    |  |
| Crimson Giant                              | 29                 | Crisp, mild. Perfect condition until nearly 2 in. diameter. Largest of the early round radishes <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Early Scarlet Globe                        | 25                 | Bright carmine-red. Oval shape. Flesh crisp and mild until nearly an inch in diameter. Most desirable early table radish. Best before fully grown <b>pkt. 5c</b>                     |
| Early Scarlet Turnip                       | 25                 | Crimson. Turnip shape. Roots quickly become an inch in diameter. Very satisfactory for early planting. Splendid quality <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Early Scarlet Turnip, White Tipped         | 25                 | Upper part rich red; lower part snow-white. Turnip shape. Reach 1½ in. diameter before becoming pithy <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| French Breakfast                           | 25                 | Oblong, blunt. Rich scarlet with white base. Good quality <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Icicle                                     | 27                 | Pure white. About 6 in. long, 1 inch thick. Small tops. Most crisp and tender of all radishes. A great favorite <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Long Scarlet                               | 27                 | Bright carmine-red. Smooth tender skin. Mild crisp flesh. About 6 in. long. Easy to pull because upper part is out of ground <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Sparkler                                   | 25                 | Deep turnip shape. Bright scarlet with white tip <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| White Strasburg                            | 40                 | Roots 5 inches long; tapered; smooth; white; firm. Crisp, mild summer radish <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>RADISH, WINTER</b>                      |                    |  |
| Chinese Rose Winter (Scarlet China Winter) | 50                 | Deep rose-red. Roots 4 to 5 in. long. Flesh white, crisp, mildly pungent. Attractive and of fine quality <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Chinese White Winter (Celestial)           | 55                 | Clear white. Slightly oval to blunt base; 6 to 9 in. long. Not so pungent as most winter varieties <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Round Black Spanish                        | 55                 | Globe-shaped, 3½ to 4 in. diameter. Skin black, flesh white, crisp, pungent. Desirable for winter storing <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| <b>RHUBARB (Pie Plant)</b>                 |                    |  |
| Crimson Winter                             | 2 yrs.             | Long bearing. Fine flavor. Tender and sweet. Very popular in California <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Victoria                                   | 2 yrs.             | Straight crimson stalks. Delicious flavor. Excellent for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Rhubarb Roots (Victoria)                   | 2 yrs.             | (See description above) <b>Ask Your Dealer for Prices</b>  |
| <b>ROQUETTE</b>                            |                    |  |
|  | 40                 | Leaves resemble radish but are smoother. Used for salads. Pungent odor <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>SALSIFY or VEGETABLE OYSTER</b>         |                    |  |
| Mammoth Sandwich Island                    | 140                | Large, uniform, smooth white roots. Desirable winter vegetable. Store in cool cellar <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |

# are Suited to Your Locality

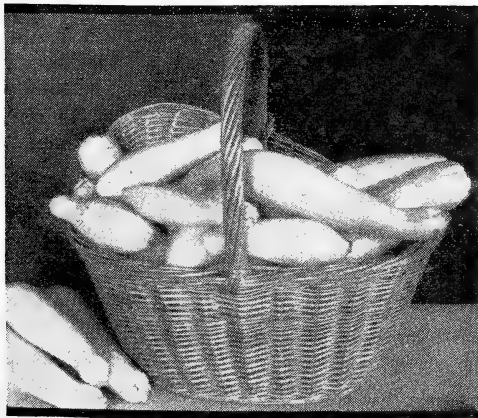
| Name  | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|---|--------------------|--|
| <b>SORKEL</b><br>Large Leaved French                                | 60                 | Large pale green leaves of fine quality. Appetizing when well grown and cooked like spinach<br>pkt. 10c  |
| <b>SPINACH</b><br>Giant Thick Leaved (Nobel)                        | 43                 | Medium green leaves of large size, slightly crumpled in center. Largest spinach in cultivation. Excellent for home gardens<br>pkt. 10c                                   |
| Juliana   | 50                 | Leaves deep green, much blistered. Compact growth. Ideal to plant for succession with earlier variety<br>pkt. 10c  |
| King of Denmark   | 48                 | Intermediate between smooth-leaved and blistered varieties<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Long Standing Bloomsdale  | 45                 | Dark green leaves, crumpled, rounded. Remains in condition a long time without bolting to seed<br>pkt. 10c   |
| New Zealand (Tetragonia)  | 55                 | Groups of small fleshy leaves, tender and delicious when cooked. Ideal for summer use; endures heat and thrives in most soils<br>pkt. 10c                                |
| Old Dominion (Blight Resistant)                                     | 40                 | Large dark green heavily crumpled leaves. Long standing. Used mostly for an early spring crop<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Prickly Seeded (Dark Green)   | 45                 | Large plant. Many rounded, thick, dark green leaves. Well-adapted to fall planting where winters are mild. Standard canning variety<br>pkt. 10c                          |
| Savoy-Leaved or Bloomsdale  | 40                 | Deep green leaves, large and blistered. Standard very early spinach<br>pkt. 10c  |
| Viking  | 48                 | Large, dark green smooth leaves with short petioles. Fine quality. Very desirable for shipping and canning<br>pkt. 10c   |
| Virginia Savoy (Blight Resistant)                                   | 40                 | Similar to Savoy-Leaved or Bloomsdale. Used principally in sections where mosaic occurs<br>pkt. 10c  |
| <b>SQUASH, SUMMER</b><br>Early Bush Scallop, Green Type (Benning's) | 50                 | Convenient size for shipping. Popular on West Coast. Light green when young; creamy white when mature. Retains green color long time<br>pkt. 10c                         |
| Early Prolific Straightneck   | 50                 | Straight, smooth fruits. Delicate creamy color. Vines produce abundantly. Peak of perfection in summer squash. Our introduction, All-America Gold Medal 1938<br>pkt. 10c |
| Early White Bush Scallop (Patty Pan)                                | 50                 | Bushy plants. Creamy white, flattened fruits, scalloped on edges. One of most popular white varieties for home use<br>pkt. 10c   |



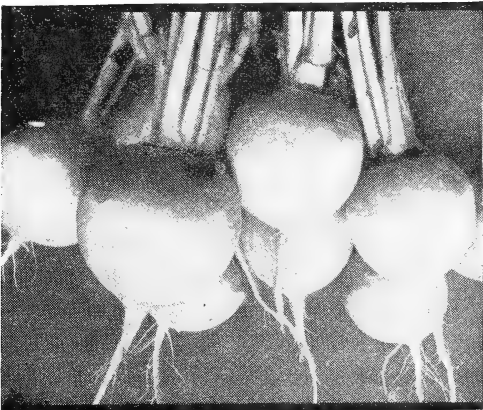
Squash, Buttercup



Tomato, Earliana



Early Prolific Straightneck Squash—  
one of our prize winning vegetable strains



Turnip, Purple Top White Globe

| Name  | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices  |
|---|--------------------|---|
| <b>SQUASH, SUMMER (Cont.)</b>               |                    |   |
| Glant Summer Straight-neck                  | 55                 | Same quality and size as the old favorite Crookneck. Convenient straight shape <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Cocozelle                                   | 65                 | Dark green marbled with yellow and light green. Flesh pale green, thick, firm, tender. Best for eating when 6 to 8 in. long <b>pkt. 10c</b>                             |
| Dark Green Zucchini                         | 65                 | Smooth, cylindrical, dark green fruits. Use when young, sliced and cooked with skin on <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Zucchini                                    | 65                 | Color light green with grayish mottling; otherwise similar to Cocozelle <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Mammoth Summer Crookneck                    | 55                 | Well-known home, market garden, and shipping variety. Very large, warted. Rich, golden-yellow color <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Summer Crookneck                            | 60                 | Bright yellow, warted. Flesh pale cream, firm, tender. Good early variety for home planting <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>SQUASH, WINTER</b>                       |                    |   |
| Banana                                      | 105                | 18 to 24 in. long, 7 in. diameter. Skin gray-blue. Flesh deep yellow, dry, sweet. Free from fiber or stringiness. Fine for pies <b>pkt. 10c</b>                         |
| Blue Hubbard                                | 105                | Similar to original Hubbard, but with blue-gray shell <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Boston Marrow                               | 95                 | Large fruits, irregularly oval. Hard orange skin. Used as substitute for pie pumpkin <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Buttercup                                   | 100                | Turban-shaped with protuberance at end. Dark green somewhat striped with gray. Flesh very dry. Of finest flavor with the mild sweetness of sweet potato <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| Delicata or Sweet Potato                    | 100                | Fruits 6 to 8 in. long. Flesh thick. Popular as small fall or winter variety. Keeps well <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Delicious                                   | 103                | Heart-shaped, dark green. Weight 8 to 10 lbs. Bright yellow flesh. Rich flavor. Keeps well <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Golden Delicious                            | 103                | Valuable canning variety because of high starch content. Color bright orange <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Hubbard                                     | 100                | Round, warted, dark green. Weight 12 to 14 lbs. Thick, bright yellow flesh. Fine flavor. Most widely grown of any winter squash <b>pkt. 10c</b>                         |
| Table Queen or Des Moines                   | 80                 | Acorn-shaped, green, deeply furrowed. Flesh rich yellow, dry, mealy, delicious. Convenient size for baking and serving in halves <b>pkt. 10c</b>                        |
| Warted Hubbard                              | 104                | Slightly larger than true Hubbard. Excellent quality <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>SUNFLOWER</b>                            |                    |   |
| Mammoth Russian                             |                    | Enormous heads, 12 to 20 in. diameter. Seed good for poultry feeding. Soil and culture same as for corn <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| <b>SWISS CHARD (Spinach Beet; Sea Kale)</b> |                    |   |
| Large Ribbed Dark Green                     | 60                 | Leaves slightly crumpled. Stems and midribs broad and thick. Superior flavor. Strip leaves from midribs and cook separately <b>pkt. 10c</b>                             |
| Lucullus, Dark Green                        | 60                 | Plant erect. Fleshy crumpled leaves of rich deep green. Makes very choice greens <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>TOBACCO</b>                              |                    |   |
| Connecticut Seed Leaf                       | 120                | Hardy cigar variety. Adapted for growing in central and northern states <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Havana                                      | 120                | Much used for cigar wrappers. Leaf very thin and of fine texture <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| White Burley (Root rot resistant)           | 120                | A favorite for plug fillers and wrappers <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>TOMATO</b>                               |                    |   |
| Bison                                       | 60                 | Plants small, compact, productive. Fruits globe-shaped, scarlet. Extra early; especially bred for northern United States <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                |
| Bonny Best                                  | 73                 | Bright deep scarlet. Medium large, smooth, firm. Splendid general purpose tomato <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Break O'Day                                 | 73                 | Medium to large globe-shaped. Very productive. Our own strain reselected from the original. Wilt resistant <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Chalk's Early Jewel                         | 75                 | Large scarlet fruits. Thick solid flesh, few seeds. Ripens early and continues through long season <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Dwarf Champion or Tree                      | 78                 | Purplish-pink fruits of medium size. Plants dwarf and tree-like. Needs no training; can use where space is limited <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                      |
| Dwarf Stone or Tree                         | 81                 | Fruits bright red, flattened globe-shape. Vines similar to Dwarf Champion <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Earlana                                     | 64                 | Fruits medium size, deep scarlet. Vines small. Particularly desirable for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Early Detroit                               | 78                 | Fruits rich purplish-pink, large, globe-shaped, smooth, firm <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Golden Queen                                | 83                 | Large, firm, smooth, bright golden yellow. Best large yellow tomato. Slice with red variety for contrast <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Greater Baltimore                           | 83                 | Similar to Stone. Particularly valuable for canning <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Grothen's Globe                             | 73                 | Deep scarlet fruits, free from objectionable yellow about stem end. Wilt resistant. Becoming popular in some sections for shipping <b>pkt. 10c</b>                      |
| Gulf State Market                           | 77                 | Purplish-pink, large, globe-shaped. Especially popular in South. Withstands drought well <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| John Baer                                   | 71                 | Similar to Bonny Best but often a few days earlier <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| June Pink                                   | 65                 | Similar to Earlana in every way except color. Best extra-early purplish-pink variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Livingston's Globe                          | 81                 | Large, purplish-pink, globe-shaped. Somewhat uneven in size but very smooth. Heavy producer <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Marglobe                                    | 73                 | Uniform, deep scarlet, globe-shaped. Heavily productive. Long bearing. Resistant to wilt and nailhead rust. Excellent for home gardens <b>pkt. 10c</b>                  |
| McGee                                       | 65                 | Pink-fruited, nearly round, smooth. Vines small. Early garden favorite <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Michigan State Forcing                      | 80                 | Recently developed at Michigan State College. One of the best forcing tomatoes <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |



# of Your Favorite Vegetable

| Name                                       | Days to Table Size | Description—Points You Want to Know—Prices   |
|--|--------------------|--|
| <b>TOMATO (Cont.)</b>                      |                    |  |
| Morse's Special Early No. 498              | 63                 | Nearly globe-shaped. Bright scarlet. In season with Earliana. Very productive. Mainly used in northern and western states <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Norton                                     | 85                 | Wilt resistant strain developed out of Stone <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Ox Heart                                   | 85                 | Heart-shaped, rosy-pink, solid-fleshed, few seeds. Many home gardeners are enthusiastic about this mild variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Ponderosa or Beefsteak                     | 85                 | Extremely large, fleshy, very mild. Deep purplish-pink. One of best for home use <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Pritchard (Scarlet Topper)                 | 80                 | Deep scarlet, globe-shaped. Plants self-pruning, wilt-resistant. Excellent all purpose, home garden tomato <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Rutgers                                    | 73                 | Recent development of New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station. Fruits medium to large. Highly recommended for canning and tomato juice <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Stokesdale                                 | 73                 | New, second-early, globe-shaped tomato. Round, scarlet fruits. Useful for home garden, market, and canning <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Stone                                      | 85                 | Bright deep scarlet. Large, smooth, solid, nearly round. Unsurpassed for slicing and canning. Very popular late variety <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Supreme Marglobe                           | 73                 | Our own development. We recommend this as the finest stock of Marglobe in size and uniformity of fruits <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Victor                                     | 65                 | Smooth, round, deep scarlet fruits about 3 inches in diameter. Recommended as first early variety for home gardens and early market. Introduced by Michigan State College. All-America Award winner. <b>pkt. 10c</b> |
| <b>TOMATO—SMALL FRUITED</b>                |                    |  |
| Red Cherry                                 | 85                 | Fruits small, round, rich deep red <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Red Pear                                   | 85                 | Fruits 2 in. long. Pear-shaped. Bright red <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| San Marzano                                | 87                 | Our selection of an Italian variety highly valued for paste and powder. Thick, bright scarlet, solid flesh with few seeds. Fruits 1½ in. broad by 2½ to 3 in. long <b>pkt. 10c</b>                                   |
| Yellow Husk or Ground Cherry               | 90                 | Small, round yellow fruits enclosed in papery husks. Not a true tomato <b>pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Yellow Pear                                | 85                 | Fruits two inches long; pear-shaped <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Yellow Plum                                | 85                 | Fruits oval, two inches long, clear deep yellow <b>pkt. 10c</b>  |
| <b>TURNIP, WHITE FLESHED</b>               |                    |  |
| Cow Horn or Long White                     | 65                 | Tapered, slightly crooked, 12 to 15 in. long. Chiefly grown for stock. Mild, sweet, tender for table when young <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Early Purple Top Strap Leaved              | 45                 | Roots flattened; purplish-red above, white below. Flesh white, tender. Important early home garden variety <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Early White Flat Dutch Strap Leaved        | 45                 | Roots flattened. Entirely white. Mild. Extensively used for table <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Extra Early Purple Top Milan               | 40                 | Roots flattened, becoming 4 in. across. Purplish-red above, white below. Flesh white, fine-grained, mild <b>pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Extra Early White Milan                    | 40                 | All white. Otherwise same as Extra Early Purple Top Milan <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Large White Globe (Norfolk)                | 75                 | Large globular roots. 4 to 5 in. or more diameter. Chiefly grown for stock feed; young roots good for table use <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Purple Top White Globe                     | 55                 | Globe-shaped. Purplish-red above, white below. Flesh white, tender. Most popular variety for general use. Our strain outstandingly uniform <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Shogoin (for Greens)                       | 42                 | Large edible leaves and roots of splendid quality. Especially desirable because of ability to withstand aphids <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Snowball                                   | 40                 | Attractive, medium-sized turnip. Clear white. Fine grained, sweet, tender <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Southern Prize                             | 60                 | Two-purpose variety. Abundance of leaves for greens and large top-shaped edible roots <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>   |
| White Egg                                  | 55                 | Egg-shaped, smooth, white. Half of root above ground. Splendid home garden variety <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>TURNIP, YELLOW FLESHED</b>              |                    |  |
| Large Amber Globe                          | 75                 | Large globular roots chiefly grown for stock <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Orange Jelly or Golden Ball                | 60                 | Globe-shaped. Skin smooth. Flesh yellow, fine-grained. Good quality. Delicate flavor <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>  |
| Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen                 | 75                 | Roots large, globular. High quality. Splendid keeper <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>  |
| <b>TURNIP GREENS</b>                       |                    |  |
| Seven Top                                  | 45                 | Leaf shoots tender. Roots inedible. Widely used in South for greens and stock grazing <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>   |
| <b>RUTABAGA or SWEDE</b>                   |                    |  |
| American Purple Top (Improved Long Island) | 100                | Globe-shaped. Large creamy yellow, crisp, solid. One of most satisfactory for both table and stock feed <b>Carton 15c; pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Monarch or Tankard                         | 103                | Large roots with small necks and tops. Roots purplish-red above, yellow below <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |
| Sweet Perfection White                     | 95                 | White-fleshed variety, desirable for table use. Yields better than yellow varieties <b>pkt. 5c</b>   |

## FERRY-MORSE SEED CO.—

the Source of Superior Home Garden Seeds  
for 86 Years

*Ask Your Dealer for Ferry's*

# Herbs for Flavor and Fragrance

| Common Name          | Botanical Name                | See "Key to Symbols"  | Ht.             | Suggestions—Prices  |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|
| Anise                | <i>Pimpinella anisum</i>      | h-A                   | 14 in.          | Seeds used for flavoring bread, cake, cookies, and candy <b>Pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Balm                 | <i>Melissa officinalis</i>    | h-P                   | 1½ ft.          | Leaves have a lemony, minty fragrance and give a fine flavor to fruit drinks <b>Crop failed</b>   |
| Basil, Sweet         | <i>Ocimum basilicum</i>       | h-A                   | 1 ft.           | Spicy, flower-like tasting leaves, delicious in green salads, tomato and cheese dishes and soups <b>Pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Borage               | <i>Borago officinalis</i>     | h-A                   | 12-18 in.       | Leaves and flowers used in cold drinks and to garnish salads <b>Pkt. 10c</b>  |
| Caraway              | <i>Carum carui</i>            | h-B                   | 1 to 2 ft.      | Seeds used for flavoring cake, cookies, bread, cheese, baked apples <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| Chervil              | <i>Anthriscus cerefolium</i>  | h-A                   | 10 in.          | Leaves used like parsley for flavoring and garnishing <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| Chives (See page 31) |                               |                       |                 |   |
| Coriander            | <i>Coriandrum sativum</i>     | h-A                   | 2½ ft.          | Seeds used in candy and to disguise taste of medicine <b>Pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Dill, Mammoth        | <i>Anethum graveolens</i>     | h-A                   | 2 to 3 ft.      | Seeds and leaves famous for use in dill pickles <b>Pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Fennel, Sweet        | <i>Foeniculum officinale</i>  | h-B                   | 2 to 4 ft.      | Fresh tender stems eaten raw like celery or in salads; seeds flavor candy and medicines <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| Horehound            | <i>Marrubium vulgare</i>      | h-P                   | 1 to 3 ft.      | Leaves and juice of flowering tops flavor cough sirups and candies <b>Crop failed</b>   |
| Hyssop               | <i>Hyssopus officinalis</i>   | h-P                   | 1½ ft.          | Often planted near bee hives to give fine taste to honey <b>Crop failed</b>   |
| Lavender             | <i>Lavandula spica</i>        | h-P                   | 2 ft.           | Dried flowers used to scent linens <b>Crop failed</b>   |
| Marjoram, Sweet      | <i>Origanum marjorana</i>     | t-P<br>used as annual | 2 ft.           | Young tender leaves good in salads and to flavor soups. Makes a pretty pot plant <b>Crop failed</b>   |
| Parsley              | <i>Petroselinum sativum</i>   | h-B                   | 10 in.          | Leaves add distinctive seasoning to many dishes cooked and uncooked (See page 40 for varieties)   |
| Rosemary             | <i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i> | t-P<br>used as annual | 2 to 4 ft.      | Fragrant odor and warm, pungent taste make this an acceptable seasoning for meats and soups <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| Rue                  | <i>Ruta graveolens</i>        | h-P                   | 16 in. to 2 ft. | Bitter herb, to be used sparingly for seasoning <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| Saffron              | <i>Carthamus tinctorius</i>   | h-A                   | 1 to 3 ft.      | The yellow, thistle-like flowers picked while in full bloom are used for coloring and flavoring <b>Pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Sage, Broad Leaf     | <i>Salvia officinalis</i>     | h-P                   | 14 to 16 in.    | Gray-leaved plant with blue flowers. A great favorite in meat and poultry dressings <b>Pkt. 10c</b>   |
| Savory, Summer       | <i>Satureia hortensis</i>     | h-A                   | 8 to 10 in.     | Leaves and flowering tops popular in dressings, boiled with peas and snap beans, used with other herbs in salads and as flavoring for many meat dishes. <b>Pkt. 10c</b> |
| Thyme                | <i>Thymus vulgaris</i>        | h-P                   | 8 to 10 in.     | Sharp, aromatic flavor good in combination with other herbs in salads, sandwiches, etc. <b>Crop failed</b>  |
| Wormwood             | <i>Artemisia absinthium</i>   | h-P                   | 3 to 5 ft.      | Next to rue, the bitterest of all herbs. Chiefly used in medicines <b>Crop failed</b>   |

## Ferry's Lawn Grass Seed for Many Uses

Seed should be sown early in spring or in fall, at the rate of 1 pound to every 150 to 400 square feet, depending on variety. Make the surface fine and smooth by raking. In spring, sow the seed as early as possible, preferably just before a shower, as this will push the seed far enough into the ground to cover it sufficiently. In fall, sow before the autumn rains, early enough so that the young grass can become established before cold weather.

**ASTORIA BENT** (*Agrostis capillaris* var. *Astorianae*). Spreads from underground rootstalks. Helpful for binding light or sandy soils when given special watering and rolling.

**CHEWING'S FESCUE** (*Festuca rubra fallax*). Valuable because of ability to thrive on light sandy soils and in shady locations.

**KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS** (*Poa pratensis*). The basis of general lawn grass mixtures. Permanent. Fine-leaved. Starts early in spring. Forms close turf.

**PERENNIAL RYE GRASS** (*Lolium perenne*). Valuable for producing a green lawn quickly. Much used in mild climates.

**RED TOP (Fancy)** (*Agrostis alba*). Generally used with Blue Grass. At its best in late summer when Blue Grass is past its prime.

**ROUGH STALKED MEADOW** (*Poa trivialis*). An excellent grass for shady locations.

**SEASIDE BENT** (*Agrostis maritima*). Stoliferous. Provides mat-like, smooth, uniform turf. Much used for golf courses.

**WHITE DUTCH CLOVER**. Valuable addition to other lawn grasses because of quick growth and creeping habit.

**FINE MIXED LAWN GRASS**. Adapted to general lawn purposes. Superior mixture of best and cleanest grades of seed. **Carton 25c**

**EXTRA FINE MIXED**. For a beautiful close turf. Each variety has a different period of luxuriant growth for keeping lawn in excellent condition all summer.

**SHADY LAWN MIXTURE**. Excellent selection of fine grasses which thrive in shade of trees or buildings.

**MORSE'S CALIFORNIA LAWN MIXTURE**. (No white clover or rye grass.) Contains only finest-leaved grasses to make a good, perennially green turf. For general use.

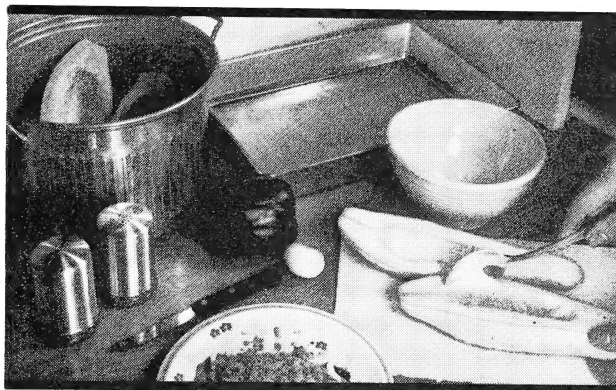
**MORSE'S GOLDEN GATE PARK LAWN MIXTURE**. Contains most hardy and resistant grasses to endure much trampling. Includes very little white clover. **Carton 25c**

Ask Your Dealer for Prices on Items Unmarked

# Ferry-Morse Vegetables Are Well-Bred and Deserve to Be Well-Prepared

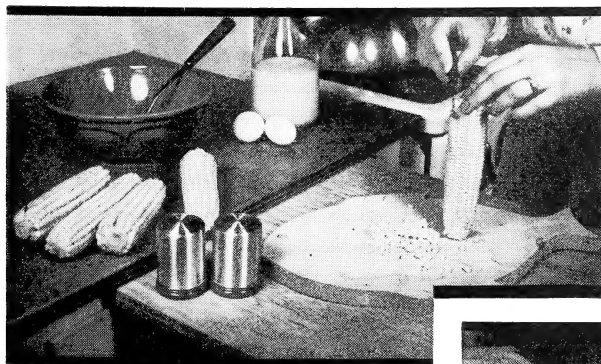


ABOVE—Red Cored Chantenay Carrot—delicious boiled whole, buttered, breaded, and browned in the oven



ABOVE—Young fruits of Early Prolific Straightneck Squash are tasty when stuffed and baked

BELOW—Meaty Marglobe Tomatoes—one of the best varieties for slicing or serving whole

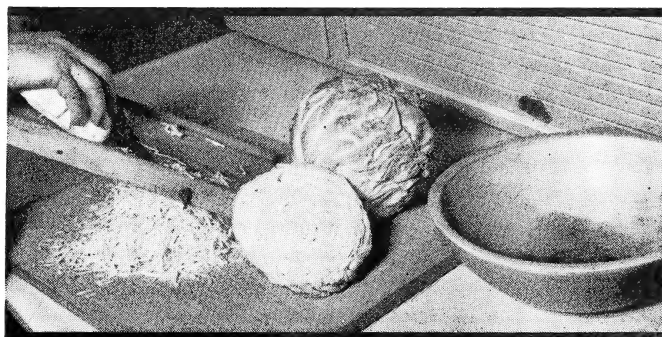


ABOVE—Look at the full even rows on these ears of Charlevoix Corn. Corn pudding is in the making



ABOVE (RIGHT)—Solid heads, brittle and crisp. That's White Boston Lettuce ready for the table

AT RIGHT—Slaw and salad are at their best when made from young tender heads of Copenhagen Market Cabbage fresh from the garden



# Planting Chart for Vegetables

|                             | QUANTITY NEEDED                  |                                |                | DISTANCE     |              |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
|                             | To Produce a Given No. of Plants | For 100 ft. of Row             | To Sow an Acre | Apart in Row | Between Rows |
| Artichoke.....              | 1 oz. to 500                     | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 6 oz.          | 18 to 24 in. | 36 to 48 in. |
| Asparagus.....              | 1 oz. to 800                     | 1 oz.                          | 4 lbs.         | 3 to 6 in.   | 12 to 24 in. |
| Asparagus Roots.....        |                                  | 40 to 60                       | 3600 to 7200   | 18 to 36 in. | 24 to 48 in. |
| Beans, Bush.....            |                                  | 1 lb.                          | 60 lbs.        | 2 to 4 in.   | 18 to 24 in. |
| Beans, Pole.....            |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.              | 30 lbs.        | 6 to 8 in.   | 36 to 48 in. |
| Beet, Table.....            |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 8 to 15 lbs.   | 1 to 4 in.   | 18 to 24 in. |
| Beet, Mangel and Sugar..... |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 4 to 6 lbs.    | 3 to 6 in.   | 18 to 36 in. |
| Broccoli.....               | 1 oz. to 5000                    | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 3 oz.          | 18 to 24 in. | 24 to 40 in. |
| Brussels Sprouts.....       | 1 oz. to 5000                    | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 3 oz.          | 18 to 24 in. | 18 to 36 in. |
| Cabbage.....                | 1 oz. to 5000                    | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 3 oz.          | 12 to 24 in. | 24 to 36 in. |
| Cardoon.....                |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 4 oz.          | 18 to 30 in. | 18 to 30 in. |
| Carrot.....                 |                                  | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 3 to 5 lbs.    | 1 to 3 in.   | 18 to 24 in. |
| Cauliflower.....            | 1 oz. to 5000                    | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 4 oz.          | 18 to 24 in. | 24 to 30 in. |
| Celery.....                 | 1 oz. to 10000                   | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 4 oz.          | 4 to 8 in.   | 20 to 48 in. |
| Chicory.....                |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 4 lbs.         | 2 to 4 in.   | 18 to 36 in. |
| Collards.....               | 1 oz. to 5000                    | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 4 oz.          | 12 to 18 in. | 24 to 30 in. |
| Corn, Pop.....              |                                  | $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.              | 6 lbs.         | 4 to 6 in.   | 36 to 48 in. |
| Corn, Sweet.....            |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ lb.              | 15 lbs.        | 4 to 6 in.   | 30 to 48 in. |
| Corn Salad.....             |                                  | 2 oz.                          | 10 lbs.        | 2 to 4 in.   | 12 to 18 in. |
| Cress.....                  |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 10 lbs.        | 2 to 4 in.   | 12 to 18 in. |
| Cucumber.....               |                                  | 1 oz. to 100 hills             | 2 lbs.         | 1 to 3 ft.   | 3 to 6 ft.   |
| Dandelion.....              |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 5 lbs.         | 6 to 12 in.  | 18 to 24 in. |
| Dill.....                   |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 5 lbs.         | 4 to 8 in.   | 18 to 36 in. |
| Egg Plant.....              | 1 oz. to 2000                    |                                | 8 oz.          | 18 to 24 in. | 24 to 30 in. |
| Endive.....                 |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 4 lbs.         | 8 to 12 in.  | 18 to 24 in. |
| Fennel.....                 |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 3 lbs.         | 4 to 12 in.  | 24 to 40 in. |
| Garlic.....                 |                                  | 10 lbs.                        |                | 3 to 4 in.   | 12 to 24 in. |
| Horseradish Roots.....      |                                  | 400                            | 10000 to 15000 | 12 to 18 in. | 30 to 36 in. |
| Kale.....                   | 1 oz. to 5000                    | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 4 lbs.         | 18 to 24 in. | 24 to 36 in. |
| Kohl Rabi.....              |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 4 lbs.         | 3 to 6 in.   | 12 to 24 in. |
| Leek.....                   |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 4 lbs.         | 2 to 4 in.   | 12 to 42 in. |
| Lettuce.....                |                                  | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 3 lbs.         | 4 to 14 in.  | 12 to 18 in. |
| Melon, Musk.....            |                                  | 1 oz. to 100 hills             | 2 lbs.         | 2 to 3 ft.   | 6 to 8 ft.   |
| Melon, Water.....           |                                  | 4 oz. to 100 hills             | 4 lbs.         | 2 to 3 ft.   | 6 to 8 ft.   |
| Mustard.....                |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 5 lbs.         | 4 to 8 in.   | 12 to 24 in. |
| Okra.....                   |                                  | 2 oz.                          | 8 lbs.         | 18 to 24 in. | 24 to 36 in. |
| Onion.....                  |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 5 lbs.         | 2 to 4 in.   | 18 to 30 in. |
| Onion (for sets).....       |                                  |                                | 40 to 80 lbs.  | Not thinned  | 12 to 14 in. |
| Parsnip.....                |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 3 lbs.         | 3 to 4 in.   | 18 to 24 in. |
| Parsley.....                |                                  | $\frac{1}{4}$ oz.              | 3 lbs.         | 4 to 8 in.   | 12 to 18 in. |
| Peas, Garden.....           |                                  | 1 lb.                          | 90 to 150 lbs. | 1 to 3 in.   | 24 to 36 in. |
| Pepper.....                 | 1 oz. to 1000                    | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 8 oz.          | 15 to 18 in. | 18 to 30 in. |
| Pumpkin.....                |                                  | $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. to 100 hills | 3 to 4 lbs.    | 3 to 4 ft.   | 8 to 12 ft.  |
| Radish.....                 |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 10 to 12 lbs.  | 1 in.        | 12 to 18 in. |
| Rhubarb.....                |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 3 lbs.         | 18 to 24 in. | 24 to 48 in. |
| Rutabaga.....               |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 2 to 4 lbs.    | 6 to 8 in.   | 18 to 24 in. |
| Sage.....                   |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 4 to 5 lbs.    | 6 to 12 in.  | 18 to 24 in. |
| Salsify.....                |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 8 lbs.         | 2 to 4 in.   | 18 to 24 in. |
| Savory, Summer.....         |                                  | $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.              | 1 lb.          | 6 to 8 in.   | 18 to 24 in. |
| Sorrel.....                 |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 5 lbs.         | 2 to 4 in.   | 12 to 24 in. |
| Spinach.....                |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 10 to 12 lbs.  | 3 to 6 in.   | 12 to 18 in. |
| Squash, Summer.....         |                                  | 4 oz. to 100 hills             | 4 lbs.         | 3 to 4 ft.   | 3 to 4 ft.   |
| Squash, Winter.....         |                                  | 8 oz. to 100 hills             | 2 lbs.         | 3 to 4 ft.   | 6 to 9 ft.   |
| Sunflower.....              |                                  | 2 oz.                          | 8 lbs.         | 8 to 12 in.  | 3 to 6 ft.   |
| Tomato.....                 | 1 oz. to 3000                    |                                | 4 oz.          | 2 to 6 ft.   | 3 to 7 ft.   |
| Tobacco.....                | 1 oz. to 5000                    |                                | 2 oz.          | 2 to 3 ft.   | 3 to 4 ft.   |
| Turnip.....                 |                                  | 1 oz.                          | 1 to 2 lbs.    | 3 to 4 in.   | 12 to 24 in. |

Number of Plants to the Acre at Given Distances

| Dis. Apart  | No. plants | Dis. Apart  | No. Plants | Dis. Apart  | No. Plants |
|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 12 x 1 in.  | 522,720    | 36 x 3 in.  | 58,080     | 10 x 1 ft.  | 4,356      |
| 12 x 3 in.  | 174,240    | 36 x 12 in. | 14,520     | 10 x 6 ft.  | 726        |
| 12 x 12 in. | 43,560     | 36 x 18 in. | 9,680      | 10 x 10 ft. | 435        |
| 16 x 1 in.  | 392,040    | 36 x 24 in. | 7,260      | 12 x 1 ft.  | 3,630      |
| 18 x 1 in.  | 348,480    | 36 x 36 in. | 4,840      | 12 x 5 ft.  | 736        |
| 18 x 3 in.  | 116,160    | 42 x 42 in. | 12,446     | 12 x 12 ft. | 302        |
| 18 x 12 in. | 29,040     | 42 x 24 in. | 6,223      | 16 x 1 ft.  | 2,722      |
| 18 x 18 in. | 19,360     | 42 x 36 in. | 4,148      | 16 x 16 ft. | 170        |
| 20 x 1 in.  | 313,635    | 48 x 12 in. | 10,890     |             |            |
| 20 x 20 in. | 15,681     | 48 x 18 in. | 7,790      |             |            |
| 24 x 1 in.  | 261,360    | 48 x 24 in. | 5,445      |             |            |
| 24 x 18 in. | 15,520     | 48 x 30 in. | 4,356      |             |            |
| 24 x 24 in. | 10,890     | 48 x 36 in. | 3,630      |             |            |
| 30 x 1 in.  | 209,088    | 48 x 48 in. | 2,723      |             |            |
| 30 x 6 in.  | 34,848     | 60 x 36 in. | 2,901      |             |            |
| 30 x 12 in. | 17,424     | 60 x 48 in. | 2,178      |             |            |
| 30 x 16 in. | 13,068     | 60 x 60 in. | 1,743      |             |            |
| 30 x 20 in. | 10,454     | 8 x 1 ft.   | 5,445      |             |            |
| 30 x 24 in. | 8,712      | 8 x 3 ft.   | 1,815      |             |            |
| 30 x 30 in. | 6,970      | 8 x 8 ft.   | 680        |             |            |

Approximate Number of Feet of Row Per Acre at Given Distances

| Dis. between rows | Feet of row |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 18 in.            | 29,010      |
| 24 in.            | 21,758      |
| 30 in.            | 17,427      |
| 36 in.            | 14,526      |
| 42 in.            | 12,439      |
| 48 in.            | 10,853      |

# FERRY'S SEEDS Are Thoroughbreds of the Soil

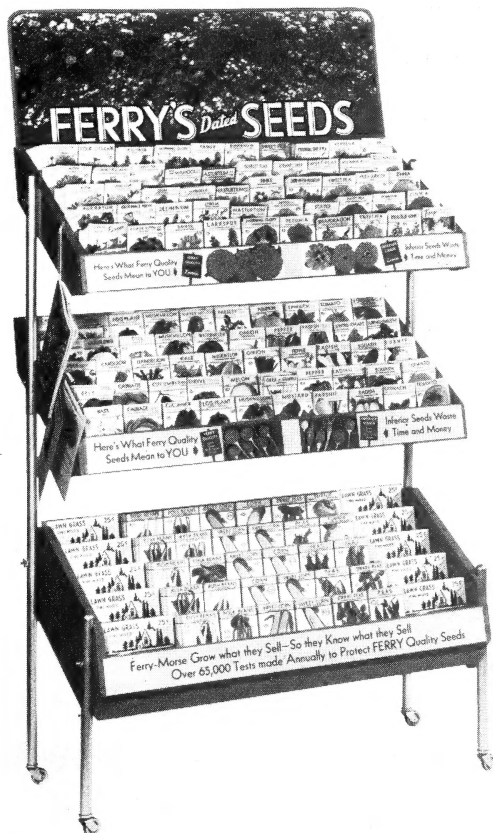


Offices and warehouses of FERRY-MORSE seeds in Detroit

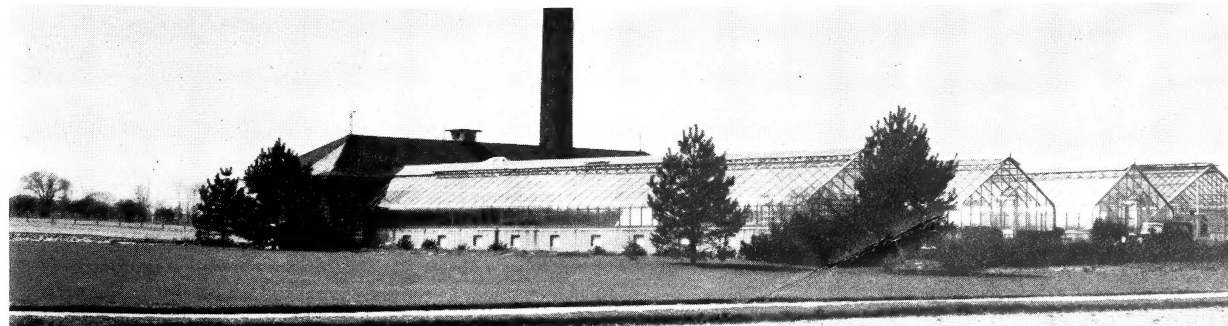


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*With Seed Breeding Stations in both California and Michigan, Ferry-Morse Seed Co. is able to test the adaptability of its stocks under widely varying conditions*



Part of the Ferry-Morse headquarters farm at San Juan Bautista near Hollister, California, showing several crops growing for seed



A portion of the Ferry-Morse Seed Breeding Station near Detroit, Michigan  
An onion seed crop in the foreground